TODAY'S WEATHER
AIR WITH LIGHT VARIABLE
WINDS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS
EDITION

L. 118. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 160. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 4, 1904.—TWELVE PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

AY OF FUNERALS OF THEATER FIRE VICTIMS IN CHICAGO
JAPAN HAS DECLARED WAR ACCORDING TO LONDON REPORT

NEWS SUMMARY

DOMESTIC.

The New York state banking superintendent scored a New York trust company for loaning money to Dresser and Nixon of the United States Shipbuilding Company.—Page 7.

Loss of lives resulted from the blizzard in the east.—Page 6.

Not enough hearses to bury Chicago fire victims.—Page 1.

Hebrews will hold a national convention in Philadelphia to plan to prevent a repetition of the Kishineff horror.—Page 2.

A car broke from a train on the Western Maryland railroad near Baltimore and rolled down the mountain. Two persons were killed and several were injured.—Page 1.

Incendiaries dynamited a hotel in New Jersey, injuring 30 persons, and others burned a building in New York.—Page 1.

FOREIGN.

An unconfirmed rumor prevailed in London last night that Japan had declared war.—Page 1.

Chinese warships are being made ready.—Page 1.

The Japanese government and people await developments.—Page 1.

PENNSYLVANIA.

A Protestant Episcopal church burned at Leechburg.—Page 5.

Waynesburg reported the temperature reached 16 degrees below zero.—Page 6.

Two plants have resumed in Beaver Falls and two will resume.—Page 2.

Kruger, the condemned murderer, at Greensburg, is trying to raise money for his own burial.—Page 2.

LOCAL.

Coldest day of the year yesterday, the mercury going to 1.1 degrees below zero.—Page 6.

Strain following Chicago disaster caused collapse of priest.—Page 6.

Young Republicans in the Sixth ward will name a straight party ticket.—Page 3.

Pastor C. T. Russell discourses on "Scriptural Evidence That the Millennium Is Near at Hand."—Page 10.

Samuel C. Grier, former delinquent tax collector of Allegheny, died suddenly.—Page 1.

City assessment shows increase of $5,000,000 in first five wards of city.—Page 6.

Suicide of two men attributed to drink.—Page 5.

Posse of boys captured desperate man who had stabbed his wife.—Page 12.

SPORTING.

Stewards expect to clear up doping mystery at New Orleans soon.—Page 7.

Another Pittsburgh player is wanted by outlaw organization.—Page 7.

Local players do well in American association.—Page 7.

THE WEATHER

Fair.

Fair today, warmer tomorrow, is the forecast of the Washington weather sharps. Yesterday was the coldest day of the winter, the minimum temperature being -1.1 degrees. The sun rose clear at 7:25 and set clear at 4:45. The report for yesterday, furnished by the local weather bureau, is as follows:

Time.	Baro.	Tem	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	30.40	Zero.	74	N. W.	Clear
8 p. m.	30.44	8	77	N. W.	Pt. Cldy

Comparative temperature and precipitation for January 3:

	1903	1902		1903	1902
Maximum	51	36	Mean	42	26
Minimum	35	17	Precipitation	.33	T

Max. tem., 3 pm	18	Dfcy. since Jan. 1	.42
Min. tem. 8:30 am.	*1.1	Nor. precip. 31 yrs.	.10
Mean temperature	6	Precip. for day	.03
Nor. tem. 31 yrs.	30	Dfcy. for day	.07
Dfcy. for day	24	Exc. since Jan. 1	.20
Dfcy. since Jan. 1	42	Exc. since Jan. 1	.20

*Below zero.

Government Weather Forecast.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Forecast:

West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania—Fair Monday. Tuesday, fair and warmer; light, variable winds.

Ohio—Fair Monday. Tuesday, increasing cloudiness, probably snow, with rising temperature; fresh west winds.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 o'clock last night:

Columbus	4	Clear	Indianapolis	10	Clear
Cincinnati	12	Clear	Kansas City	14	Clear
Chicago	8	Clear	Washington	12	Clear
St. Louis	12	Clear	Philadelphia	12	Clear
Omaha	10	Snow	Louisville	14	Clear
New York	8	Clear	Salt L. City	32	Cloudy
Cleveland	6	Clear	Denver	26	Clear
Buffalo	14	Cloudy	Galveston	40	PtCldy
St. Paul	*2	Clear	New Orleans	58	Cloudy

*Below zero.

Closing Time of Pittsburgh Mails.

New York—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Philadelphia—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30, p. m.

Baltimore—2:30, 6:30, 7:30 a. m.; 12:45, 6:00, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

Atlantic City—2:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:00, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

Buffalo—7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 10:15, 11:30 p. m.

Cleveland—3:30, 7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 11:30 p. m.

Cincinnati—1:30, 5:10, 8:30, 11:50 a. m.; 12:50, 7:45, 8:50 p. m.

Chicago—1:30, 8:30, 11:50 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

St. Louis—1:30, 5:10, 11:50 a. m.; 8:45 p. m.

St. Paul—3:20, 8:30, 11:50, a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

San Francisco—3:30, 8:30, 11:50 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

Denver—1:30, 8:30, 11:50 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

Boston—2:30, 7:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—"The Prince of Pilsen," musical comedy, 8:15 p. m.

ALVIN—Forbes Robertson and Gertrude Elliott in "The Light That Failed," 8:15 p. m.

NEW GRAND—The Christmas Pantomime "Babes in the Woods," 2 and 8 p. m.

[illegible]—Henry Lee and vaudeville, continuous performance, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

EMPIRE—"Hoity Toity," Weber & Fields' musical extravaganza, 8:15 p. m.

D[illegible]—James K. Hackett in "The Crown Prince," 8 p. m.

BIJOU—"A Desperate Chance," melodrama, 2 and 8 p. m.

CADEMY—The Utopians in variety and burlesque, 2 and 8 p. m.

QUESNE GARDEN—Skating, afternoon and evening.

EGHENY CARNEGIE MUSIC HALL—organ recital by H. P. Ecker, city organist, 8 p. m.

WERE NOT ENOUGH HEARSES TO BURY DEAD IN CHICAGO

THEATER OWNERS PREPARING CASE

Iroquois Proprietors Getting Ready to Face Possible Damage Suits.

ARE GATHERING IN WITNESSES

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, Jan. 3.—Facing the financial peril of damage suits for between $10,000,000 and $12,000,000 as the result of deaths and injuries in last Wednesday's theater horror, officials of the Iroquois Theater Company spent most of today in the Illinois theater, examining stage employes and members of the "Mr. Bluebeard, Jr." company; in short, preparing their own case for the inquest that will begin next Thursday.

Attorney Charles Hogan and another lawyer were present to interrogate witnesses and point out where the stories failed to agree. The gathering was in the office of Manager Will J. Davis. Manager Harry J. Powers of Powers' theater, who is a director in the Iroquois Theater Company, was also present during the entire proceedings. John R. Walsh, president of the Chicago National bank, called for a few minutes.

Until after 3 o'clock, when those members of the "Mr. Bluebeard, Jr.," company not under arrest departed for the east, the Illinois theater was the center of great activity. Cabs were used in numbers to bring the more than 50 persons whose testimony was desired. One result of the gathering was the preparation of a list of the Iroquois theater stage hands at the time of the fire. This list will be handed to Assistant Chief of Police Scheuttler tomorrow.

"We are all interested in the same end," said Will J. Davis, "seeking to place the blame for this catastrophe, as are the law's representatives. We are working in harmony, not trying to cover up anything. I know nothing of an attempt to destroy evidence by smashing or removing the skylights over the stage, as Attorney Jesse A. Joseph says he saw done."

Whether by intent or through an oversight, the Iroquois Theater Company was not incorporated. That leaves it, in the eye of the law, with the standing of a partnership. Every partner thereby became liable for all the debts and obligations, and any one who shared in the profits of the concern was a partner.

Who are these partners that thus, individually and collectively, have rendered themselves liable for the great item of $10,000,000 to $12,000,000 damages by the deaths and injuries in the Iroquois theater fire?

Much secrecy has been maintained as to their names, and they may not become known until a subpoena brings the company's books into court and discloses who were sharers in the theater's profits. The list was stated today to include the following: Klaw & Erlanger, theatrical managers; Nixon & Zimmerman, theatrical managers; John R. Walsh, president of the Chicago National bank; Will J. Davis, director, investing the money of his wife, Jesse Bartlett-Davis, the famous singer; Harry J. Powers, director, who is also manager of Powers' theater.

Whether these and other partners in the Iroquois Theater Company are ever called upon to pay a cent will depend on whether the law holds them responsible for the negligence that resulted in the fire disaster.

Officer Wounds Prisoner.

ALTOONA, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Constable George Gearinger probably fatally shot Edward Bart, at Sandy Ridge, today, while the latter was resisting arrest.

Many Funerals Postponed Because Facilities Were Lacking.

GRAVE DIGGERS BUSY

Cemetery Forces Kept at Work All Night—Hindered by Snow Storm.

FOUR MORE BODIES IDENTIFIED

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Chicago, Jan. 3.—Many corpses are lying at the homes of friends in this city tonight because the funeral facilities were entirely inadequate for the demands upon them today. This was the great burial day for the victims of the Iroquois fire. It seemed that hearses were wanted everywhere, and as a final conclusion many funerals were postponed until tomorrow. Not only were the resources of the undertakers exhausted in the demand for funeral cars and carriages, but the heavy snow of the last two days so greatly impeded travel that the difficulties of the day were enormously increased.

All of the cemeteries in Chicago are miles from the business center and residence districts, and with good weather and the streets in passable condition it is a matter of several hours to reach one of them. Today, when every hearse was in urgent demand, it required about twice as long to reach a cemetery as under normal conditions.

The cemeteries were compelled to keep men at work all through the night digging graves, and in some of the larger cemeteries they barely managed to make them with sufficient speed. At one time this afternoon 14 burials were in progress in Rose Hill cemetery, and all of them were the interments of victims of the fire.

Crowds Attended Funerals.

In the rooms of one undertaker on the South Side of the city, a fraternal organization held services over five members of their order at the same time, and all of them were buried side by side in Waldheim cemetery. The funeral services over the remains of Ella and Edyth Freckelton, sisters, were held in Boulevard hall, at Fifty-fifth and Halsted streets, fully 2,000 persons being in attendance, and 500 more stood outside in the biting wind until the funeral had departed for Oakwood cemetery.

In the home of the millionaire manufacturer, Ludwig Wolff, in Washington boulevard, was held the quadruple funeral of his daughter, Mrs. William H. Garn, and her three children. A crowd of more than 1,000 people surrounded the house, and the police were compelled to open a passageway for the pall-bearers.

A funeral conducted in a humble manner was held a few squares from the Wolff residence. It was that of Mrs. Mary W. Holst and her three children, all of whom died in the ill-fated second balcony. Fully as many people were around the small frame church in which this funeral was held as gathered outside the Wolff mansion and here, as in front of Mr. Wolff's residence, the police were compelled to open a passageway for the caskets as they were borne to the hearses.

Four More Bodies Identified.

These are but instances of what happened throughout the length and breadth of Chicago today. Multiply the funerals mentioned by 20 and a better idea can be had of this first Sabbath in the new year.

The list of dead was increased to 588 today, by the death of La Roy Rainbold, 4 years old, who was severely burned and died in St. Luke's hospital. Of the 10 bodies at the county morgue, four were identified today. They were: Mrs. Mary

Continued on Second Page, Third Column.

JAPS DECLARE WAR, 'TIS SAID

Unconfirmed Report Was Current in London Last Night.

CHINESE GET READY

Russian Vessels Ordered to Stay in French Waters—Unrest at Tokyo.

RUSSIAN ILL-WILL FOR AMERICA

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

London, Jan. 3.—A rumor, unconfirmed and unconfirmable, is abroad in Fleet street tonight that Japan has declared war. According to Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister, the situation remains unchanged.

Within a few days the cruisers Kasaga and Nissin, formerly the Morono and Rivadavia respectively, which were bought by the Japanese government from the government of Argentine and which were built at Genoa, will be formally delivered to Japan. Immediately on their delivery the Japanese flag will be run up, and the Japanese legation hopes thereby to avoid any objections on the part of the Italian government regarding the sailing of the cruisers should hostilities commence before they are ready to put to sea.

The Associated Press learns that no little excitement prevails among the officers of the British home squadron, who are under the impression that they may at any moment be ordered to replace the channel squadron, which would be sent to the Mediterranean should the government deem it advisable to strengthen its naval forces in the far east.

English Navy Is Preparing.

In the home squadron, which is usually regarded as a reserve and training unit of the navy, all leaves of absence have been stopped. Extra supplies of ammunition have been taken on board and the men and ships are kept in a state of alertness such as has not existed for years.

Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister, says he assumed that the marine engineers from the Clyde who have left for Japan have been engaged for the transport fleet, though the minister says he has no definite knowledge of the circumstances of their departure.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 3.—Chinese cruisers here are preparing for active service. They are taking on board ammunition and supplies. They will remain here for orders.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—The Russian warships here have been ordered to postpone their departure from French waters.

TOKYO, Jan. 3.—War with Russia is regarded as unavoidable, and the press is urging the immediate opening of hostilities. All of the banks are withholding funds, and it is believed that this is the result of official instructions.

Japs Ready to Fight.

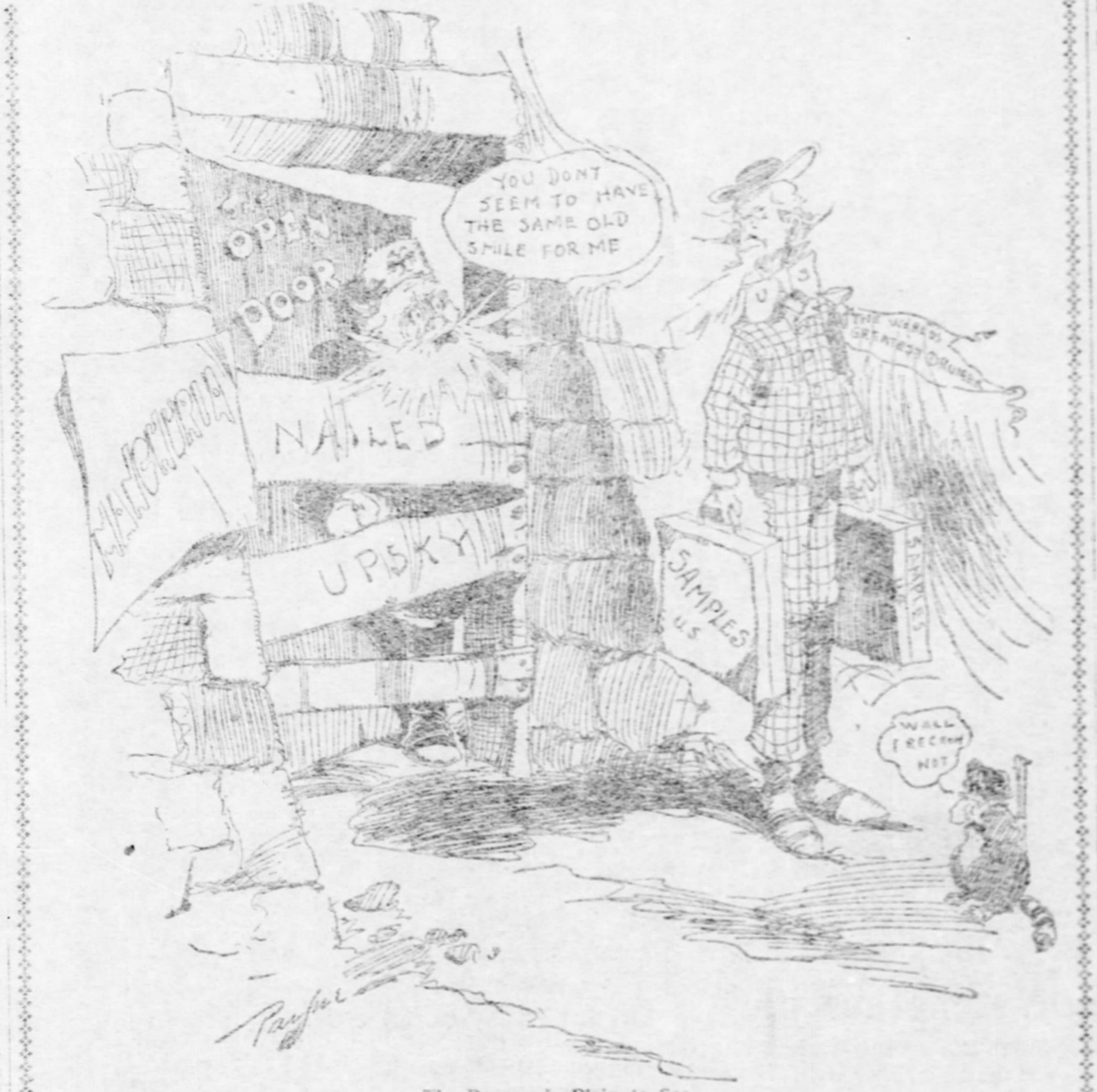
The government has completed and perfected arrangements for the transportation of troops and supplies and the people calmly await developments. The continued dissemination of optimistic views from Berlin causes genuine surprise and regret here.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 3.—Diplomatic circles confidently expect that the Russian answer to the Japanese proposals will be handed to the Japanese foreign office by Baron de Rosen, Russian ambassador to Japan, within a very few days, and do not expect grave results to follow.

In other quarters the conciliatory attitude of both governments inspires belief that the answer will pave the way to further negotiations if, indeed, it does not directly lead to a pacific settlement of the trouble.

The characteristic note in the press to-

Continued on Second Page, Sixth Column.



The Reason Is Plain to See.

INCENDIARIES USE DYNAMITE AND FIRE

Hotel Blown Up in Jersey and 30 People Hurt—Building Burned in New York.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WOODBRIDGE, N. J., Jan. 3.—An explosion wrecked the hotel and hall of Joseph Galaida and more or less seriously injured 30 persons at Keasbey, four miles from here, today while the St. John's Benevolent society was celebrating its anniversary by a dance. There were about 500 in the hall and one of the two exits was closed by the wreckage. The people became panic-stricken and fought to get out, many being trampled on and seriously injured.

Galaida was burned about the head and face. His wife was thrown against the ceiling and fell unconscious to the floor. Miss Gertrude Ellen had one eye destroyed, her nose broken and her jaw dislocated. She may not recover. Michael Ponger had his right arm torn off at the elbow.

It is believed that someone with a grievance against Galaida or the society used dynamite. The walls of the building were blown apart and it may collapse at any time.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The greater part of the building at the southwest corner of Broadway and Leonard street was destroyed by an incendiary fire tonight. The firemen found holes newly bored in five different points in the stairs, cotton waste soaked in kerosene in the holes, kindling wood saturated with kerosene in the corners and oil spilled here and there. The damage is variously estimated from $75,000 to $125,000. No one was hurt and no one was arrested.

CAR ROLLS DOWN MOUNTAIN; TWO PASSENGERS ARE KILLED

Broken Rail Causes Derailment of Coaches, on Western Maryland Railroad, Near Baltimore.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

BALTIMORE, Jan. 3.—A broken rail caused the derailment of three cars of an eastbound passenger train on the Western Maryland railroad today, causing the death of two persons and the serious injury of a number of other passengers and trainmen, the number of injured being placed at 20. The "ladies'" coach, which was the last of the train, rolled over and over down the mountain side, a distance of 80 feet, and landed bottom upward. The accident occurred near Blue Mountain House station, 15 miles east of Hagerstown, Md.

The dead:

KATHERINE SENER, 8 years old, daughter of a Baltimore newspaper man. Died in the arms of the conductor after being taken from the wrecked car.

UNKNOWN WOMAN, so wedged in the wreckage that her dead body is unrecognizable; thought to be Mrs. E. E. Roy or Foy of Philadelphia; about 35 years of age.

The injured:

MRS. SENER, mother of the dead child, seriously, and it is feared, fatally injured.

HER SON, 5 years old, also seriously injured.

The train, consisting of five cars and engine, was bowling along up the steep grade at about 15 miles an hour when the accident occurred. All except the ladies' car passed safely over the broken rail. The baggage car and smoker were pulled from the track by the rear coach, but did not go over the bank. Relief trains took the dead and injured to Hagerstown or to their homes along the line of the railroad. The tracks have been repaired.

WILMERDING MAN SHOT.

Receives Fatal Wound While Trying to Escape from an Officers at Bellaire, O.

BELLAIRE, O., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—John Carmany of Wilmerding, Pa., was fatally shot in the stomach tonight by Officer Good and is in a dying condition at the Wheeling city hospital. Carmany had been drinking and was disorderly in the afternoon. He provoked a quarrel with Louis Baker, drew a gun on his father and brutally beat the boy.

When the officer came he left a deputy in charge of Carmany while he searched for another man who was implicated, and Carmany escaped. Good saw him running down the road and gave chase. Carmany had two revolvers and snapped them at Good, but they failed to go off. Good then shot him through the stomach.

PRIMATE RUMOR DENIED.

Vatican Disclaims Any Plan to Establish New Office in America.

ROME, Jan. 3.—The report circulated in the United States that a meeting of the American hierarchy of the Catholic church would be held in Washington, January 31, for the purpose of discussing the project of creating a primate in the United States probably originated from the rumor that the pope was considering the congestion of work at the vatican and that he desired to put into execution some form of decentralization of this work.

The vatican authorities, however, disclaim any such plan has been contemplated and they add that the primates, even after their institution in the sixth century, exercised merely nominal powers and were not considered satisfactory.

Beaver Falls Plants Resume.

BEAVER FALLS, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The Union drawn steel works, employing 800 men, resumed operations Saturday. The American ax and tool works, employing 500 men, will resume work Monday. The Myers shovel works employing 250 men, will also resume tomorrow. The Co-Operative glass works was put into full operation at midnight tonight. About 1,500 men are benefited.

CANAL TREATY SAFE.

Democratic Opposition Has Disappeared During the Holiday Recess.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—On the eve of the reassembling of congress there is a distinct feeling of confidence among the friends of the administration in the senate that the Panama canal treaty will be ratified without much difficulty. The Democrats are expected to confine their opposition to speeches outlining their objections to the attitude of the administration toward Colombia and the new republic of Panama, but distinctly stating that they are not opposed to a canal.

President Roosevelt will send a message to the senate tomorrow on the Panama situation, and it is expected to give the friends of the treaty new courage and new arguments in favor of ratification. The action of the Louisiana legislature in instructing the senators of that state to vote for the treaty, and the belief that other southern senators have been urged by their constituents not to do anything to block a canal, has changed the situation from what it was when congress adjourned for the holidays.

KNOXVILLE CAR WRECKED.

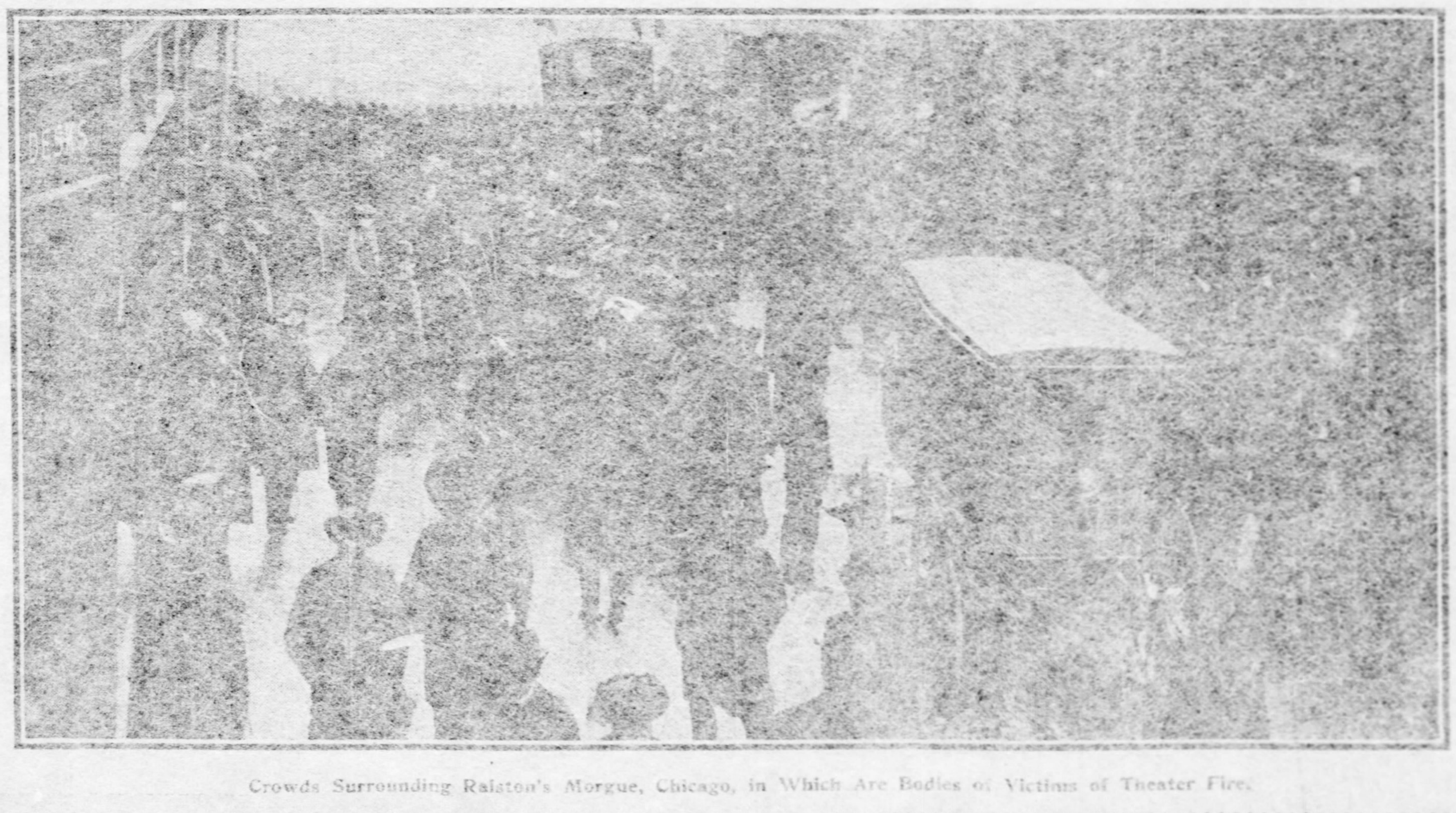
Runs Backwards Down Brownsville Avenue and Strikes an Iron Post.

A car on the Knoxville branch of the Hilltop traction line ran away at 11:25 o'clock last night near the Knox school house. It was reported that two women passengers were injured. Their names could not be learned.

A controller on the car burned out on the way up Brownsville avenue. The car went backward down the hill and, striking a derailing switch, ran into an iron post at the curb. The front end of the car was damaged. Another car of the same line had a similar accident four days ago.

Russian Warships Sail.

ORAN, ALGERIA, Jan. 3.—The Russian battleship Emperor Nicholas I. and the torpedo boat destroyer Aubek have sailed for China.



Crowds Surrounding Ralston's Morgue, Chicago, in Which Are Bodies of Victims of Theater Fire.

S. C. GRIER DIES SUDDENLY

Former Prominent Allegheny Official Succumbs to Heart Disease.

LEADER IN POLITICS

Refused Recordership and Was Delinquent Tax Collector for Many Years.

DIED WORTH HALF MILLION

Samuel Campbell Grier, for many years a prominent city official and politician of Allegheny, died suddenly yesterday morning at 2:30 o'clock at his new residence, 1120 Shady avenue, Pittsburgh, after an illness of only a week's duration. Death was due to heart failure superinduced by tonsilitis. On Saturday it was announced that Mr. Grier was greatly improved and that he would speedily recover, but shortly after midnight he had an attack of heart disease, to which he was frequently subject.

The news of his sudden death was a shock to Mr. Grier's many friends in the two cities, particularly in Allegheny, where he was best known. Former Recorder John R. Murphy, who was one of Mr. Grier's closest business, political and personal associates, received a message by telephone yesterday morning announcing the fatal and unexpected termination of Mr. Grier's illness. Mr. Murphy stated that he had made an arrangement on Saturday to visit Mr. Grier some time this week to talk over some business matters in which both were interested.

Samuel C. Grier.

"Sam Grier was a big-hearted and liberal man, a far-sighted business man, and one of the shrewdest political managers," said the former recorder. "I knew him from boyhood, both of us attending the Third ward public schools together, and for more than 10 years we were associated intimately in politics in Allegheny."

Worth Half a Million.

Mr. Murphy said Mr. Grier was a wealthy man and that his estate was estimated at about $500,000. He said Mr. Grier had accumulated his money by keen perception of business chances and his ability in promoting enterprises.

Mr. Grier was a brother of James A. Grier, postmaster of Allegheny. He was born March 10, 1851, in South Canal street, Fourth ward, Allegheny. His father was David A. Grier, who conducted a grocery store in Liberty avenue. He began his career as an errand boy for a drygoods store in Lawrenceville. At 13 he was a clerk in an Allegheny coal office, and at 18 he started in the coal business for himself. He remained in the coal business for 10 years, until 1879, when he was elected water assessor.

When holding the position of water assessor of the North Side he gained his first important political victory, which was one of the most hotly contested of his political career. James Lindsay was a candidate for select council of Allegheny against Hugh Fleming, and Grier managed Lindsay's campaign, with the result that Lindsay was elected on the third ballot. In 1885 he resigned the position of water assessor to become chief clerk in the office of the county clerk of courts under David McKnight.

Tax Collector 14 Years.

He held this position until 1888, when he was elected delinquent tax collector of Allegheny. He served in this position continuously until the latter part of 1902, when he resigned in favor of his chief clerk and confidential friend, John G. Hastings. Mr. Grier resigned the office to enter the brokerage business with his brother-in-law, Chester T. Hoag, in the Peoples Bank building. The brokerage business was not entirely congenial to Mr. Grier, and in April, 1903, he dissolved partnership with Mr. Hoag to devote his time wholly to his many other business interests.

Mr. Grier was president of the Park and Falls street railway company of Youngstown, O., interested in which also are John R. Murphy, Robert McAfee, and other former Allegheny public officials. Mr. Grier organized a company of Alleghenians to purchase the line in Youngstown, and the company extended the line to 12 acres of land on the outskirts of the city, which was converted into a park and summer pleasure ground with vaudeville and other park amusements, which then were an innovation in Youngstown. Mr. Grier was also president of the Columbia Plate Glass Company, of the Consolidated Valley Water Company of Avalon and Bellevue, and of the Pittsburgh Vein Coal Company. He was also a director he Second National Bank of Allegheny of the National Fire Proofing Com- ny.

Prominent Quay Leader.

For a number of years, when William Flinn and the late C. L. Magee conducted an insurrection against the state leadership of Senator M. S. Quay, Mr. Grier was one of the conspicuous Quay leaders in Allegheny county. Mr. Grier, John R. Murphy and Robert McAfee were the recognized Quay leaders of the county, and for years these three leaders composed a triumvirate that was regarded as almost invincible in Allegheny county politics.

The last notable political victory in which Mr. Grier participated was the famous Kopp-Neeb and Simon-Andrews campaign of 1900, in which ex-Senator William H. Andrews was defeated in his aspiration to become the leader of Allegheny county politics by entering the state legislature soon after removing from Crawford county. In that campaign Grier, McAfee and Murphy were pitted against Andrews, Simon and Mayor James G. Wyman.

Soon after the election of Kopp and Neeb, Grier was the first to announce that they would support M. S. Quay for re-election to the United States senate, and in the close fight that followed he was largely instrumental in procuring their votes and others of the Allegheny county delegation for Quay.

Refused Allegheny Recordership.

The most signal recognition of Mr. Grier's ability and popularity as a political leader occurred soon after the passage of the ripper bill, when Mayor Wyman was ousted from office. Gov. W. A. Stone offered him the position of recorder, but the office was not suited to the tastes of Mr. Grier, who also wished to avoid an estrangement with John R. Murphy, who was an aspirant for the place.

The ripper act had abolished the delinquent tax office and the North Side tangle was finally unraveled by the appointment of Murphy to the recordership and the amending of the new charter bill to re-establish the position of delinquent tax office for Grier. This resulted in the offices also being re-established in the cities of Pittsburgh and Scranton.

Mr. Grier was married in June, 1895, to Miss Harriet Hoey of Allegheny. He is survived by his widow and two children, Harriett, aged 8, and Eleanor, aged 5; also by two brothers and three sisters, Postmaster James A. Grier of Allegheny, Robert Grier of Blairsville, Pa.; Mrs. T. S. Porter of Wilmington, Del.; Mrs. J. J. Buchanan of East End, Pittsburgh, and Miss Mary Grier of Allegheny.

A few months ago Mr. Grier completed a fine residence, costing $100,000, in Shady avenue, East End, and he removed from Allegheny. Previously he resided in North avenue, Allegheny. He owned a fine farm in Ohio, and in recent years spent every summer there. He was a member of the Trinity Episcopal church, Pittsburgh. He belonged to no secret society. The funeral will take place Tuesday.

BOY IS KIDNAPED BY ECCENTRIC FRENCHMAN

Had Youths Banded Together Under Name of Brothers of Red Cross.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Leaving behind him a strange narrative of his own boyhood experience as a slave in foreign lands, Jean Michel, or Michaels, an eccentric Frenchman, who lived at 6 Jones street, is charged with having kidnaped Samuel Scher, the 10-year-old son of Morris Scher, of the same address, on Saturday. No trace of either has yet been found. Detectives from the central office and from the Charles Street police station were assigned to the case today.

After the disappearance it was learned that Michaels had banded together about 20 boys in the neighborhood of Jones and West Fourth streets under the name of the Brothers of the Red Cross, and that he would have them meet him in an unfinished building near there at night and lecture them on how to become good men.

FRANK A. PARKER.

CRAZED BY DEAD BODY.

Buffalo ex-Convict Shoots Himself After Murdering His Wife.

BUFFALO, Jan. 3.—When the police forced open the door of Joseph Koehler's home in Gettra street this evening to arrest him on a petty charge they found him lying on the floor with a bullet in his neck. In another room was the body of his wife, Annie, 30 years old. At the hospital, Koehler said he and his wife quarreled Saturday morning. She struck him with a poker and he knocked her down with a flatiron, after which he cut her throat with a razor. He remained in the house all day Saturday, fearing to go out because his clothing was covered with blood. The sight of his wife's body crazed him, and late Saturday night he shot himself in the neck with a revolver. It is probable he will die before morning.

Koehler was recently released from Auburn prison, where he spent a term for horse stealing.

COL. T. C. CAMPBELL SAID TO BE DYING

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The Ward line steamer Orizaba, which arrived today from south side Cuban ports via Nassau, brought as passengers Capt. George B. Campbell, master and owner of the crew of seven men of the auxiliary yacht Roamer, which was wrecked at Rum Cay, Bahamas, on December 10. Col. T. C. Campbell, Capt. Campbell's father, who was on board the Roamer when she was wrecked, was also a passenger on the Orizaba and is in a critical condition, suffering from exposure and shock at the time the Roamer was wrecked. Col. Campbell was taken to a hospital, said to be in a dying condition. When the Roamer was wrecked, according to Capt. Campbell, the natives looted the boat of everything, even to clothing and personal effects.

Sick Man Robbed of $187.

BEAVER FALLS, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Sherman Lutton, a restaurant keeper, while walking down street last night suddenly became ill and was carried into the office of the burgess by several men. He states that one of the men said: "I will take care of his pocketbook. He might lose it." Lutton was too weak to protest and the man, whom he does not know, secured $187. Later the burgess came in and assisted Lutton to his home and the men got away.

Laundrymen Organize.

GREENSBURG, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The Inter-County Laundrymen's association was organized here yesterday by the election of the following officers: President, A. R. Young of Latrobe; vice president, F. O. Goodwin of Connellsville; secretary, James E. Laughrey of Greensburg; treasurer, J. K. Robinson of Greensburg. Laundry interests of Westmoreland, Fayette and Indiana counties are represented for the purpose of regulating prices.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived Jan. 3.

NEW YORK—Californian, from Seattle, Tacoma and San Francisco; St. Louis, from Southampton and Cherbourg.

LIZARD—Zeeland, from New York for Antwerp.

Sailed Jan 3.

NEW YORK—Philadelphia, for Plymouth and Southampton; Etruria, for Queenstown and Liverpool; Bluecher, for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

BOULOGNE—Statendam, from Rotterdam for New York.

QUEENSTOWN—Umbria, from Liverpool for New York.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher

THEATER TO BE TESTED FOR FIRE

Sheep and Rabbits to Compose Audience for Experimental Purposes.

GOVERNMENT TO PAY COST

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 3.—The Chicago theater fire has stirred up the Russian commission appointed some time ago to investigate and report on the protection of audiences from fire, and at a meeting held yesterday they determined on the most sensational series of experiments ever undertaken in order to gain the knowledge they seek.

They are going to build an experimental theater, in which they will place an audience of animals—sheep and rabbits probably—and they will in this theater institute a series of tests, culminating in its destruction by fire and the sacrifice of the animals, in order to get the facts they deem necessary for an adequate study of the protection of audiences.

The government is bearing the expense of the experiments, and they are to be carried out without considering the cost. The theater is to have its due proportion of inflammable furniture, galleries, seats, scenery, drop curtains, etc., and is to be provided with an asbestos curtain.

Fires will be started on the stage, in the wings and in the flies, and an effort will be made to imitate the great theater fires of the world.

A large fire department will be in attendance to see that the conflagration goes no further than is necessary for the purpose of each experiment until the last, when the structure will be allowed to burn with all the animals that do not escape by the regular exits.

The proportion of such escapes will be computed and filed with the rest of the statistics and data that will be obtained.

MILITARY FUNERAL FOR GEN. LONGSTREET

Sons of His Old Soldiers to Fire Salute, and Military Organizations Will Attend.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

GAINESVILLE, GA., Jan. 3.—The funeral of Gen. James Longstreet will be held here Tuesday. All naval and military organizations of the city will attend in a body. Comrades in arms of the distinguished dead will act as pallbearers, and over the grave in Alta Vista cemetery sons of Gen. Longstreet's soldiers will fire a salute.

The interment will be with full military honors. The last rites will be conducted according to the ritual of the Catholic church, of which Gen. Longstreet was a member.

Among the honorary pallbearers will be Gov. J. M. Terrell of Georgia, Mayor Evan P. Howell of Atlanta, Gen. John B. Gordon and former Gov. Alden D. Candler.

QUIET MEETING EXPECTED.

Dreyfuss Says All Differences Will Be Amicably Ajusted at Cincinnati.

President Barney Dreyfuss of the Pittsburgh club passed through this city last night from New York on his way to Cincinnati where he will attend a meeting of the National baseball commission today. President Ban Johnson of the American league left Chicago yesterday for Cincinnati, said a special telegram to The Gazett last night. Dreyfuss said he looked for a harmonious gathering and all the differences would be settled to the satisfaction of all concerned. President Harry Pulliam of the National league is at present in the south, but he will be on the scene, too.

A Detroit special says President Dreyfuss is responsible for the blocking of the sale of Jimmy Burke to that club. The special follows: Dreyfuss has blocked the negotiations for the purchase of Burke from the St. Louis Nationals by putting in a claim for the third baseman. Of course, he has no use for Burke, and even he hasn't the cheek to say that he may make a place for him by benching or selling Leach. Equally, of course, his purpose is to prevent an American club from strengthening a position. He is not to be blamed for that. His recent experience with an American league club and the experience of his associate magnates, has shown him that the American clubs are too strong already.

NEW MONROE DOCTRINE.

Jap Says His Nation Will Fight to Enforce the Policy in the Far East.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Declaring his belief that war between Japan and Russia is inevitable, M. Otagawa, a wealthy mine owner of Japan, who is at the Albemarle hotel, said tonight that Japan would fight, not for territorial aggrandizement, but to enforce the Monroe doctrine, as it were, of the far east.

"We shall be fighting for you in the United States, and for other peoples quite as much as for ourselves, if we are driven into this war," he said. "If we have to fight, it will be for justice, not for what we might gain from such a war. We have maintained with you that Manchuria and Korea shall be kept open to the trade of all nations, and we will fight, if we have to, to maintain our position."

APPEALED TO THE POPE.

Prince Frederick of Schoenburg-Waldenburg Wants His Marriage Annuled.

ROME, Jan. 3.—Prince Frederick of Schoenburg-Waldenburg has sent a lawyer to the vatican who will present a petition to the pope asking for the annulment of the marriage of the prince with the Princess Alice, daughter of Don Carlos, the pretender to the Spanish throne. The prince's petition will say that the infidelity of the princess has been proven.

At the same time Prince Frederick sent to the pope as a New Year's present a gold watch decorated with brilliants. The pope has sent his thanks to the prince, but he says that he will not wear the watch but will continue to use the nickel one which he bought when he was a parish priest.

CONNELL TO CONTEST FOR SEAT IN CONGRESS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—William Connell of Scranton, Pa., is here with his attorneys and tomorrow his contest for the seat in congress from the Tenth Pennsylvania district will come before the committee on elections. Mr. Connell was a candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket, but on the face of the returns George Howell, Democrat, was elected by 481 majority. Mr. Connell claims, however, that the Democratic majority was obtained by fraud and that he was really entitled to a majority of from 2,000 to 4,000.

BURT MAKES STATEMENT ABOUT HIS RESIGNATION

OMAHA, NEB., Jan. 3.—In an interview with Horace G. Burt today he made the following statement: "My resignation as president of the Union Pacific railroad was entirely of my own volition, and for purely personal reasons. The statements that have gone out through the press to the effect that I resigned because of friction between E. H. Harriman, chairman of the board of directors of the Union Pacific, and myself, is absolutely untrue and without any foundation whatever."

Death of Dr. Edward James Stilley.

Dr. Edward James Stilley of Hays borough died last night. He was the son of the late Dr. J. B. Stilley and was born in Bethel township 44 years ago. He graduated at the West Penn medical college and practiced medicine in Hays borough 13 years. Dr. Stilley was a member of the Homestead lodge of Masons. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Hattie B. Livingston, and a son 9 years old. The funeral services will be held at the house at 10 a. m. Wednesday and the burial will be in the Bethel cemetery.

A Sunday Newspaper of Which Pittsburghers Are Wont to Boast

The Pittsburgher at home is usually too busy doing things to find much time to talk about them. But the Pittsburgher abroad is never troubled with modesty concerning his city. On the contrary, he is ever ready to maintain the superiority of Pittsburgh and all things that are hers. And if the subject under discussion happens to be newspapers your true Pittsburgher waxes enthusiastic and invariably clinches his argument by triumphant reference to The Sunday Gazette as the most advanced Sunday newspaper both in scope and form that is published anywhere.

Yesterday's issue of The Sunday Gazette fully justifies the enthusiasm of its readers regarding this greatest of Sunday newspapers. A few of the more interesting features in the editorial section are "Old Times In Pennsylvania" by Col. A. K. McClure; "Israel, the Martyr Nation," by Felix L. Oswald; "To Manufacture Gold" by Ralph Melvin Hunter; "The Japanese Soldier" by L. N. Schuyler, and "The Radium Cure For Cancer" by Cyril Burton. Among the many interesting things in the news sections are Sam F. Luty's "Review of the Labor Troubles of 1903," and A. F. Collins' description of a German railroad which has already attained a speed of 130 miles an hour and upon which 200 miles an hour is considered one of the possibilities of the near future. The famous wit and satirist, John Kendrick Bangs, contributes an entertaining article in which The Genial Idiot suggests a plan for the relief of the millionaire. The Home Journal section is particularly rich in fiction, among other good stories being "The Convalescence of Mademoiselle" by Kate Masterson; "For Purely Selfish Reasons" by Dorothy Castle; "When The Partridge Rose" by Sidney H. Cole and "A Message For Madame" by Izola L. Forrester, and "Delaney's Graft" by R. B. Shelton. Other splendid features are "The Duchess and Her Stage Prototype," "Concerning Hospitality" by The Lady Helen Forbes; "The Pittsburgh Girl on the Stage" and, of course, Mistress Pepys.

NOT ENOUGH HEARSES TO BURY DEAD IN CHICAGO

Continued from First Page.

A. Fair, Sadie Ludwig, Dorothy Lemenager, 13 years; Emma Reynolds, 7 years.

The injured now number 103 of whom there is any record, although the number of those who were hurt slightly would swell this number greatly.

John Schmidt, the stagehand who is said to have left open the reflector which prevented the asbestos curtain from descending, is still sought by the police. He is believed to be in hiding in the city, but the chief of police received an intimation from his friends that Schmidt will be ready when he is wanted as a witness at the coroner's inquest next Thursday.

Beginning at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning Coroner Traeger and the jury impaneled to sit at the inquest will resume its task of collecting evidence in the theater building. An exhaustive examination of the building will be made, and particular attention will be paid to any violations of the building ordinances that may be found.

THEATERS CANNOT OPEN UNTIL LAW IS OBEYED

Mayor Harrison Makes Emphatic Announcement About Chicago Play Houses.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—"No theater will be allowed to open its doors again until the last letter of the ordinance—every item and iota—has been complied with. So far as I am concerned and can say, every suggestion of the building ordinance relating to theaters must be followed."

Mayor Carter H. Harrison tonight in vigorous words, and with vehement gesture, thus announced a program that on the instant dashed the hopes of several theater managers that they would be able to resume performances in their respective playhouses within a day or two.

The most striking feature of the mayor's proclamation was its application to playhouses which are not bounded on three sides by streets or alleys. Resumption of business in such buildings, therefore, becomes an impossibility unless the common council takes upon itself the responsibility of suspending the provisions of the building ordinance, at least as to the boundary clause. Reconstruction of theaters thus affected is the alternative.

"The ordinance requires that the alleys be 12 feet wide," said Mayor Harrison, "and a tunnel or other substitute for one of the alleys would in no sense improve the situation as to observance of the law.

"Some of the theaters, however, will not be compelled to remain closed for a long period," continued the mayor. "The Auditorium, for instance, lacks only sprinklers over the stage, a fire alarm box inside the theater and a few appliances that could be easily placed, since it already has a rolling steel curtain. But, of course, many of the other playhouses of the city could not make the needed changes so readily."

FIRE CAUSED PANIC AT CHICAGO FUNERAL

Mourners Rushed from the Church When First Alarm Was Sounded.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—A serious panic occurred this afternoon at the funeral of Miss Carrie Sayers, one of the victims of the fire. One of the services was in progress in the South Chicago Congregational church at Seventy-seventh street and Saginaw avenue, in the suburb of South Chicago, and the building was filled with the friends and relatives of the girl. A fire broke out three doors from the church and the first intimation of the fact was conveyed to the people in the church by a cry of "fire" in the street.

Chicago gatherings are somewhat nervous at this time on the subject of fire, and it needed but the one shout to bring all the people to their feet, and many of them started for the door. Policemen O'Keefe and Peterson, who were stationed in the church, called out to the people that there was no danger, and urged them to resume their seats. Their advice was not heeded, however; the pall bearers went to the side of the casket and stood in readiness to remove it, and the family of the dead girl prepared to leave. Suddenly a cloud of smoke came in through the open door, and the sight and smell maddened the people in an instant.

The two officers barely had time to swing the doors open, when the rush came. This was all that saved a severe crush and probable loss of life, as the crowd plunged through the doorways. When the street was reached and it was seen that there was no cause for alarm the greater part of the people returned to the church and the services were finished. Nobody was injured in the panic.

FIVE ZANESVILLE VICTIMS BROUGHT HOME FOR BURIAL

ZANESVILLE, O., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The remains of Zanesville's five victims of the Chicago fire were placed in the receiving vault of the Woodlawn cemetery today. The remains and the accompanying relatives arrived here this morning. At 9 o'clock the funeral party started for the Putnam Presbyterian church, the first hearse containing the remains of Mrs. Howard Merriam. Following this hearse were two black hearses driven side by side containing the remains of Mrs. Mattie Rankin and Mrs. Stewart Devol. Then came two white hearses, side by side, with the remains of little Louise Rankin and little Sarah Devol. The services were conducted by the Rev. George Dickinson, the pastor, assisted by the Rev. Frank W. Hope, rector of St. James' Episcopal church.

"Mr. Bluebeard" Company Going East.

The remaining members of the "Mr. Bluebeard" company, which was playing at the Iroquois theater, Chicago, at the time of the disaster, will pass through Pittsburgh at 7:50 o'clock this morning. The company, 150 strong, left Chicago last night on its way to New York, where it will probably disband.

RUSSIA TELLS CHINA SHE WILL HOLD MANCHURIA

Chinese Ruler Orders Army to Aid Japan—King Edward Works for Peace.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Chefoo correspondent of the Morning Post cables as follows:

"Under the impression that the laying of the foundations of the Standard Oil Company's new premises here was a bluff designed to cover the erection of a fort, Russia sent a cruiser to investigate the matter. The officers landed and took measurements, after which they proceeded to Port Arthur. In well informed circles it is alleged that Russia covets Chefoo."

The Daily Telegraph's Tokyo correspondent says:

"Russia has sent a further reply to Japan. I understand it is of a non-committal character, making merely for delay."

The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Shanghai asserts that the wai wu pu, or Chinese foreign board, has received a definite communication from St. Petersburg to the effect that Russia intends to retain Manchuria.

The Standard's Tien-Tsin correspondent says that as a result of Japan's inquiries as to China's attitude in the event of war, it is stated that the throne has issued secret orders to Chinese troops to assist the Japanese. It is proposed that a Chinese army of 40,000 men under Japanese officers would in that case proceed to the Liao-Tung peninsula.

The Daily Graphic claims to have the highest authority to deny that Germany has entered into any understanding with Russia or any other power affecting her neutrality in the event of a Russo-Japanese war.

The Daily Mail is authority for the statement that King Edward greatly admires the Japanese and is using every effort in the direction of peace.

RAISING MONEY FOR HIS OWN BURIAL

Kruger, the Condemned Murderer, Does Not Want His Body Given to Anatomical Society.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

GREENSBURG, PA., Jan. 3.—An application for a respite for Charles E. Kruger, the murderer of Constable Henry Foster Bierer of Greensburg, will not be made, and Sheriff John H. Trescher is making the preliminary arrangements for his execution on Thursday, January 14. Since learning that he must go to the gallows on the day set he has been in particularly surly humor. He has threatened to starve himself. He complains of the restriction placed over him. He says that he will "call down" Sheriff Trescher, even if he has to shout his denunciations through the black cap. Every precaution is being taken to prevent suicide, three guards being employed.

Yesterday his brother, William Betofsky of Detroit, visited him, but left without making any arrangements for the disposition of the murderer's body. Kruger objects to having his body sent to the State Anatomical society. He recently consulted a local undertaker and learned that it would cost, approximately, $80 to bury his body in a Greensburg cemetery. He has received $30 from the sale of his photographs and hopes to realize as much more to provide for his burial here. He has refused all aid from his family.

On New Year's day he received a $2 bill from his mother, but he would not accept it, and directed that it be returned to her in East Liverpool, O. He claims the cruelty of his father toward him in his youth is responsible for his occupying a murderer's cell. Sheriff Trescher has received applications from 3,000 persons to witness the execution. One thousand passes have been issued and all additional requests for admission to the jail on the day of the execution will be refused.

FORMER SHARON WOMAN VICTIM OF CHICAGO FIRE

SHARON, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Word was received here today of the finding of the body of Mrs. Bella Strawbridge, one of the victims of the Chicago fire horror. Mrs. Strawbridge was the daughter of the late Daniel Hammond, a former Sharon business man. She was married to Alfred Strawbridge, who died 16 years ago. She and her daughter, Maude, went to Chicago to reside. They attended the play at the Iroquois theater and when the fire occurred the daughter succeeded in making her escape. The remains will be brought to Sharon for burial.

AUTHORITIES PREVENT AN ATTACK ON JEWS

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 3.—A semi-official dispatch from Urmia, Persia, reports that an attack on Jews which had been planned by the Persian population was frustrated by the energetic intervention of the Russian vice consul. The ringleaders were arrested.

Funeral of Wreck Victim.

SOMERSET, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The body of T. R. Carrigan, killed in the wreck near here Thursday evening, was buried at Meyersdale this evening. The railroad company sent a special train carrying several hundred persons from this city. A suit for damages will be brought against the company. The engine which caused the fatal wreck made its first trip from the Connellsville shops and it is claimed the pony truck was not properly fastened.

Church Contributes to Butler.

The First United Presbyterian church of Bellevue has raised $120 for the Butler relief fund. It will be forwarded at once.

New Smallpox Cases.

Smallpox cases reported yesterday were: John J. Reilly of 5224 Finance street, and William Smith of the rear of 318 Gazzam street.

DIED.

STILLEY—On Sunday, January 3, 1904, at 11:15 p. m., DR. E. J. STILLEY, husband of H. B. Stilley (nee Livingston), in his 44th year.

Funeral services on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock at his late residence, 218 Baldwin street, Hays borough. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment in Bethel cemetery. Please omit flowers.

JEWS PLAN TO SAVE BROTHERS

National Convention to Be Held to Prevent Repetition of the Kishineff Horror.

LEADING MEN IN MOVEMENT

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Press Building.
PHILADELPHIA, PA., Jan. 3.

A national convention to be held in this city, probably in the Academy of Music, of all the societies of Jews interested in the condition of their co-religionists in Russia, to devise ways and means for the prevention of outrages similar to the Kishineff massacre, and to assist those who desire to leave countries where they are persecuted and go to other parts of the world, preferably to this country, was the result of the meeting held this afternoon in the synagogue, B'Nai Abraham, in Lombard street, near Fifth street.

The meeting, which was largely attended, was held under the auspices of the Jewish League of America. Before its close more than 200 new members had been enrolled in the league, making a total membership of nearly 600. That it was an important gathering was shown by the fact that the following committee, representing the Kishineff relief committee of New York, were present: Jacob Saphirstein, J. Mogulesko, M. Sirotto and Louis Carp.

All of these visitors made addresses, concurring in the suggestion that such a national convention be held in Philadelphia. Together with the following members of the local organization they formed a preliminary committee to take the first steps for the meeting: Rabbi B. L. Leventhal, president, and Nathan Grayev, vice president of the Jewish League of America; the Rev. J. Sherbor, Joseph Goss and J. Schwartz.

This committee met this evening at the residence of Rabbi Leventhal, 726 Pine street, where the first steps for the convention were discussed and a plan of action outlined. Nothing was decided upon definitely, the members from New York preferring to report to their organization before formally joining in this movement. Their report will be received in a few days, it was announced, and the plans formulated for the meeting, which will be attended by Jews from all over the United States.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

CRUISER DIXIE ARRIVES.

Uncle Sam Has Now Twelve Hundred Marines on the Isthmus of Panama.

PANAMA, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The cruiser Dixie arrived at Colon this morning, bringing 600 marines, under command of Brig.-Gen. Elliott. She had an excellent voyage, making the trip out from Philadelphia in six days. There are now 1,200 marines on the isthmus, one of the largest forces ever gathered at one point on the South American continent.

Under orders from Rear Admiral Glass detachments of the marines stationed at Empire and Basopispo started today on scouting trips along the trails which the Colombians could take in an invasion of Panama. They found progress necessarily slow, as the streams are still swollen from the rains, and many fords were difficult to make.

MAYOR HARRISON NOW THREATENS MORE CLOSING

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Mayor Harrison now threatens to close every church, factory, hotel, store and office building that does not comply strictly with the building law. Rumors that some of the relatives of victims of the theater fire are threatening to issue warrants for Mayor Harrison's arrest reached him tonight. While he knew nothing of the threats he said: "One cannot tell what a man who has lost all of his family in a fire like that of Wednesday will do. He could hardly be held responsible for his actions."

THREE WOMEN COMPOSE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Mrs. Cecilia Yale and her two daughters have filed articles of incorporation as the C. A. Yale Manufacturing Company of Yalesville, Conn., and will themselves officer and manage a company which employs 70 skilled mechanics. Mrs. Yale and her daughters, Cecelia M. and Ethel Yale, live in Meriden. Together they own the entire capital stock of the company, $50,000. This is one of the very few companies owned and managed by women.

Funeral of Jerome Sykes.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The funeral of Jerome Sykes, the actor, who died on Tuesday from pneumonia in Chicago, where his company was playing "The Billionaire," was held today. The Episcopal and Masonic services were read by the Rev. George R. Van Dewater. The pall bearers were Edgar Smith, Arthur J. Moore, Samuel Swartz, Mayer Livingston, Edward J. Connelly, E. A. Cordner, Marck Klaw and T. J. Perley.

To Preserve Order in Macedonia.

ROME, Jan. 3.—Gen. Degiorgis, who has been selected as commander of the international gendarmerie in Macedonia at the request of the porte, expects to arrive in Constantinople at the end of this month. He will there meet the Austrian and Russian ambassadors to Turkey, and confer with them. One of the leading ideas advanced is to have a Christian element in the gendarmerie in proportion to the Christian population of Macedonia, as compared with the Mussulman population.

Money Is Available.

GREENSBURG, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—A canvass has been made of the subscription to the $100,000 fund raised in Greensburg for the removal of Thiel college from Greenville, and it is understood that a great part will be available for Greensburg seminary, even if the litigation in the Mercer county courts ends in favor of Greenville. The senior class is expected to return on Tuesday.

Martial Law in Telluride.

DENVER, Jan. 3.—Gov. Peabody tonight declared a modified form of martial law in Telluride. The object of the order is understood to be to prevent the return of agitators sent out of the district.

Scrofula
Few are entirely free from it.
It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.
It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.
It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on
Hood's Sarsaparilla
The best of all medicines for all humors.

EDUCATIONAL.
Duff's College
Gives a training that qualifies young men and women for entrance upon the actual duties of life. Fine appointments, an extended course of study, conducted by experienced teachers and practical business men. For circulars apply at the college office.
8th STREET AND LIBERTY AVENUE.

JAPS DECLARE WAR, 'TIS SAID

Continued from First Page.

day is the doubt about the attitude of the United States in the event of a war between Russia and Japan.

The Birshewja Vedomoste elaborates upon American power in the Pacific in the proximity of the Philippines and Formosa, and says: "It is no secret to anyone in Europe that the position of the United States in the Asiatic crisis remains highly problematical."

Rus, a new journal made up of former employes of the Novoe Vremya, handles the theme in a similar manner.

Ill-Will Toward United States.

The Novoe Vremya, the government's organ, expresses ill-will toward the United States in a long leader about the alleged instructions given American consuls in Russia to report on the prospects of renewed anti-Semitic disorders, and in a curious editorial opposes the sale of the Manchurian railway, whether to the United States or to China, which, it declares, is advocated in some quarters here.

All the newspapers here today copy from the organ of the war ministry a belated, and therefore all the more significant, order of the day published by Admiral Alexieff, Russian viceroy in the far east, after the fall maneuvers and parade at Port Arthur, highly praising the troops and declaring that some who had just finished a 12 days' march had arrived in magnificent condition.

The Novikrai says that a Chinese attack is unlikely, and reprints a Chinese newspaper story that Russia has 2,000 Cossacks and 2,500 Mongolian soldiers at Urga.

Gloomy View in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Cablegrams received here today from Tokyo show the situation in the far east to be unchanged and at a late hour tonight it was declared at the Japanese legation that nothing had occurred to dispel the gloomy view taken there of the prospects for peace. The fact that Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, regards the situation as extremely critical, does not prevent him from hoping that a way may yet be found by which the questions between Russia and Japan may be settled without recourse to arms. The Japanese government, it is said, is not anxious for war, and throughout the negotiations have endeavored to repress all war talk. Japan, it is added, will await patiently the Russian reply and will not delay after receiving the note in announcing her future course. It is said that substantial concessions must be forthcoming from Russia in Korea that will offset the jurisdiction which Russia claims in Manchuria, if war is to be averted. The Russian government has been urged to reply promptly.

Peking Thinks War Certain.

PEKING, Jan. 3.—In the various foreign legations here the opinion is prevalent that war between Japan and Russia is inevitable. This opinion is based on the latest dispatches from Tokyo and on the conviction that it is not a question of detail which separates Russia and Japan, but the vital principle as to whether Japan possesses the right to a voice in the settlement of questions connected with the Russian occupation of Manchuria. Russia all along has denied this right and unless her reply shows that she has receded from this position, which is not expected to be the case, it probably will provoke an ultimatum from Japan, whose determination to resort to arms in support of her claim is unquestioned.

Advices from Manchuria represent the Russian officials there as being surprised at Japan's readiness to fight. They expected that she would submit at the last moment, as she did in 1895, when she surrendered Port Arthur at the bidding of the European coalition.

Russians Expect Support.

The Russian officials rely for support on the same powers which aided the Russian government on that occasion. Moreover the Russians have confidence in their ability to win in the event of war. Among the junior officers this feeling takes the form of despising the enemy.

Gen. Yuan Shai Kai, commander-in-chief of the Chinese army and navy, has memorialized the throne praying to be relieved of all his minor offices, so that he may devote all his energies to the reorganization of the army.

While the government is determined to remain neutral as long as possible, it fully recognizes the possibilities of becoming involved in the event of war.

ITALY URGES JAPAN TO TAKE HER SHIPS

ROME, Jan. 3.—Italy has insisted that the Japanese government shall take possession of the Kasaga and Nisade, the two warships which were built at Genoa for the Argentine republic, and which were purchased by Japan. In taking this action the Italian government desires to prevent the Russian government from being compelled to ask for the confiscation of these vessels in the event of a conflict, as it is Italy's wish to maintain the strictest neutrality.

Three Boys Perish in Snow.

BAD AXE, MICH., Jan. 3.—Three boys about 10 years of age, two named Loundberry, and the third named Dutcher, were frozen to death on the bay at Bayport during last night's terrific storm. They became lost in the blinding snow.

HERE'S THE 4th DAY,
We inaugurate a sale w
starts this morning at 8,
that will interest all mother
who have Boys to clothe—
Our extensive lines of Boys'
Suits and Boys' Overcoats are
divided into two lots—
Lot No. 1—All Boys' Suits and Overcoats selling at $4, $4.50 and $5 at $3.40
Lot 2—All Boys' Suits that sold at $6, $7.50 and $8 at $4.90
Boys' knee pants, all $1 and $1.25 knee pants, two pairs for 90c
JACKSONS
954-958 LIBERTY STREET.

THE OLDEST TRUST COMPANY IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA
THE SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.
OF PITTSBURGH
This company concentrates all its energies on Trust and Safe Deposit business—
Acts in every capacity of trust and guarantees the safekeeping of valuables.
Safe deposit boxes, $5 a year up.
Capital, $3,000,000. Surplus, $7,500,000.
Wood Street and Fourth Avenue.

An Accident!
Bursting of water pipe creates havoc in
Hamilton's
piano warehouse, flooding portion of lower floors.
Damaged Pianos
Will be sacrificed at less than actual cost—All guaranteed musically perfect but varnish is more or less affected.

An accident in our warehouse compelled the speedy removal of our surplus stock and consequently our salesrooms are suddenly and tremendously overcrowded.

During the extremely cold weather of last week a stand-pipe in our warehouse burst and before the break could be repaired a deluge of water swept over a portion of the lower floors. The majority of the pianos stored there did not come into direct contact with the water, but to prevent bad results from damp floors and walls, these pianos were hurridly removed to our salesroom, and every nook and corner of our Fifth avenue store has been filled in our effort to make a place for these extra goods.

Fourteen of the Best Pianos

Unfortunately fourteen of the best pianos in the warehouse were directly in the way of the drenching downpour and the boxes were wet when removed from the building. The pianos were immediately taken out of the boxes and thoroughly gone over by our workmen. We found that except for one thing the pianos were unharmed; that one thing is the varnish work on the cases. Varnish is very sensitive to dampness and to extremes of heat and cold. And the varnish on these fourteen pianos is damaged—not enough to make the pianos unsightly, but sufficient to make it impossible for this house to offer them at the regular full prices that these goods would bring if they were as perfect on the outside as they are musically.

These goods are fully guaranteed, except the varnish, which is never guaranteed anyhow.

We therefore offer these pianos at reductions which in some instances are

Below Actual Cost

When the character of the goods offered is considered little other inducement should be necessary to bring more buyers than there are pianos. We MUST sell them and quickly. Our warerooms are crowded, our annual stock-taking is at hand, and shortly thereafter we must move this great business from its present quarters to the new location on Wood street. Do you wonder that we are anxious to make this a record sale for quick moving of stock? Isn't there good reason for these money-saving prices?

Among the new pianos slightly damaged as to varnish are the following:

$650 A. B. Chase, upright, walnut .... (damaged) now $435
$550 A. B. Chase, upright, mahogany...... (damaged) now $365
$525 Fischer, upright, mahogany............ (damaged) now $360
$450 Fischer, upright, mahogany............ (damaged) now $310
$400 Schumann, upright, mahogany....... (damaged) now $285
$350 Smith & Barnes, upright, mahogany (damaged) now $240
$250 Marshall, upright, mahogany .... (damaged) now $110
$275 Willard, upright, mahogany............ (damaged) now $160

The above enumeration gives an idea of the values offered in these new, slightly damaged pianos.

Some Good Used Pianos

In addition to these we have an unusual assortment of used uprights which have been taken in exchange for new A. B. Chase and Fischer pianos during the past month. These uprights include:

Knabe, Weber, Fischer, Colby, Wegman, Hardman, Muehlfeld, Stults & Bauer, Bradbury, New England, Mathushek and others, beginning at $125.

All of the above named used pianos are in the best possible condition and price includes stool and scarf.

We have a number of good square pianos at $50 to $150. The clearance sale of organs, music boxes, talking machines, music rolls and small musical instruments of every description continues at one-third to one-half regular prices.

Full particulars regarding any or all of our special offerings will be sent upon request to people living out of town. Mail orders receive prompt and careful attention.

S. HAMILTON,
Hamilton Building,
335 and 337 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh.

STRAIGHT TICKET IN SIXTH WARD

Young Republicans Will Suggest Candidates for Select and Common Councilmen.

DELANEY WAS TURNED DOWN

Republicans who favor a straight party ticket in the Sixth ward will hold a meeting in the school house this evening at 7:30 o'clock to suggest candidates for councilmen. They are opposed to the placing of Peter Hermes on the Republican ticket and say that they would rather go to defeat with nominees of their own party than ride to victory on a combination of the kind proposed.

The promoters of the meeting scheduled for tonight style themselves young Republicans. Among the number are Jacob Pfeifer, John Kennedy, Patrick Jordan, Robert Harrington, William Long and William Atkinson. James A. Donovan, a plumber, will be suggested for select councilman and several candidates will be brought out for common councilman.

Representative Lawrence B. Cook, chairman of the Republican ward committee, announced that a suggestion meeting would be held Saturday night. For some reason he called his ward committee together Friday and a committee was appointed with power to fill out the ticket. In the meantime postal cards had been sent to the Republican voters of the ward announcing the suggestion meeting for Saturday. When the Republicans gathered Saturday night, they found that they were a day late.

Turned Down Delaney.

Effort was made during the week to deal Thomas Delaney into a seat in common council from the First ward. Alderman S. J. Toole has demonstrated on numerous occasions that he is the leader of the First ward. A couple of months ago he decided to support George S. Fleming for select councilman and John Joyce for the seat in common now held by Delaney. About the same time Delaney announced that he intended to succeed Fleming in the upper branch.

Delaney had the support of the city administration and Thomas S. Bigelow. Fleming and Joyce started their campaign and Delaney found that they were winners. During the last week Bigelow and Mayor Hays sent for Toole and Fleming. A request was made that Joyce be taken off the ticket and Delaney substituted.

Toole refused to agree to the substitution. He told the Citizens leaders that he could see no good reason for taking up Delaney. The alderman remarked that Fleming and Joyce are sure winners and it did not make any difference what Delaney decided to do. He also made the assertion that Delaney is now a resident of the Twenty-first ward and would not spend any time in the First ward if he was returned to councils.

Talk of Murphy for Mayor.

Allegheny does not have any councilmen to elect at the February election and political interest on the North Side centers in the Republican primaries in March. The announcement of John R. Murphy for assemblyman in the First district has caused the revival of the story that he and Mayor James Wyman are on friendly terms politically. According to the gossips, Murphy is to be taken up as the successor of Wyman if he is able to win a seat in the legislature. The assembly campaign will demonstrate whether the former recorder is still popular in the upper end of the city.

There was a meeting in Allegheny yesterday of some of the Republicans who are opposed to the assembly slate made up by a portion of the city executive board. It was practically decided that John Sauers and Representative Joseph Stewart would enter the primaries against Murphy and George Schad in the First district. Robert K. Cochrane and Frank Haller are scheduled to make a fight against Representative John Francies and John H. Henderson in the Second district.

The rules in Allegheny permit the ward committee to appoint the election boards to conduct the primaries. It is understood that Sauers intends to go into court to contest the right of the committee to make the appointments.

James J. Carey of the Tenth ward is a Democratic candidate for common councilman. He will go into the Democratic primaries and expects to secure the nomination.

Councilman W. C. Reitz of the Thirty-fifth ward, will not be a candidate to succeed himself. The Orphans expect to nominate Mr. Kennedy. He has been suggested by Reitz. The Orphans will open their councilmanic campaign in the Fourteenth ward on January 12.

The Republicans of the Sixteenth ward held a meeting at the Woolslair school Saturday night and several names were mentioned for nominations. Charles Stewart was unanimously indorsed for select council and John Hessey was named for assessor without opposition. The fight at the primaries will be on the common council and school director candidates. A. V. Simons, Levy Coinfield, William Martin and Thomas Maxwell were named for common council and John Swan, William Lees and John Miller for school directors. There are two common councilmen and two school directors to be nominated.

TWO RALLIES ANNOUNCED.

Christian Endeavor and Missionary Societies to Meet in Allegheny.

Two important meetings this week in the First Christian church of Allegheny were announced yesterday by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Wallace Tharp at the morning service. Tonight Dr. B. L. Jenkins, president of the Kentucky university, will deliver an address at the quarterly union rally of all the Christian Endeavor societies of the Christian church of Allegheny county, and a union meeting of all the missionary societies of Allegheny county, without regard to denomination, will be held in the First Christian church all day Thursday. Luncheon will be served in the church.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICE.

Sixty-Seventh Birthday of Sandusky Street Baptist Sunday School Celebrated.

The sixty-seventh anniversary of the Sunday school of the Sandusky Street Baptist church, Allegheny, was celebrated yesterday morning by interesting exercises. Addresses were delivered by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. B. F. Woodburn, H. J. Heinz, Albert A. Horne, Francis J. Torrance and James T. Euwer of the Sunday school. Special music by the choir, directed by George W. Gray, was given. The regular morning church service was merged into the anniversary service of the Sunday school. A large number of prizes for special merit were awarded the scholars.

CAMPBELL'S MAMMOTH

CLOAK PURCHASE

Over 1,000 High-Grade Winter Cloaks Bought from Hamman & Sperling, the Well-Known New York Manufacturers, at Enormous Concessions from Usual Prices.

Certainly an event of unusual importance and magnitude—not an old or in any way undesirable style in the lot. All high-grade garments and an almost endless variety of up-to-the-minute effects in Military Coats, Norfolks, English Walking Coats, Corset Fitting Coats and the ever popular short Jacket Coats—all sizes for women and misses—in the most fashionable fabrics—at these prices: $45.00 coats reduced to $22.50; $40.00 to $20.00; $37.50 to $18.75; $35.00 to $17.50; $30.00 to $15.00; $25.00 to $15.00; $16.50 to $10.00; $15.00 to $7.50; $10.00 to $6.50; $7.50 to $3.98.

Never such a sale in our 23 years of business—is further argument necessary? Will you come?

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,
827-835 Fifth Avenue.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas H. Fletcher

Weather—Fair.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Monday, January 4, 1904.

The Great Possibilities in Our Greatest of January Clearances.

That people well understand what a clearance means as applied to this store was clearly manifest last Saturday, when, wretched as was the weather, unusually large crowds were with us throughout the entire day. The same general good bargains are ready again this Monday. Throughout this bulletin will be found details.

On Saturday in our afternoon news we gave a recapitulation of the incidental sales connected with this semi-annual clearance—we gave lowest prices on Women's Undermuslins, on Household Linens, on Sheets and Pillow Cases and on Muslins and other White Goods. You will recall those underprices, and we do not take them up again this morning. Other important news must be given.

This clearance with its allied special sales will constitute a series of daily surprises throughout this month, and so that not a single surprise will be missed it is to your best interests to look for our budget of news each morning and afternoon.

Women's Furs and Coats.

While there are great values for prices away below the usual in Walking and Dress Suits, and in costumes and party dresses, and in Walking and Dress Skirts, reference this morning is more particularly had to the underprices on Furs and coats.

Furs—Lowered Prices.

As we have our clearance at this time, it must not be forgotten that manufacturers also take this as clean-up time and that they are ready to sacrifice goods and we are ready to buy at sacrificial prices. Thus with these furs. Manufacturers offered us lots for prices below what the raw skins can be bought for today. These lots, together with our own large collection, make this fur sale one of exceptional importance. Here are the reduced prices:

$6.75 Fox Boas—$10.00 grades—large tails, good color, fine grade of skins.
$9.50 Fox Boas—$15.00 grade—Isabella or Sable, large tails.
$12.00 handsome Fox Boas—$18.00 grade—one of our finest specimens of underprices.
$15.00 Alaska Fox Boas—$20.00 grade—Splendid in every way.
$14.50 Mink Scarfs—$22.00 grade—natural skins with tails.
$22.00 Blue Lynx Scarfs—$35.00 grade—very large and fine.
$30.00 Chinchilla Flat Scarfs—$45.00 grade—excellent value for first price.
$16.50 Flat Pelerines—$25.00 grade—lined with satin.
$38.00 Black Lynx Boas—$55.00 grade—remarkably rich fur.

All the other grades of furs are reduced as well as Muffs in all furs from the $2.00 Muff up to the finest Sable, in some instances to half price.

$100.00 for Persian Lamb Coats—$150.00 grade—24 inches long, new models—guaranteed skins.
$175.00 Alaska Sealskin Coats—$250.00 grade—24 inches long, very fine skins. All sizes in stock.
$30.00 Nearseal Coats—$45.00 grade—handsome imitation of the real seal.
$39.00 Nearseal Coats—$55.00 grade—only an expert can tell them from real seal.

Fancy Persian Broadtail and Seal Coats, trimmed with Russian or Hudson Bay Sable, Baum Marten and Chinchilla, reduced to half prices.

The Special Sale of Coats.

When coats can be bought for such underprices as we now quote there is little room left for a newspaper argument. All the argument that could be advanced relating to the present as the time to buy, relating to the garments themselves, is clearly outlined by the seling prices of the garments.

It might be well enough to say that there is not a mere handful in each group, but a large collection from which to choose.

$7.75 for Coats formerly $15.00. Handsome all-wool kersey and cheviot coats, lined with satin, loose or fitted backs, with or without capes, flat collars or no collars. All sizes, several different lengths.
$9.50 for Coats formerly $18.00. Black and tan in kersey, Montagnac, cheviot and other cloths—these are really styles a full season in advance. All sizes.
$11.75 for Coats formerly $20.00. Large table piled high with some of the best models shown in the past four weeks. They were considered fine values then for $20.00.
$13.50 for Coats formerly $22.00. Fully 100 very smart coats in black and colors fitted and in automobile styles. All made within the past month and embracing the season's most admired models.
$15.00 Coats, heretofore $25.00.
$17.75 Coats, heretofore $30.00.
$19.00 Coats, heretofore $32.00.
$25.00 Coats, heretofore $40.00.
$28.00 Coats, heretofore $45.00.
$30.00 Coats, heretofore $50.00.

Dressy Coats, Evening and Party Wraps, in many delicate colors and in every sort of trimming, from fur to lace, that is used, for the most remarkable price-concessions women ever undertook to discuss. Every evening wrap in our large collection has been effectively reduced in price.

Reduced Prices for Notions.

Clearing out notions with this sort of lowered prices—

Shield Pins, gold plated, were 10c, now two for 5c.

Wire Hairpins, 1c a paper, were 5c.

Corset and side steels, 1c a pair, were 15c.

Collar Foundations, enough for one collar, 1c.

Pin Cushions, at 3c instead of 5c, at 5c instead of 10c, at 8c instead of 15c, at 13c instead of 25c.

Steel spring strong Hooks and Eyes, 6 doz. for 10c.

Tape Lines with steel tape at 25c from 50c, at 38c from 75c.

Kid Hair Curlers, 3½ to 6 inches, 5c a dozen.

Ribbon wire, 2 pieces for 5c.

Hooks and Eyes, with humps, 5c a gross, were 25c.

Children's Waists and Hose Supporters, 25c from 50c.

Vegetable silk corset Laces, 5-yard lengths, 5c each.

Black silk Belting, the 50c kind, for 2c a bolt.

Short pieces of fine steel elastic, 10c a strip for the 25c, 40c and 50c kind.

Wonderful Offer in Fine Black Dress Goods Today.

A French maker, known the world over as one of the best and oldest producers of superfine weaves in black dress goods, the famous Lupin, has closed a deal with us whereby we are enabled to offer his exquisitely fine black Mistrals, black Zibelines, black cloths, imported to retail at $1.00 and upwards.

For the Uniform Price of 68c a Yd.

There will be some 5,000 yards of these fine Lupin Black Goods ready this morning in our Black Goods Department. It is the best offer that 1904, or any other year, ever saw.

Women's and Girls' Winter Millinery.

Here's pruning in behalf of preening. Not another department in the house where prices are lowered to a more satisfactory plane.

Take the following Paris hats as an example of reduced prices. Where's the woman who will now say she cannot afford a French Hat?

Paris Hats at $7.50 from $15.00, at $12.50 from $25.00, at $15.00 from $30.00, at $17.50 from $35.00.

Women's Trimmed Hats, good enough for every kind of street wear, at $1.50 instead of $5.00.

Children's ready-to-wear Hats, just what a young person should wear, 25c and 50c, former prices $1.00 and $1.50.

But here's the choicest picking of the lot—Untrimmed Hats for 25c that formerly sold for $1.00 and $1.50 and French Flowers with which to trim them at 25c a bunch, which formerly sold for $1.00.

Reduced Prices on Portieres.

For giving an effective setting to doors, nothing like Portieres. Today buy them at these reductions:

At $3.50 a pair from $4.75, at $4.00 a pair from $6.00, at $4.50 a pair from $7.00, at $5.00 a pair from $8.50, and up to $25.00 Portieres for $18.00 a pair.

Very fine and handsome French Velour Portieres, formerly sold for $25.00, now reduced to $22.00 a pair.

A White Sale for Infants.

The Infants' Department should have had this notice, along with the other white goods, Saturday afternoon, but it was crowded out. Take it for something good this morning, and consider, mothers, whether you would undertake to make such garments for the prices we quote.

Short Dresses for 6 months, 1 and 2 years, made of nainsook, square tucked yoke, lace around neck and sleeves for 50c.

Short Dresses of same material and for same ages, square yoke, with clusters of tucks and hemstitching, hemstitched ruffle on neck and sleeves, for 50c.

Short Dresses of Nainsook, with round yoke of tucks and insertion tucked ruffle around yoke, neck and sleeves finished with narrow ruffle, 75c. Nearly a dozen other styles at this same price.

A variety of styles in short dresses of different materials at 85c and $1.00.

Long waist dresses in French effects for children 2 and 3 years old, either white lawn or nainsook, a variety of styles, 85c, $1.00 and up to $3.50.

Infants' Long Slips and Dresses of nainsook, daintily trimmed with narrow Val. lace or embroidery, 50c, 65c, 75c and up to $3.00. Skirts to match.

Pretty Gingham Dresses, pink or blue stripes or checks, some trimmed with self, others with embroidery, yoke with narrow white ruffles on neck and sleeves, sizes 1, 2 and 3 years, 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c.

Infants' Caps of cream silk, either plain or embroidered, full ruche around face, 25c, reduced from 50c.

Caps of a mixture of silk and wool, cream, 25c. Not many of them.

A few high-class novelties in Infants' Coats, reduced to half prices, only one of a kind. $24.00 Coats down to $12.00 and $40.00 Coats down to $20.00.

Reduced Prices on Women's Golf Gloves.

Here follows a particularly good bit of news for women, and if the thermometer is down today to where predictions set it to go, this news will be doubly appreciated:

25c a pair for 35c and 50c Golf Gloves.

35c a pair for 50c and 75c Golf Gloves.

75c a pair for $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 Golf Gloves, white and all colors.

Clearance in Men's Furnishings.

Lots of men's belongings with prices lowered to an unusual point. Study them—

25c a pair for wool Gloves, white and gray, heertofore selling for 50c and up to $1.25.

$1.00 a pair for a $2.00 grade of gray doeskin Walking Gloves, Fisk, Clark & Flagg make, sizes from 7¼ to 9.

25c a pair for 50c and 75c grades of Socks, plain colors, stripes and embroidered effects, in cashmere, cotton and lisle thread.

50c a pair for 75c and $1.50 grades of finer quality Socks in foregoing materials. These are all imported goods.

12½c each for balance of men's linen Handkerchiefs remaining from the special sale of seconds ten days back.

Half Price for Men's Bath Robes.

The Men's Furnishing Store today will have on sale a lot of Terry bathrobes, some of them soiled, others showing evidence of being handled. The following half prices—

$8.00 Bathrobes for $4.00.

$8.50 Bathrobes for $4.25.

$14.00 Bathrobes for $7.00.

$18.00 Bathrobes for $9.00.

Sweeping Reductions on Silks.

The clearance of Silks will be on a large scale—there will be silks at the regular silk counter at the clearance prices, and as an innovation, silks in the basement for lowered prices. Plenty of diversity as to kind and quality—

Colored Silks—

Fancy white Habutai, 24 inches wide, 85c quality for 65c.
White Louisine, 85c quality for 65c.
White Taffetas, 65c quality for 55c.
White Peau de Soie, $1.25 quality for 85c.
White Nattes, small effects, 85c quality, 55c.
White Brocades, $1.00 and $1.25 quality, 85c.
Fancy White Crepe de Chine, $1.50 quality, 85c.
Louisines, blue ground with white hairline stripes and checks
Louisine, black and white stripes and checks……………
Louisine, brown and white stripes and checks……………
Taffeta with white and red embroidered effects……………
} 85c and $1 values for 68c

Black Silks—

36-inch Black Peau de Soie, $1.25 quality, 95c.
36-inch Black Taffeta, $1.25 quality for 95c.
24-inch Black Crepe de Chine, 85c quality for 65c.
Fancy Moires, black, in several styles of stripes, $2.00 quality for 75c.
Fancy Velvets and Velveteens, $1.00 quality for 50c a yard.

The Basement Silks—

65c Black Taffeta, 19 inches wide, 50c a yard.
$1.00 black Taffeta, 36 inches wide, 75c a yard.
$1.00 printed Japanese Silks, 27 inches wide, 55c a yard.
Eighteen styles of printed Japanese Silks at 50c a yard.
Colored Dress Silks, full color line, 65c quality for 45c a yard.
Silks for shirtwaists and shirtwaist suits, fancy silks we might term these, in twenty different styles, embracing all the leading colorings, 85c and $1.00 qualities for……………} 55c Yd

$30.00 Matting for $16.00 a Roll.

By the yard the usual price is 75c and if you want to buy it that way we'll let you have it for 45c.

We have 35 rolls of this choicest of Japanese matting, the kind which upholsterers use. All white with bunches of roses and other flowers, arranged in a pretty way. This is the greatest matting bargain ever offered in Pittsburg.

Clearance of Short Pieces of Carpets.

Have you use for a five-yard piece of carpet and in between lengths up to 20 yards? We mean such carpets as Roxbury, Bigelow and Lowell. If so, come to our Carpet Department today and buy these short lengths at these prices:

Roxbury Brussels Carpet, 85c a yard.

Bigelow Brusels Carpet, 85c a yard.

Bigelow Axminster Carpet, 85c a yard.

And while on the subject of carpet we may as well call your attention to some inexpensive large sized Rugs.

Bigelow Wilton Carpet, $1.25 a yard.

Kashmir Rugs, 12x9 feet, reversible, fast colors, $10.00 each.

Brussels Rugs, Persian effects, small patterns, 12x9 feet, $20.00 each.

French Handkerchiefs, ¼ Off.

Notice to women: All our fine French Embroidered Handkerchiefs, each line made up of select stock, hand spun cloth, hand embroidered, will now be sold at 25 per cent off regular prices.

Reduced Prices on Women's and Children's Shoes.

The slushy pavements that will be ours for months to come should prod you to buying these right away. Never more satisfactory shoe bargains presented at any time. Besides outdoor shoes there are also some indoor shoes showing greatly reduced prices.

At $2.25 a pair, $3.00 goods, women's heavy calfskin Shoes, lace or button.
At $2.25 a pair, $3.00 goods, women's heavy box calf Shoes.
At $2.25 a pair, $3.00 goods, women's enamel dress Shoes, with an extremely stout sole.
At $3.50, $6.00 goods, women's dull kid Shoes, light turn sole, full Louis XV. heel.
At $1.75 a pair, $2.50 goods, misses' dongola kid Shoes, with patent tip and spring heel.
At $2.00 a pair, $3.00 goods, boys' box calf Shoes, stout soles.
At 75c a pair, $1.50 goods, children's red kid button Shoes, nice for house wear.
At $2.00, $3.50 and $4.00 goods, several lots of women's fancy Slippers, but the sizes are broken.

Waists for Reduced Prices.

One of the busiest sections of the store last Saturday was around the tables full of waists and at the waist counters. Dressy waists always appeal to women at any time, and when the prices are lowered to an unusual point the waists have a double interest.

We are fortunate in having a stock of waists in silk, in cotton and in wool, replete with every style, and each of those styles now ready for your choosing at greatly reduced prices.

In the silk waist stock the reductions are very heavy, and they apply to the plainly designed waist as well as the very handsome imported waist. From the following can be gathered the extent of the reduction:

$3.50 for Silk Waists that were $5.90. All silk peau de soie with stock. Full sleeve, all lined, trimmed with tucks and pleats. Black and colors, including plenty of evening shades.

$4.90 for Shirtwaists that were $7.50. Handsome waists of peau de soie, trimmed with pretty lace motifs and liberally trimmed with French knots.

$7.25 for All-Lace Waists that were $12.50. Entire waist of Irish allover, some with beautiful medallions and motifs, some with net and chiffon yoke. Only 20 of these in all.

$7.75 $9.50 and up to $18.00 for our fine Evening and Dress Waists in various silks, former prices beginning at $11.50 and running to $30.00.

$1.00 for madras and vesting Waists that were $1.50 and $2.00, some even higher. White ground with black effects.

$1.50 for cotton Waists that were $2.50 and $3.00. Arranged on large table in sizes. Nothing like these ever shown for the price.

$2.00 for cotton Waists that were $3.50 to $4.00, including many standard makes, such as King, Fisk, Clark & Flagg and others.

$3.00 $4.00, $5.00 for Waists reduced from $5.90 to $10.00. These are fine imported Waists, and contain many smart and exclusive models.

Clearance Reductions on Brushes.

At the Toilet Section these brushes for reduced prices:

Pamstrepton Bath Brushes, $1.50, were $2.25.

Natural ebony back Nail Brushes, 75c kind for 35c each.

Japanese hand Scrub Brushes, 15c each, instead of 25c.

Tooth Brushes, 15c for the 25c and 35c kind.

Celluloid Hair Brushes, ebony finish, $1.00 for the $2.00 kind.

Our Clearance of China.

Today we have a special sale, at reduced prices, of finest English and French China Plates, comprising our regular January Plate sale. There are Dinner, Service and Dessert Plates. Every housewife who is interested in fine plates is invited to this special sale.

Herewith we present two numbers of dinnerwear for greatly reduced prices:

"Constance" Blue.

This is an English Dinnerware in the noted Canton "Constance" pattern, neat, delicate blue, and the reduced prices are as follows:

$2.75 a dozen Dinner Plates, $1.75 doz.
$2.50 a dozen Breakfast Plates, $1.50 doz.
$2.00 a dozen Tea Plates, $1.25 a doz.
$1.75 a dozen Pie Plates, $1.00 doz.
$2.75 a dozen Tea Cups and Saucers, $1.75 a doz.
75c open Individual Butters, 50c each.
35c open Dishes, 25c each.
60c open Dishes, 40c each.
65c Steak Dishes, 40c each.
$1.00 Steak Dishes, 60c each.
$1.65 Steak Dishes, $1.00 each.
$1.75 Covered Dishes, $1.00.
35c Jugs and Creamers, 25c each.
45c Jugs and Creamers, 30c each.
90c Jugs and Creamers, 60c each.

Wall Blue Dinner Ware,

an English production having beaded edge, will be closed out at the following reductions:

$4.50 Steak Dishes, 20 inches, for $1.25.
$2.50 Steak Dishes, 18 inches, for $1.00.
$3.00 Fish Platters for 75c.
$1.75 Covered Dishes for 75c.
90c Butter Dishes for 35c.
$2.50 Soup Tureens for $1.00.
30c Pickle Dishes for 15c.
35c open Vegetable Dishes for 15c.
50c open Vegetable Dishes for 20c.
$3.50 a dozen Dinner Plates for $1.25.
$3.00 a dozen Breakfast Plates for $1.10.
$2.50 Tea Plates for 90c.
$2.00 a dozen Pie Plates for 80c.
$1.40 Bread and Butter Plates for 75c.

For the different varieties of Bric-a-Brac, Cut Glass, etc., the prices will be found down to lowest points.

Scissors at 50c a Pair.

These sold for 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50. There are little scissors and big scissors and there are shears. This should have a double reading.

Pictures for Telling Reductions.

We imported a large number of excellent Oil Paintings for our holiday sale and nearly all of them were sold. What is left of the collection will be disposed of for one-third off the marked price. The first prices were very low for such subjects, and now that a clip of a third is further given them, the prices become remarkable for good works of art.

Paintings that were $30.00 are now $20.00.

Paintings that were $12.00 are now $8.00.

One beautiful figure piece by Teser marked at $100.00 is now priced at $66.67.

In one of our galleries every picture is one-third below the price marked. There are Photogravures, Pastels, Water Colors, Etchings, Fruit and Game Pastels. Pastels in handsome gilt frames that were cheap at $12.00, are now $8.00; $5.00 pictures are $3.33; Water Colors framed in gilt, were $15.00, now $10.00; were $6.00, now $4.00.

We had a very large sale of Horse, Dog and Lion Pictures, framed in oak, at $1.50. All that are left will be sold at $1.00 each.

Today We Begin a Great Clearance of Lace Curtains.

Now, madam, counting by weeks, how long will it be before you begin to put your home in summer dress? Now, again, as Lace Curtains change, as far as regards patterns, very little inside of a year, if you can buy the various weaves of lace curtains for a fourth and a third below regular prices at this clearance season, is it not good business policy to purchase at once? Further argument in the following reduced prices:

RUFFLED NET CURTAINS, $1.00 a pair for those that formerly sold for $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS, at 35c a pair from 50c, at 75c from $1.00, at $1.00 from $1.50, at $1.25 from $2.00, at $1.50 from $2.25 and on through by same reductions to $8.50 Nottinghams for $6.00 a pair.

IRISH POINT LACE CURTAINS at $2.00 a pair from $3.00 and $3.50, at $4.50 a pair from $6.50 and $7.00; at $5.00 a pair from $7.50 and up to $18.00 Irish Points for $12.00.

RENAISSANCE LACE CURTAINS, at $10.00 a pair from $15.00; at $13.50 from $20.00; at $15.00 from $22.00 and up to $33.00 Renaissance Curtains for $22.00 a pair.

ARABIAN LACE CURTAINS, at $5.00 a pair from $7.50; at $6.00 a pair from $9.00; at $7.00 a pair from $10.00; at $12.00 a pair from $18.00; at $14.00 a pair from $20.00 and up to $40.00 Arabian Curtains at $28.00 a pair.

MARIE ANTOINETTE LACE CURTAINS, at $3.50 a pair from $5.50; at $5.00 from $7.50; at $5.50 from $8.50; at $7.00 from $9.00 and up to $22.00 Marie Antoinette Curtains for $15.00 a pair.

PENN, FIFTH AND CECIL WAY.

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Monday, January 4, 1904.

President Wightman's determination not to fill any vacancies upon the ramp committees will meet with hearty approval from the public. Those committees are a superfluity at best and are important only as an agency of hold-up tactics. Small as they are, they are chronic victims of the no quorum habit. Incompetent for good and efficient for evil, they are a nuisance that will have to be abated before any improvement in the proceedings of councils can be expected.

The action taken on the electric lighting ordinances by the joint committee on corporations is a great improvement upon previous action. If the ordinances are made legally effective in their stipulations of public compensation, the committee is entitled to credit for good work. It is stated that the ordinances as approved provide that both the companies applying for franchises shall be subject to the linear foot tax, or if that impost lapses for any reason they shall pay 5 per cent of their gross receipts. This is action in the proper spirit and is entitled to cordial recognition as such.

The movement made to revoke the franchises of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Telephone Company, while it may have just foundation, appears invidious in view of the larger privileges enjoyed by the company with which it is competing, and it would be a mistake, from the standpoint of public policy, to do anything tending to break down the competition. So long as the companies are really competing the new concern will have to offer as great reductions in rates as it can afford in order to attract business. The time to apply the city's reserve of authority is when a movement is made in the direction of monopoly.

The joint corporations committee, after suffering from paralysis for months, got into violent action on Saturday and put through a batch of important measures. One of these grants the Wabash railroad a franchise for an elevated railroad along Duquesne way, under conditions which present some commendable features. The provision giving other companies joint use of the tracks is of doubtful practical value as an isolated privilege, and it would be much better if an arrangement for exchange of cars and general reciprocity in switching facilities, such as exists in Chicago, could be arranged. The annual rental of $50,000 charged for the franchise is really a smaller compensation to the city than the removal of the tracks from Liberty avenue, which is a condition of the ordinance already passed by common council granting the Pennsylvania railroad a similar franchise. The fact that two railroad companies are now applicants for franchise rights over the same route ought to suggest to them that some mutual arrangement would be advisable.

The latest war report from the far east is to the effect that the Chinese navy is being put in readiness for action at a moment's notice. Recollection of the miserable failure of the Chinese navy in the late war with Japan is calculated to cause smiles at the mere mention of it. But in the present instance it is supposed the Chinese navy is to co-operate with that of Japan and that carries the presumption that it may also be officered and partly manned by Japanese. That may not make it effective, but it will certainly make of it a somewhat formidable addition to the concededly effective Japanese navy.

The shockingly sudden death of Samuel Campbell Grier will cause widespread mourning. Mr. Grier's friends are numbered by the thousands, none of whom had any warning that his illness of a few days might terminate fatally. Mr. Grier was a high type of the self-made man. He began the struggle of life at the age of 11 years as an errand boy and rose to affluence and influence in the community by his own exertions. For 14 years Mr. Grier was collector of delinquent taxes for Allegheny city, and for many more years was a leader in the Republican party on the North Side. He might have been the first recorder of Allegheny, under the act creating that office, but preferred to have the honor go to his friend, John R. Murphy. That act was characteristic of the man and serves to illustrate the qualities which made him popular.

Mayor Harrison of Chicago is taking nothing for granted and declines to be responsible for anything that may happen in the theaters through lack of precautions prescribed by the law. He has, therefore, ordered all of the amusement houses in that city, except the Auditorium, closed. Of course, the theater managers have protested, begged for time, and all that, but the mayor is right in maintaining his inflexible attitude. One such horror as that of last Wednesday is enough for any city, and it is enough to satisfy the whole country for years to come. And while the owners and managers protest it is probable that Mayor Harrison is doing them a good turn. Theater attendance in Chicago would be extremely light for the present, even if the houses were permitted to open. They would hardly pay expenses, and it is much better for the owners and managers to have them closed by order of the mayor for several weeks than to run them at a loss, or close them upon their own motion.

The Bone of Contention.

Anxiety in regard to the situation in the far east has been greatly increased by the latest developments and foreign opinion now inclines to the belief that war will ensue. The English press is already contemplating the possibility that that country will be drawn into the struggle, which event, if it takes place, will imply that other nations, too, will be involved, as the treaty of alliance between Great Britain and Japan provides that either shall come to the other's assistance only if attacked by more than one power. If the struggle is confined to Russia and Japan there is no reason why England should intervene unless she wants to. There is a strong apprehension that war once begun will involve other powers, and the general war long feared as a possible outcome of the break up of the Turkish dominion will be precipitated by the far eastern question developed by the decay of the Chinese empire. The possibility is sufficiently imminent to agitate commercial marts all over the world.

The remaining possibilities of peace appear to lie along the line of a practical compromise of differences between Russia and Japan, through Japanese occupation of Korea, tolerated if not acknowledged by Russia. The ground upon which Japanese occupation is proposed is the state of anarchy which exists in Korea, and it is already stated that the movement will not be construed by Russia as an act of hostility. Japan's position in Korea will then be analogous to that of Russia in Manchuria—possession without title. Whatever rights Russia claims through agreements with the Korean government will remain legally intact, just as in Manchuria the engagements of China toward other powers are theoretically valid although practically in abeyance. This will leave Russia in a position to choose her policy both in Manchuria and Korea as circumstances may suggest. She may retreat or advance with color of legal procedure, as her interests may in the future dictate.

The Koreans themselves are in the position of mere pawns on the chessboard, to be shifted at the will of the players. They are a strange variety of the human species. There is evidence that in the remote past the Koreans must have possessed such attainments of art and such powers of initiative as to make the country a center of Oriental culture from which Japan herself derived inspiration, but the energy of the race seems to have been completely spent, and the national spirit is so apathetic that no shock of misfortune can rouse it to sustained action. They face life or death with the dull placidity of animals, and their highest enjoyment is to sit in quiet contemplation, indifferent to external events. Physically they are stout and well-built to a degree much above the average Oriental, but they are such a set of human sheep that one Japanese may bully and drive a crowd before him with cuffs and blows, although hardly big enough to reach up to box his victims' ears.

If the Korean has any passion or resentment strong enough to stir his sluggish nature it is antipathy for the Japanese, who, in 1895, procured the assassination of the pro-Chinese queen of Korea. The feeling excited by the tragedy expends itself in worship of the murdered queen and in building magnificent tombs in her honor. The clever and energetic Japanese have possession of the trade of the country. Fusan, the principal port, is really as much Japanese as Hongkong in China is English. The ships, wharves, warehouses and principal buildings are Japanese, and the native town is an outlying settlement composed of low thatched houses, without windows or floors, in which the Koreans pack like pigs in a stye. The native government has no power, the people no public spirit, nor any power of cohesion or common effort, except as animated by religious prejudice, which, strangely enough, appears to be a chance inoculation from missionary effort, feuds between Catholic and Protestant converts rousing them to bloody conflicts, in striking contrast to the stupid inertia which usually characterizes native demeanor.

Such a people are incapable of national independence, and the semblance of independence possessed by the country is the result of the conflict of rival powers. That conflict will not be terminated by Japanese occupation, but will simply enter a new phase. The ability of Japan to maintain her power there will depend upon her success in developing the resources of the country, in organizing and directing the industry of the people, and in intrenching her position so as to make Russian advance in that direction too costly and difficult to be worth trying.

The Bridge Question.

It is expected Secretary of War Root will render his decision in the matter of the Allegheny river bridges this week. He has taken up the petition, remonstrances and arguments for serious consideration and his decision will be with due regard to the law and equities as becomes a lawyer of ability. There is good reason to believe the decision will be against the raising of the bridges, and this is expected, apparently, by those who have been trying to have them raised.

Since the beginning of this agitation there have been two decisions in the United States courts adverse to the act of congress which purports to confer authority upon the secretary of war to arbitrarily order the raising of bridges over navigable waters. One of these decisions was handed down at Columbus in the case of the Muskingum river railroad, which desires to reconstruct an old bridge, and it holds that the original grant from the state established the elevation of the bridge and that the railroad may rebuild at that elevation without regard to the order of the war department. The other decision in Missouri is of the same tenor, but is more ample in its explanation that because the original structure was authorized by the state, before the war department was given jurisdiction, it cannot be abrogated. In other words, it is based upon the prohibition of retroactive legislation.

These decisions will naturally have some weight with Secretary Root, as they add force to the contention that the government may not take or destroy property without adequate compensation. We have believed from the beginning that the war department would not put a handicap upon the immense developed traffic passing over the Allegheny river for the supposed benefit of the infinitesimal traffic that now passes along the river, or the problematical traffic that may be developed upon the stream under new conditions.

We understand the bridge raisers have made some preparation to take the matter into court, anticipating an adverse decision from Secretary Root. That is a good place to have it tried out. It is a question of equity for judicial determination and not one of the national defense. We understand, also, that the advocate general who prepared the act passed by congress has said it was never designed to apply to inland rivers. It is simply a case of trying to injure great interests in behalf of an imaginary traffic.

Ohio Legislature.

All Ohio eyes are turned toward Columbus today, for it is the date for the opening of the regular session of the legislature. The first business of importance is the election of a senator in the congress of the United States. On Saturday the Democratic caucus put John H. Clarke of Cleveland in nomination, while the Republicans, regarding the action of their state convention as final, stand by Senator Marcus A. Hanna without holding a senatorial caucus. The result is not in doubt. The Republican majority is one of the largest in the history of the Buckeye state. Senator Hanna will be re-elected on the first ballot, and the vote for Clarke will be a mere compliment—a weak one at that. Ten or a dozen years ago Ohio was strongly infested by free silver and Populist sentiment. Gradually these have worn out. Majorities against them have grown year by year in the most decisively encouraging manner and Senator Hanna has been the most conspicuous figure in the movement. His re-election to the United States senate this year will be in the nature of a funeral for all the "isms" in Ohio.

The next most important feature of the opening session will be the veto power of the governor. Ohio has just voted by an overwhelming majority to confer that power. Heretofore the governor's influence upon legislation has been merely what his personality could make it. He has controlled the patronage and at times through the patronage he has been able to shape legislation. At other times he has been an important figurehead, chafing helplessly against a policy that, without his consent, cast discredit upon his administration. Ohio is to be congratulated upon the adoption of the better system of giving the chief executive a voice in the making of laws he is called upon to administer.

Paris confirms the news about the intended massacre at Kishineff and appeals to the United States to avert it. France is popularly supposed to have more influence in the Russian quarter.

Our German friends continue their experiments in electric traction at 130 miles an hour, but appear to be far less speedy about putting it into practical operation.

Possibly the banquet this evening may decide whether Mayor George B. McClellan is American enough to run for president.

John H. Clarke of Cleveland has been nominated for United States senate. That is as far as he will get toward the goal.

Colder weather prevailed at the upper end of Lake Superior. Pittsburgh didn't get the worst of it by some degrees.

Some very lively suggestion meetings were held Saturday evening. Good sign of wide-awake party interest.

It got cold enough for any use and we hope Col. Ridgway will permit use of the term cold wave.

Foreign Secretary Lansdowne might as well say it is war. He looks as serious as if it had begun.

Suggestion meetings come as a warning that we will soon be in the heat of another campaign.

There is a general consensus of opinion that this winter is old-fashioned enough—and winter enough.

Much will be said and something done at the New York Democratic harmony dinner tonight.

Just because the river is frozen over is no reason why the water should not be filtered.

Diplomatists in Peking can see nothing but war. Yellow always did prevail in Peking.

The Tammany tiger will play pussie under the table while the Democrats feast tonight.

There was a quorum and doin's at the meeting of the corporations committee.

Chicago without theaters might learn to stay at home nights, but it will not.

Some resolutions remain unbroken and some diaries continue to be kept.

Lieut. Peary still believes the north pole will knock the persimmon.

Russia finally admits the possibility of war with Japan.

Senator Hoar's Way.

Those who think Senator Hoar will "come round" all right when the time to vote on the Panama treaty arrives may find corroboration of their opinion in characterization of the Massachusetts man once given by the late President McKinley. "Senator Hoar," he said, "always gives the benefit of his views to the opposition and the aid of his vote to his own party."—Providence Journal.

The Quiet Observer

ERASMUS WILSON.

Men marvel that one life should seem to be
So full of joy, so crowned with sweet success,
And envy him his buoyant happiness,
His merry ways and laughter light and free.
To every heart he holds the master key;
And, even children, seeking a caress,
Climb on his knee in self-forgetfulness,
Blind to the sorrow that they cannot see.
Last night, we two together, in his room,
Sat face to face, and talked till midnight's hour
Struck from the belfry of the city hall;
And I beheld, laid bare in all its gloom,
The bitter pain that holds him in its power,
And none but death may loose him from its thrall.
—George Edward Day.

If we only knew their inner lives how different people would appear to us.

Your first thought is, of course, that they would appear much worse than now; but this is not necessarily true—in fact, it is not true. Many, no doubt, who pass as moral, just and upright would show up as hypocrites or frauds, but not nearly as many as you might expect.

It may never have occurred to you, but that does not alter the fact—that it is about as difficult for a man to hide hypocrisy as to hide a hump on his back or to conceal the fact that he dyes his hair or beard.

Not being as deeply interested in finding those who are better than they appear as you are in picking out those who are not as good as they seem, you do not discover as many of the former.

Were you gifted for only a day with the power to see and understand the inner, the true lives of men, you would be greatly, and no doubt agreeably, surprised.

Men whose spirits seem to have lost their vigor, whose manners are indifferent or careless, whose usefulness to society had dwindled to almost nothing, and whose figures in the world are scarcely noticeable, are often victims of circumstances that you had not suspected. Domestic infelicities of which the world knows little or nothing; the responsibility of caring for dependents; the bearing of burdens that are not apparent to casual observers, crush men out of semblance of their real selves, distort their countenances and deflect their flow of spirit into artificial channels. True, these channels come to take the place of natural ones in the course of time, yet they do not lead from the heart.

* * * * *

The buoyant, cheerful, gleeful man is not always light of heart. Indeed, his gleefulness is often hysterical rather than real. He laughs because he is sad at heart, and greets you cheerfully because he is hungering for a cheerful greeting. He goes from one extreme to the other, and the heights to which he rises, and the depths to which he falls, depend upon his temperament.

Humorists exhibit this in a wonderful degree. They make the world laugh and feel good, giving forth the impression that they are light-hearted and live in constant sunshine. But follow them into the inner sanctuary and you find them sad, sorrowful and heavy-hearted. Fortunately, they do not remain in their sad moods longer than they can get out of them; and unfortunately there is a strong temptation to resort to stimulants and brain excitants to help them out.

Men and women noted for brilliancy in public view are almost invariably more or less uninteresting when beyond the reach of critics' eyes. Like the painted and powdered beauty, their charms pass with the occasion.

You may have noticed how pert and chipper some men become after losing their wives. Their manners change, they begin to look younger, and they lay aside their out-of-date clothes and dress in the fashion.

And you may have been uncharitable enough to make unkind remarks about such men, or at least to wonder why they didn't conduct themselves in this way while their wives were living. And, no doubt, in a majority of instances you have concluded that they were glad their marriage bonds were broken, and that the airs and style they put on were an index of their satisfaction.

* * * * *

Women, too, are censured unjustly because they became girlish and stylish after the death of their husbands. No matter how violent their grief at the final parting, nor how black and gloomy their dress during the appointed time of mourning, they actually seem to grow younger, fresher and more attractive. And when the period of mourning has passed they jump into bright clothes, take their places in society among the unmarried, thereby announcing themselves as candidates for matrimony. Even in such extreme cases you are not justified in charging hypocrisy, nor anything of the sort.

Men and women whose affections are keen, their love strong, and their hearts true, feel the parting with loved ones most keenly, suffer most from the loneliness that follows, and are most profuse in their evidences of sorrow.

Such natures recover from shocks more readily than the less intense. When the object of their love is gone, the bond of union severed, they return again to full life and naturally seek another heart that beats in unison with theirs.

It is a mistake to suppose that a really heartsome person can go on loving the dead. Respect for their memory, pleasant recollections, and real sorrow for their departure, is possible, and rational, but a loving heart can unite only with a living heart.

The fact, therefore, that widows and widowers seek the matrimonial market, and enter actively upon the work of selecting new mates, is conclusive proof that they still have love in their hearts, possess no small amount of vitality and are anxious to try to make some one happy in order that they may be happy themselves.

Those who never get out of mourning are usually out of love, and have no disposition to seek another mate because they have no love to bestow.

* * * * *

Because a man who has been satisfied with coarse clothes, was untidy in appearance, and took little interest in social affairs while his wife lived, but changed about after her death, is not good evidence that he did not love her, or that he was glad she died.

On the contrary, it is pretty good evidence that he was so well pleased with her, so well contented with his home, and so well satisfied with himself that he didn't care to bother about pleasing other people, keeping up with the fashions, or trying to make the world believe he loved her. Had she lived he would have gone on the even tenor of his way, and without exciting unfriendly comment.

But having a loving heart he naturally follows its suggestions, just as he did when he first became a man. The home in which he lived peacefully and contentedly having been broken up he must seek new environments.

Of course, you will now and then see a widower foolish enough to try to make the girls believe he is a boy again by dying his hair and beard, dressing like a young beau, and telling what a good husband he had been. And there are widows who think they can make up with giddiness what they lack in youthfulness and good looks. They can't, but they think they can, and that goes a long way toward rendering them satisfactory to themselves.

* * * * *

No, you can't safely judge people by their outer appearance; but after you have been with them awhile you may usually depend upon your impressions. Those who are suave and smiling in the presence of strangers, or visitors, but are ready to snap and snarl behind their backs, or to fly into a fit of temper at home on the least provocation, may be set down as deceitful and unreliable.

But those who develop signs of gentleness, show pity for the weak, and admiration for the worthy, may be depended upon, even if their costumes are not according to prevailing styles and their manner more or less unconventional. These have strong, true hearts and are neither easily led nor driven against their convictions.

Dont call a man a slouch because he appears slouchy in comparison with tidy, well dressed men. If he be not perfectly satisfied with himself his pride and vim may be suppressed by cares or worriments of which you know not.

Canadian Railways.

Canada is in a position very similar to that of the United States in the seventies and eighties, when we were opening up our wheat and corn lands. About 3,000,000,000 acres of Canadian grain land are now under cultivation; about 100,000,000 acres more are equally arable. That means railroads. Canada will be the great trunk line builder of the coming decades.—Boston Transcript.

The Democratic Choice.

The esteemed New York Times has been making a canvass to ascertain the trend of Democratic preferences concerning a Democratic nominee for president. The result shows that the Democrats don't know whom they want and are bound to nominate him.—Hartford Post.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—This has been an active day for the newly-installed officials of New York city. While nominally a day of rest, it is safe to say that more clerical business has been accomplished since 9 o'clock this morning than was done on any day in the past two weeks. The temptation to look over the ground on a day when the public is not inclined to interfere with its servants was too great to be resisted in hundreds of cases. Doors of offices were closed, and everything outside seemed decorously idle. But within, if you had the "open sesame," you would find a busy man with his head in a roll-top desk, trying to clear decks for action tomorrow.

In many offices the odor of hothouse flowers could be detected, a souvenir of the welcome of New Year's day. In nearly all the private rooms there was cigar smoke. It is a big job to get the relics of a two years' administration out of the way, and to set the machinery of the new order of things going. This is the job that has been engaging the attention of commissioners, superintendents and other officials, with their private secretaries and stenographers, throughout this long Sunday. In the majority of instances there was attendance at church in the morning. New Yorkers are faithful church-goers. The thousands of persons moving about the streets in church hours on any fine Sunday are not New Yorkers, generally speaking, but compose the 100,000 of floating population that are to be found in this city almost any day in the year. After church there were many hours that could be devoted to work, and it was in those hours that individuals of the new administration labored industriously.

Squirrels and Birds Know Holly.

Among the disappointed members of Tammany Hall when appointments were made was Willis Holly, who was thought by his friends to be slated for park commissioner. He did not get that office, but has been made secretary to the park board, which will probably suit him as well. Holly has been connected with this department for so many years that it is said the squirrels and blue birds in Central park nod to him as he goes past. He has never risen above a secretaryship, but as the secretary practically does all the work, he comes near to being the whole park board.

Fire Took Them to Church.

The old sexton at the "Little Church Around the Corner" opened his eyes wide this morning when he saw the large number of persons attending service. And yet, he is used to big crowds. Of all the places of worship in Greater New York there is none better known to residents of other cities than the Church of the Transfiguration, in Twenty-ninth street, near Fifth avenue. It is generally called by the name given to it by Joseph Jefferson many years ago, "The Little Church Around the Corner," but its official designation has become familiar of late years. There was a fire in the rectory early yesterday morning, and but for the well-drilled servants of Dr. Houghton, who kept it under control until the firemen arrived, there might have been no church there today. This is why the attendance was extra large this morning.

Good Sleighing in Gotham.

Sleighing is splendid in New York, and the Speedway rang with the music of sleighbells all day. It may be wicked to go a-pleasuring on Sunday, but few New Yorkers can resist the temptation of speeding along in a cutter for an hour or two when conditions are so good as they are now.

More Snow Than for Years Past.

With heavy snow all over the city people who have dived into the records are solemnly telling their friends that more snow has fallen in New York already this season than in any winter for three or four years past. What is comforting about it, however, is that the storms have been wide enough apart to save the city from great inconvenience. The worst fall of all so far was in November, when the snow removal machinery of the city was tried to its utmost capacity. Since then there has been no particular trouble in plowing through it. Cars, both elevated and surface, have been running on schedule time, and there has been no grumbling of any account. The street cleaning department is under the same supervision as before, so that what it has done it will continue to do, in all probability. It has been steadily attacking the work of clearing the snow away, and doing it so well that the usually disgruntled New Yorker merely smiles as he looks over his white city and felicitates himself on being in the midst of a "real old-fashioned winter."

Picturesque Police Amenities.

One of the questions bandied about police headquarters with humorous significance, is "What will happen to Schmittberger?" Inspector Schmittberger is high enough in the police department to own a distinct official individuality. He has been through the fire of investigation more than once, and is generally regarded as purified. During the last administration he was in favor with the commissioner and mayor, and was able to laugh at his Tammany enemies who made it so unpleasant for him when Van Wyck was mayor. Now one of his old foes, ex-Police Inspector McAvoy, has been made a deputy police commissioner. That means that he can put Schmittberger on duty in any part of Greater New York that pleases him. The inspector declined to shake hands with McAvoy on New Year's day. Bets are made that Schmittberger will be assigned to Barren island, where the garbage furnaces are, as soon as McAvoy gets fairly down to work.

Golfing in the Snow.

Wintry weather cannot discourage the ardent golfer. At all the links around New York there has been golfing all though the holidays, and if the snow can be swept off sufficiently for the ball to be seen on the tee, there will be more matches this week. Of all the sports beloved of New Yorkers there is none with a tighter hold on their affections than golf. Skating, on the one side, and coasting on the other, does not strike the average golf enthusiast as at all inconsistent with a day on the links. Incidentally, some capital scores were made no later than yesterday at some of the golf courses in New Jersey and Westchester within easy reach of Manhattan.

Sunday Among the Pictures.

One of the pleasantest places in which to spend an hour or two this afternoon and evening was the Fine Arts building, in West Fifty-seventh street, where the 79th annual exhibition of the National Academy of Design is in progress. The rooms are warm and comfortable, the light, of course, excellent and the pictures interesting. Varnishing day was New Year's day. Since then the rooms have been open to the public, and were more or less thronged both yesterday and today. I saw several Pittsburghers among the visitors this afternoon. Some of them were artists, but others were merely admirers of good pictures, and possibly purchasers at a later date. Of course, Pittsburgh is well represented on the walls. How could it be otherwise when one-fifth of the total number of 350 odd exhibits are from outside New York?

Should Enforce "Standees" Rule.

Some of the fashionable churches in New York are so crowded at times that church-goers are wondering why the rule against "standees," so rigorously enforced in theaters, is not applied to churches. In more than one church in Fifth avenue this morning there was a large enough congregation to make a timid person apprehensive. It is true that one never hears of a panic in a church at an ordinary service, but the exits in such edifices in New York would prove dreadfully inadequate if such a catastrophe were to arise.

Pittsburghers at the Hotels.

The following Pittsburghers registered at the New York hotels during the past 48 hours:

Waldorf-Astoria.
E. Severance.
J. B. Yoke.
L. A. Rollinson.

Holland.
Gilbert McElveny.
Mrs. McElveny.

St. Denis.
W. S. Armstrong.
Mrs. Armstrong.

Union Square.
Joseph Vlaycenka.
Gorch Michal.

Westminster.
J. C. Wallace.
Mrs. Wallace.

Navarre.
A. C. Reburn.

Morton.
George Wilson.
Mrs. Wilson.

Imperial.
L. N. Rugh.
A. S. Irwin.
Harry Davis.
S. S. Robertson.

Victoria.
Miss Gussie [illegible].

Herald Square.
George E. Ambold.
J. Barron.
A. J. Barron.

Manhattan.
A. M. Vance.
G. D. Thomas.

Gilsey.
Miss G. Dean.

Nation's Capital

L. W. STRAYER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The possibility of a war between Russia and Japan continues to be the principal topic of discussion here, and sentiment seems to be divided as to the probability of this "eventuality," as the diplomats term it. Everywhere one goes he hears the subject argued with a diversity of views as to the relative strength of the two nations and the probable outcome of a conflict. The most quieting news bearing upon this matter is that made public by the state department to the effect that the diplomatic representatives of the United States do not believe that a war will be precipitated.

The department wired its ministers and ambassadors in the various capitals of Europe asking them to make a report giving the sentiment as they found it at the post where they are stationed, and in response to these instructions nearly every one of them reported that they thought war would be averted. With but few exceptions they stated that the officials of the governments to which they are accredited are of the opinion that an amicable adjustment of the differences between Russia and Japan will be effected. These reports are certainly entitled to a great deal of consideration, since they come from men who are in the best position to know the true state of affairs, as European nations are very naturally much interested in the situation and are watching every move closely. And, furthermore, as the reports of our ministers and ambassadors are official communications, they are not colored by personal feelings, but are supposedly cold statements of the sentiment as they find it.

May Change in a Night.

The president has been informed of the substance of the cablegrams received, but, regardless of the peaceful tenor of them, it is well known that in an affair of this kind the situation can be completely changed over night, and that while indications may point to a peaceful settlement at present, war may be declared tomorrow.

However encouraging the outlook may be, there is no doubt but both nations are preparing for a fight. There is a report, apparently well founded, that agents of the Japanese government have offered employment to 400 American machinists, agreeing to pay them $1,700 per year and furnish them transportation to and from Japan. It is said that Japan will agree to give them steady employment for one year at the rate named and will continue them in their positions, if their services are found necessary after a year has elapsed. Machinists about the navy yard are interested in the matter, and several have announced that they proposed to apply at the Japanese legation for employment under these terms.

Where Greatest Interests Lie.

Another significant matter was brought to light in conversation today with a man who has many friends among the diplomats. He observed that Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, has been entertaining considerably this winter and has given several dinners at which the guests were principally from the diplomatic corps. But at all of these functions it was noticeable that the Japanese, Chinese and Korean ministers were conspicuous by their absence and that no members of their suites were present. Whether Count Cassini, in view of the strained relations in which the fortunes of his own and these three nations are so vitally affected sought to avoid embarrassment by not including them among the guests, or whether the Japanese, Chinese and Korean ministers thought best to decline their invitations, my informant could not state. He merely pointed out that they were not present and nearly all the rest of the diplomats were there. If Count Cassini did strike them off his invitation list it could not be considered a national affront to these three ministers, since all of the entertainments mentioned were unofficial and purely personal affairs, which left the count the liberty of inviting whom he pleased.

The point is interesting, however, since in the event of war China and Korea are likely to find themselves between the upper and nether millstones, and one of the possibilities is that Korea at least will not require the services of a minister to Washington, that office being performed by the Japanese or Russian representatives. This is an extreme view of the "eventualities" of the case, to again quote the diplomats, but there is no denying that China and Korea have more at stake than either of the two principals in the affair.

The Hand of a Diplomat.

Kogoro Takahira, the Japanese minister, showed his title to be classed as a diplomat by avoiding embarrassing complications this winter. As soon as relations between Russia and his country became unpleasant, Mr. Takahira decided that it would be a splendid time for Mme. Takahira to make a visit to Japan, and so she packed up and left for Tokyo. That event seemed to have no special significance at the time, but the wisdom of it is now seen, since, owing to Mme. Takahira's absence, the Japanese legation is not entertaining any this season.

This makes it unnecessary for the minister to decide whether it is best to invite the Russian ambassador to his house, and it also relieves Count Cassini of the choice of accepting or inventing some plausible excuse were he favored with an invitation. In fact, the mere absence of the minister's wife has solved for Mr. Takahira what would otherwise be a very knotty problem and which might lead to really serious consequences should the representatives of other nations take offense at his course. The Japanese are given credit for being a shrewd and crafty people, and this accounts for the confidence in their ultimate victory by so many people should they become involved in a war with Russia.

Uncle Sam Will Merely Look On.

Army officers in Washington are watching the war news with a great deal of interest and have very decided views upon the outcome, though not for publication. They will talk by the hour on the probability of a conflict and the advantages and disadvantages of both nations if they are sure that what they say will not find its way into the newspapers. For the policy of this country will be one of the strictest neutrality, and the army or navy officer who talks indiscreetly or does anything to embarrass the government will have to pay dearly for it. That is understood, and it is the reason why men who are qualified to make very instructive comparisons of the fighting forces of Russia and Japan decline to be put on record.

Generally speaking, army officers are inclined to agree with the published interview of Gen. Miles, in which he said that he believed that if there is a war it will involve European nations. An officer, when asked yesterday for his view, said:

"I have no means of getting facts except through the newspapers, and it is difficult to form an opinion at long range as to the probability of the war, but I am firmly of the opinion that if a war is declared it will involve more than one European nation, and it will have a far-reaching effect. So far as this country is concerned, I cannot see how we can be affected and our position will merely be that of a spectator."

IT IS TO SMILE.

Madge—They say she got that gown she is wearing at a bargain.

Dolly—I shouldn't be surprised. It looks as if it was half off.—Town Topics.

"Goin' to make any New Year's resolutions?"

"Yes. Resolved not to make any."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Did you hear about the joke Guyer played on his friends?"

"No."

"Well, he invited them up to his house to see a 'high old time.'"

"Did they see it?"

"Yes; he showed them a grandfather's clock."—Philadelphia Record.

"But why do you have your hero marry in the first chapter?" they asked.

"Because," replied the author, "it has always seemed absurd to me to end a novel just where a man's troubles really begin. That's where you should begin the story."—Chicago Post.

Cholly Lateboy—Do you know, Miss Sharp, that music quite carries me away?

Miss Sharp—Why, isn't that lovely! Do let me play for you!—Chicago News.

Wife—How many people stare at my new dress! I presume they wonder if I've been shopping in Paris.

Husband—More likely they wonder if I've been robbing a bank.—New Yorker.

The Death Roll

Gen. Stephen Moffitt.

Gen. Stephen Moffitt, one of the most prominent men in northern New York, died at his residence near Plattsburgh, N. Y., yesterday. Gen. Moffitt was born in Clintonville, N. Y., in 1837. When the civil war broke out he was the first man to enlist in the Ninety-sixth Volunteer regiment. He was colonel of the regiment in 1865, later being brevetted brigadier general. He served on Gen. Wessell's and on Gen. Gibbon's staffs at various times during the war and was provost marshal of the Twenty-fourth army corps from its organization to the close of the war. He lost a leg at the battle of Fair Oaks, October 27, 1864, while carrying a wounded private from the field. At the battle of Plymouth, April 10, 1864, he was captured and sent to Libby prison, and later to prisons at Macon and Danville, Ga. Gen. Moffitt had held many important public offices. President Grant appointed him collector of customs for the District of Champlain in 1876, to which office he was reappointed in 1880 by President Hayes and again in 1889 by President Harrison. At the time of his death he was president of the Plattsburg National bank, assistant treasurer of the Catholic Summer School of America and a member of the Loyal Legion and of the Society of the Army of the Potomac. He is survived by three sisters and one brother, former Congressman John H. Moffitt.

Edwin W. Dunbar.

Edwin W. Dunbar, assistant auditor of passenger receipts of the Pennsylvania Company, died at 12:10 a. m. yesterday at his home, 2 Jumilla street. Mr. Dunbar was born in Chicago, Ill., 48 years ago, came to Pittsburgh when a boy of 15 and entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Company, with which he served 33 years. He was married 15 years ago to Miss Mary D. Brown. As secretary of the board of trustees of the Sixth Presbyterian church Mr. Dunbar took great interest in the erection of the new building, and while he was on his sick bed the first two payments of subscriptions to the building fund came into his office in the Union station. Although his time was devoted to the Pennsylvania Company, Mr. Dunbar was well known in business, social and religious circles. He is survived by his widow and three sons, Robert, Ebert and James Crawford Dunbar. Funeral services will be held at the house at 8 p. m. tomorrow, and the burial will be on Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Martha Trich.

Word was received yesterday by Mrs. May Trich-Moore of Braddock that her mother, Mrs. Martha Trich, wife of John Willis Trich, had died at their home at Port Angeles, Wash., at 8 o'clock on Saturday evening. Mrs. Trich was born in McKeesport 48 years ago, her father, James Price, being one of the pioneer settlers there. Her husband was in business in McKeesport, but later removed to Braddock and then to Port Angeles five years ago. Mrs. Trich was a member of the First Presbyterian church of Braddock. She was a sister of Mrs. Wiley, wife of Gen. John A. Wiley of Franklin, Pa., and of Mrs. W. E. Hartman of McKeesport. Besides her husband, Mrs. Trich is survived by a son and two daughters—Mrs. Moore of Braddock, Mrs. A. C. Peterson of Seattle, Wash., and Fred Trich of Port Angeles. Mrs. Trich was a niece of the late Thomas Tilbrook of McKeesport, the first mayor of McKeesport.

John W. Strong.

John W. Strong, for several years commercial editor of the Chicago Tribune, died yesterday in his berth on board a Monon train a short time before the latter reached Indianapolis. Death is supposed to have been caused by heart failure. The body was taken to the house of a brother in Indianapolis. The deceased was about 50 years old and started life as a telegraph operator. After having been with the Associated Press for 10 years, he became a reporter on the Chicago Times. During the world's fair he was employed in the bureau of transportation, and after the close of the fair he became commercial editor of the Tribune, which position he held at the time of his death. His widow and two sons survive him. One of his sons is a cadet at West Point.

Lawrence Depew.

Lawrence Depew, brother of United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew, of New Y and one of the most prominent citizens of Detroit, Mich., fell dead at the threshold of his home, 65 Forest avenue, east, yesterday. Death was ascribed to heart disease. Although Mr. Depew had been ailing for more than a year, it had not been considered that he was in any immediate danger. Mr. Depew bore a striking resemblance to Senator Depew. Aside from his widow, he is survived by two daughters and one son.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. Monica Crawford Scott, wife of Louis C. Scott of this city, died at noon yesterday at Asheville, N. C.

Attorney Samuel J. Graham of 120 Shady avenue has received word of the sudden death of his mother, Mrs. Mary L. Graham, at her home in Lexington, Va.

Mrs. Elizabeth McMurray, formerly a well-known resident of the Second ward, Pittsburgh, died yesterday afternoon at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. James A. Moreland, San Francisco, Cal. The news of Mrs. McMurray's death came to her Pittsburgh friends last night in a brief telegram to Mrs. Eliza Wilson of Craig street.

Mrs. Margaretta Kauss, wife of George Kauss, a well-known resident of Mt. Washington, died last night of cancer, aged 64 years. Mrs. Kauss resided with her son-in-law, Henry Frank of Emerald street. She is survived by her husband and seven children. For a number of years Mrs. Kauss was a member of Bethlehem Evangelical Lutheran church, Mt. Washington.

PERSONALS

Congressman Ernest F. Acheson of Washington, Pa., passed through the city last night on his way to Washington. He said: "The opposition to Roosevelt for the next president has virtually died out. Congressmen generally paid little attention to the opposition, but realized that it would not be lasting. I think he will be nominated and elected." Regarding the Japan-Russia embroglio, he said: "I do not think a war will be declared, at least not for the present. Neither country is ready for fight. Both sides will have to make better preparations before they are in condition to take such a stand. It is probable the question at issue can be settled diplomatically. Speaker Joseph Cannon has established two precedents. One is that he allows any person to approach him while in the chair. This he permits informally, and it has already proved beneficial. The second precedent is to appoint John Sharp Williams, the leader of the minority party, to assist in naming the committees. This precedent has resulted in preventing much animosity."

Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury, passed through the city last night on the Pennsylvania Limited. He is on his way home to spend a few days.

"The part China is to play in coming history will be of such far-reaching magnitude that no man dare determine the scope," stated Herbert F. Creelman, one of the electricians of the Niagara Falls Power Company's plant at Niagara Falls, N. Y., now visiting his brother-in-law, John E. Strum, of Coraopolis. From 1890 to 1895 Mr. Creelman was in the employ of the Japanese government. He built the first complete government machine shop at Yokohama and put in operation the original brewery in Japan. Continuing, he said: "At present the Chinese represent the inertia of humanity. These people are like a giant who does not realize his strength."

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

The nearby residents registered at the local hotels last night were as follows:

Seventh Avenue—H. B. Watson, Confluence; William McClurg, Butler; D. D. Kratzer, Lancaster.

Anderson—Charles E. Chase, Saratoga; J. H. Mitchel, Ford City.

Griswold—G. F. Girard, Connellsville; A. Portland, Altoona.

Monongahela House—Charles M. Barnett, Cambridge; Charles Diehl, Johnstown; S. D. Steel, Kittanning.

Duquesne—R. C. Gealty, Ford City.

Henry—S. N. Shrader, Grafton; W. J. Rodgers, Marietta; T. O'Brien, Wheeling; E. Judd, Oil City; F. T. Mynard, Dushore.

Lincoln—M. J. Ward, Middleton; G. Saeger, Cleveland.

Newell's—E. B. Booth, Parkersburg.

Colonial—S. S. Meek, Coshocton; [illegible] Cloy, Fairmont.

OWNTOWN RAISE IS $65,000,000

City Assessors Complete Official Assessments for Lower Wards of City.

TWO OTHERS ALSO FINISHED

The city assessors worked all day yesterday and completed the official assessments of the downtown wards, where the bulk of the heavy increases in property valuations are made. The wards completed were the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Ninth and Tenth. Assessor Elmer E. Siebert said that the list of assessments had been given to the clerks to tabulate and that they would show a general increase of 65 per cent over last year.

According to this rate of increase the assessments of the first five wards have been raised $65,000,000 and the first five wards, with the Ninth and Tenth, have been increased over $70,000,000, making the total assessments for these wards about $178,500,000, against a total of $108,187,166 for last year.

The assessments of the downtown ards comprise the heaviest part of the sessors' work, and the remaining 31 ards will be passed much more speedily. ssessor Siebert stated that while it uld require several weeks more to mplete the official estimates of all the rds, an approximate estimate of the sessments of the entire city would be dy in a week's time for the use of the ance committee and the controller's of in preparing the annual appropria s.

r. Siebert still insisted that the total eases in the city would be about 00,000. An increase of $70,000,00 in seven wards would leave a balance of 0,000,000 of the increase to be distributed among the remaining 31 wards. Chief Assessor A. J. Pitcairn has notified Mayor William B. Hays that the total increase will be not less than $100,000,000, which is $20,000,000 in excess of Mr. Siebert's estimate.

AN EPISCOPAL CHURCH DESTROYED BY FIRE

Rector Lloyd Arrives at Leechburg to Find His Church in Ruins—Loss About $5,000.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

LEECHBURG, PA., Jan. 3.—The edifice of the Holy Innocents Protestant Episcopal church of this place was destroyed by fire at 7 o'clock this morning. When discovered the flames had already gained great headway. The volunteer fire company arrived promptly, but the two nearest water plugs were frozen and nearly half an hour was lost in thawing them. By that time the church was doomed. Effective work was done in saving the residence of W. E. Shoemaker, about 20 feet distant, which was on fire several times and which was badly scorched. The fire whistle of the American Sheet Steel Company could not be used, as the mill is closed down and a number of the firemen did not hear the alarm. Had the fire plugs been in working order it is probable that the church would have been saved in part at least. The fire is supposed to have been caused by a heavy pressure of gas coming on. The furnace was burning all night.

When the rector, the Rev. Thomas Lloyd, also rector of the Vandergrift and Freeport churches, arrived this morning from Vandergrift to conduct the services, he found only a pile of ruins. The loss is about $5,000, covered by only $1,500 insurance. The congregation numbers only 25 members and it will be a heavy burden for them to rebuild. The building was 18 years old. A new slate roof was put on only a year ago and within the last three weeks new stained glass windows were put in. Not a single piece of furniture or anything whatever was saved. Fortunately there was no wind or several other buildings would have been destroyed. When first discovered the flames were sweeping up through the tower, which acted as a flue. The tower is right over the entrance and this cut off ingress to the structure from the start.

LESSONS IN DISASTER.

The Rev. I. A. Barnes Preaches on "Accidents and Providence."

The lessons of recent calamities furnished the theme for the sermon of the Rev. I. A. Barnes, pastor of the Second Methodist Protestant church, Pittsburgh, yesterday morning. "Accidents and Providence" was the title of his address, and his text, Psalms, 37:iv, "Commit thy way unto the Lord; trust also in Him, and He shall bring it to pass." After referring to the wreck at Connellsville and the Chicago holocaust, Mr. Barnes said:

While reading these stories of disaster many, perhaps, have asked, "Is there a God who rules in the universe, and if there be a God whose providential care is over us all, why were so many human lives sacrificed in these calamities?" An accident, according to our English definition, is an occurrence unforeseen by man, or one not planned beforehand by man; but, scientifically determined, there is no such thing as an accident.

The universe in all of its details is governed by law, and every force manifested in matter has its fixed laws by which its manifestations are made known. We call them the law of gravitation, the law of motion, the law of light, the law of growth, the law of affinity, the law of life. To the Christian who believes in one supreme God who rules over all matter, animate and inanimate, these so-called laws are but the expressions of the divine will concerning these forces. Providence, therefore, is God exercising control in the universe, and the psalmist, David, has given the secret of human safety and human peace and contentment in the declaration of the text, "Commit thy way unto the Lord; trust also in Him, and He shall bring it to pass."

If the man who loaded the crossties on the car from which they fell causing that wreck near Connellsville had fastened a few more wires across the top and had driven one handful of staples into these, that dreadful disaster might have been averted. And after a thorough investigation of the Iroquois theater in Chicago has been made, no doubt it will be found that if somebody had been more careful in wiring the building and in adjusting the machinery which operated the curtain, that most dreadful disaster might have been averted. And in, perhaps, ninety-nine out of every one hundred so-called accidents which have resulted in the loss of human life and property the cause may be traced, not to the withholding of God's providential care over man, but to carelessness, ignorance or negligence on the part of some human being; and nothing but a miracle on the part of Almighty God in the suspension of the operation of the law of forces could have averted the disaster.

Bellevue Church Dedicated.

Dedicatory services were conducted in the First Baptist church, Meade street, Bellevue, yesterday by the pastor, the Rev. F. U. Kohler. The new edifice was erected at a cost of $10,000 and is the first building owned by the congregation, which for the last six years has been worshiping in the W. C. T. U. hall. The building committee consists of the Rev. Mr. Kohler, H. W. Dewalt, W. E. Schaffnit, Christian Kirsch, W. O. Judd, Frederick Welde and R. I. Oberholser.

Fought for Her Friend.

Mamie Jeffries, a colored woman, was fined $25 and costs or 60 days to the workhouse, yesterday morning. She is a friend of Charles Maner, alias "Country Pal," one of the colored men arrested in connection with the murder of James Donnelly, the grocer, on Thursday night. When the officers went to the woman's house, at 1314 Franklin street, to search for Maner, she denied he was there and threatened to hit Acting Superintendent B. McStay with a chair.

Diphtheria Closes Schools.

The public schools of Emsworth will not reopen this morning as had been intended owing to the action of the board of health which has decided that all the rooms must be fumigated to guard against the further spread of diphtheria. The work fumigation will require several days.

SUICIDE OF TWO MEN BLAMED UPON DRINK

Westinghouse Employe Took Fatal Dose of Poison—Italian Cut His Throat.

William Clagett, an employe of the Westinghouse electric works at East Pittsburgh, aroused his sleeping wife at their home in Shaw avenue, Turtle Creek, Saturday morning, pointed to an empty carbolic acid bottle and fell to the floor in agony. He had carried out his threats to commit suicide, and before daylight he expired. He had been drinking since Christmas night and took the poison in a fit of choler.

Clagett was 40 years of age and was born in Baltimore of wealthy parents. Nine years ago he went to Turtle Creek from the east and was widely known there, having been a prominent church worker until his recent lapse. He is survived by his widow and five children. His remains will be taken to Baltimore for burial.

Acram Pedugvi, an Italian, committed suicide at his boarding house in Airbrake avenue, between Wilmerding and Pitcairn, at 6 o'clock last night. He had been working on the viaduct being constructed by the Pittsburgh Railways Company at the Westinghouse plant, and had been drinking heavily. Last night he became delirious and securing a razor he cut his jugular vein. Perugvi was 23 years old and unmarried.

More Mills to Start.

The 24-inch mills of the National works of the American Tin Plate Company at Monessen, which have been idle since December 24, will be started tonight in full operation. During the suspension of operations in the hot mill department, the cold roll department has been working full.

DEATHS.

CAMPBELL—On Friday, January 1, 1904, at 1:20 p. m., ALVIN WALKER CAMPBELL. Funeral services at his late residence, 6844 Thomas st., East End, Monday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Interment private.

CLAGGETT—Suddenly, Sunday morning, at 5 a. m., at his home in Turtle Creek, Pa., WILLIAM H. CLAGGETT, husband of Mrs. Alice Clagett (nee McCormick), aged 40 years, 5 months, 2 days.

Notice of funeral later.

(Baltimore papers please copy.)

DUNBAR—On Sunday, January 3, 1904, at 12:10 a. m., EDWIN W. DUNBAR.

Funeral services at his late residence, 8 Junilla street, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private, Wednesday morning.

GRAHAM—Suddenly, on Saturday, January 2, 1904, at her home in Lexington, Va., Mrs. MARY L. GRAHAM, mother of Attorney Samuel J. Graham of 720 Shady avenue, Pittsburgh.

GRIER—On Sunday, January 3, 1904, at 3:30 a. m., SAMUEL C. GRIER.

Funeral services at his late residence, 1180 Shady avenue, East End, Tuesday afternoon, January 5, at 2 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

KAUSS—On Sunday, January 3, 1904, at 6:45 p. m., MARGARETTA KAUSS (nee Peters), aged 64 years, 1 month, 10 days.

Funeral services on Wednesday afternoon, January 6, 1904, at 1:30 o'clock from the residence of her son-in-law, Henry Frank, 2 Emerald street, Thirty-first ward, city. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

LEE—On Saturday, January 2, 1904, at 12:30 p. m., JULIA KATHERINE, widow of John S. Kelton Lee, aged 76 years.

Funeral services at her late residence, 320 Lehigh avenue, E. E., Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

LEE—At Los Angeles, Cal., Sunday morning January 3, 1904, CLARA REPP, wife of Dr. J. M. Lee, formerly of Pittsburgh.

M'MURRAY—On Sunday, January 3, 1904, at 3:20 p. m., Mrs. ELIZABETH M'MURRAY, at residence of her daughter, Mrs. James A. Moreland, San Francisco, Cal.

M'KALIP—On Friday, January 1, 1904, at Pasadena, Cal., MARY M'KALIP, wife of T. J. McKalip.

SCOTT—On Sunday, January 3, 1904, at noon, Mrs. MONICA CRAWFORD SCOTT, wife of Louis C. Scott, at Asheville, N. C.

Notice of funeral later.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
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Always the Best.

BINDLEY HARDWARE Co.
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EVERY THING IN HARDWARE.

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815-817 LIBERTY AVENUE,

AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON | TONIGHT AT 8:15. MAT. SAT. AT 2:15.
Henry W. Savage Will Offer the Musical Comedy, The
PRINCE O. PILSEN
Broadway Theater Cast and Production.
Next Week—Peggy From Paris.

ALVIN | TONIGHT AT 8:15. MAT. SAT. AT 2:15.
The Distinguished English Actor,
Mr. Forbes Robertson and Miss Gertrude Elliott
in Kipling's "THE LIGHT THAT FAILED."
Next Week—Henry Irving.

GRAND EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING
THE NEW STOCK CO.
Commencing Monday, Matinee January 4.
Best Week. The Xmas Pantomime,
"BABES IN THE WOODS."
Next Week—"Trelawney of the Wells."

EMPIRE UP TOWN COLLIS AV. | Reached by all street car lines
WEBER & FIELDS HOITY TOITY
Mats. Wednesday and Saturday.
NEXT WEEK—WHEN WOMEN LOVE.

Bijou Bar. Mat. Mon. Wed. and Sat. Best Reserved Seats 25c and 50c. This Week
Famous Biddle Bros. Play
"A DESPERATE CHANCE."
Next Week—"McFadden's Row of Flats."

AVENUE FAMILY THEATER
ALL THIS WEEK | The Eminent Actor, HENRY LEE | 15 BIG ACTS
1:30 TO 10:30—POPULAR PRICES.

DUQUESNE GARDEN
Skating This Aft. and Eve.
Two Big Games This Week.
Tuesday—Victorias vs. Bankers.
Friday—P. A. C. vs. Keystones.

This Week DUQUESNE Mat. Wed. and Thurs.
JAMES K. HACKETT
In His New 4-Act Drama "The Crown Prince"
By Geo. H. Broadhurst.
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.
Next Week—W. H. THOMPSON.

Harry W. Williams' ACADEMY | Matinee 2. Evening 8. ALL THIS WEEK UTOPIANS

ays Remember the Full Name
ative Bromo Quinine
Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

W. M. LAIRD COMPANY.

Great Lease Expiring Sale

Over $250,000 Worth of

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers

of Every Description.

Entire stock and fixtures of our Smithfield Street Stores must be sold regardless of cost or value.

Sale Begins Monday at 9.
Both Stores

An opportunity for Bargains unequalled. Tens of thousands of pairs of Strictly Reliable high grade footwear, all fully warranted in every particular and at your own prices—

Mark downs of 25 per cent.
Mark downs of 33 per cent.
Mark downs of 50 per cent.
¼ off, ⅓ off, ½ off former prices.

Men's 75c Rubbers at - -	50c
Ladies' 50c Rubbers at - -	25c
Ladies' 60c Rubbers at - -	35c
Boys' 60c Rubbers at - -	35c
Misses' 40c Rubbers at - -	25c
Men's $1.50 Arctics at - -	98c
Misses' Gum Boots at - -	$1.08
Children's Gum Boots at - -	98c
Men's $3.50 Gum Boots - -	$2.29

1500 pairs of Ladies' Finest Sample Shoes and Oxfords
$4.00, $5.00 and $6.00 values at $2.65 a pair.
Finest Dongola Kid—Patent Leather and Box Calf—
All styles—all widths—very finest.

1500 pairs of Men's Finest Sample Shoes and Oxfords
$4.00, $5.00 and $6.00 values at $2.85 a pair.
Vici Kid—Patent Leather—Enamel—Box Calf—
Velour Calf—Cordovan—the finest made.

2000 pairs of Ladies' and Men's Fine Slippers
$5.00 grades at $2.50 a pair, $3.00 grades at $1.50.
Ladies' and Men's Slippers—100 styles.
At 39c, 49c, 69c, 75c, 98c a pair.

2000 pairs Men's $3.00 and $3.50 Fine Shoes, all sizes
Will Sell at $1.95 and $2.18 a pair.

1800 pairs of Men's $4.00 and $5.00 Dress Shoes
Will Sell at $2.85 a pair—all sizes.

1650 pairs Ladies' $3.00 and $3.50 Fine Dress Shoes
Will Sell at $1.95 and $2.29 a pair.

2750 pairs of Ladies' and Men's Finest High Grade
$7.00, $8.00, $9.00 and $10.00 Shoes at $4.75 a pair.

Warm Lined Beaver and Felt Goods
Women's Felt Shoes, 75c, 95c, $1.25.
Men's Felt Shoes at $1.00, $1.50, $1.75.

Hundreds of large lots not mentioned will be sold every day this week at Bargain prices.

SPECIALS FOR MONDAY:

500 pairs Men's Satin Calf Dress Shoes	98c
500 pairs Boys' Satin Calf Dress Shoes	98c
500 pairs Women's Kid Dress Shoes	98c
500 pairs Misses' Kid Dress Shoes -	98c
500 pairs Children's Dress Shoes -	98c
500 pairs Workmen's Shoes -	98c
Fine Wool Over Gaiters, 25c grade -	12c

25c Wool Soles at 10c a pair
25c Shoe Dressings at 10c a bottle
15c Shoe Dressings at 5c

Same Goods—Same Prices—
Same Bargains at Both Stores.

W. M. LAIRD COMPANY,
Smithfield St. and Market St.

B. & B.
annual january sale
muslin underwear

The sale that starts today will make a new epoch in the store's career, particularly with regard to Women's Undermuslins.

The refined daintiness of the garments, quality for the price, and character of the work, will appeal to women of taste as no former showing ever did.

The collection is larger and opportunity for presenting the various groups is better, on account of additional space and convenient rearrangement.

Over three hundred styles
corset covers, 8c to $15.00
Fifteen styles at 25c. Eighteen styles at 75c.
Twenty styles at 50c. Ten styles at $1.00.

Others between, above and below in such variety and such excellence at the prices as must surely win your commendation and practical approval.

Two hundred and fifty styles
chemise, 25c to $22.50
Fine Nainsook Chemise trimmed with Lace edges and insertions and ribbon beading—others with Embroidery inserting and edging, 75c.

Three hundred styles
drawers, 25c to $18.00
Seven superior styles, 25c.
Drawers trimmed with Embroidery ruffles and tucks, 25c.
Fine Cambric Drawers trimmed with blind embroidery ruffle and groups of tucks—others Lace trimmed—insertions and edges—on Lawn ruffle, 50c.
Fifteen styles at 50c.
Twelve styles at 75c.
Ten styles at $1.00.

Five hundred styles
night gowns, 50c to $35.00
Twenty styles at 75c.
Twenty-five styles at $1.00.
Extra quality Cambric Gown trimmed with Lace Insertion and Edges, ribbon beading, $1.00.
Fifteen styles at $1.25.
Eighteen styles at $1.50.
Fifteen styles at $2.00.
Twelve styles at $2.50.
The most interesting stock of Night Gowns from a woman buyer's point of view we think any have ever seen.

A thousand styles
petticoats, 50c to $60.00
Included with these and with the other garments above noted is the daintiest hand made imported French Underwear yet shown.
Twenty-five styles Petticoats at $1.00.
Twenty styles at $1.50.
Fifteen styles at $2.00.
Eighteen styles at $2.50
—and the most exquisite collection of fine white Petticoats at $5.00 ever this store had, and it's always been strong on fine Petticoats at Five Dollars.

A hundred styles.
short underskirts, 25c to $17.00
Special Cambric Skirt with five inch embroidery ruffle, 50c.
We hope every woman who learns of this Sale will give it her attention so that we may be able to demonstrate our strength in these lines, and all who come will profit.

new shirt waists
Concurrently with the Sale of new 1904 Muslinwear we present Fifty choice new styles White Shirt Waists—Plain Lawn, Batiste, Repp Madras, Damask Madras, and beautiful Linen Waists.
Embroidered and English Eyelet effects, dainty Drawn Work, and Lace Motif incrustations.
All new designs for the season soon to open.
Price range $1.25 to $8.50.

Opening of our own direct importations fine high class
exclusive embroideries
Plain White, Ecru and Novelty color effects—Edges, Flouncings, Insertions, Bands and All-Overs—not to be seen elsewhere in Greater Pittsburgh.
Indications are strong for a "Novelty" season, in which colored effects on white grounds will lead.
Special attention is invited to the new 18 inch Flouncings with 4 to 6 inch Insertions to match—Ecru, Light Blue or Pink on White.
Beautiful new ideas in White and Ecru Embroidered All-Overs with 12 to 18 inch Flouncings to match, for complete gowns.
They consist of solid embroidery—copies of fine hand-work—incrustations of Irish Crochet and Venise Laces, also new English Eyelet effects.
Important showing of 10 inch Petticoat Flouncings—copies of French hand embroidery on superfine Batiste.

Exquisite new hand embroidered Linen Waist patterns.
French and Irish embroidery on four different grades and weights of Linen—sheer handkerchief linen to heavy crash.
Large variety of distinctive effects.

1904 shelf emptying
It will be done effectively.
Every department from the top to the bottom of the house.
Never so large a stock in many lines of desirable goods.
Price is what we're going to move them with.
The effective price work starts this morning when the Store opens.
A few departments only get mention today—but all the 65 go at it today in earnest.

dress goods
Lupin's $2.00 Solid color canvas weave stylish fabrics, 46 inches wide, 50c
—Navys, Tans, Reseda, Cream and Black.
Lot London Suitings, $3.00 and $3.50 ones, 56 inches wide, $1.50 and $2.00.
Lot $1.00 56 inch wide, all wool, Overplaid Scotch Mix Suitings, 50c.
Lot Paris Novelties in Dress Woolens, $2.50 ones, $1.50—$1.25 ones, 75c.
Lot 25c Dress Goods, 15c.
Large lot fine and pretty 65 and 75 cent all wool French Printed Cashmeres—neat and kimono styles, 35c
—nearer throwing good goods away than anything this department ever did.

silk shelves
being emptied.
Big table handsome 75 cent and $1.00 Novelty Silks, 50c.
Lot of rich Imported $4.00 Novelty Silks, $1.50
—just half price for the richest productions of French looms.
Lot of imported all White and Cream Peau de Cygnes—lustrous, desirable silks that were One Dollar—too many of them and they must be cleared, 65c.
An attractive table of striped and figured Pongees, 35c.
Silk shelves to be cleared—therefore, Prices and Lots to pay people to come as never any January in 35 years.

2,000 Bed Comforts—wholesale and retail stock—priced to move—and interest everybody who has beds.
Sorted into lots at 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50.
Lot Silk Eiderdowns—very choice ones, $20.00 to $23.00 ones at $15.00.
Other fine Eiderdowns—price cut—$4.00, $5.50, $7.50, $10.00 and $12.50.
Blankets—prices that will empty cases—and do it fast—from both wholesale and retail.

furs reduced
Every Fur in the house reduced—women's and children's—every Neck Piece, every Muff, every Set, and every Coat whether of Russian or Hudson Bay Sable—Baum, Brown or Blended Marten—Persian Lamb—Ermine—Chinchilla—Mink—Blue, Black, Sable, or Isabella Fox—Blue or Black Lynx—Mole or Squirrel, all reduced.
Come and let us prove that what this says it means—and redounds to your great advantage.
Neck Pieces, $2.50 to $400.00.
Muffs, $1.50 to $125.00.
Fur Coats, $22.50 to $450.00.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny

WAS COLDEST DAY OF WHOLE WINTER

Frank Ridgway Called the Degree, Doing Better Than the Washington Experts.

DECEMBER RECORDS BROKEN

It is not often that the Pittsburgh weather observer, Frank Ridgway, competes with the headquarters in Washington, but he succeeded better on Saturday afternoon in calling the turn on the probabilities than the national capital did. On Saturday night the experts at the capital sent out a forecast of "colder and snow," while Mr. Ridgway on Saturday afternoon said a cold wave was coming and the temperature would go to zero.

The mercury did fall to zero and even below yesterday morning, making it the coldest day of the winter so far. "Fair" is the Washington forecast for today, but the way the thermometer was dropping before midnight it seemed as if that word fair was not expressive enough of the arctic conditions that will probably prevail. Nobody would be surprised if the mercury today should drop lower than it did yesterday.

The highest temperature yesterday was 13 degrees at 3 p. m.; the lowest was 1.1 degree below zero. The mercury began to fall after sunset Saturday evening and continued its descent, a degree each hour, until 6 a. m. Then it fell two degrees in an hour and reached one degree below zero at 7 o'clock. By 8 a. m. it had gone up to zero, but in a half hour it dropped suddenly again to 1.1 below zero, 1 of a degree lower than it was one and a half hours earlier. From that time on the mercury began to climb, until it reached the maximum of the day, when the declension again began. Following is the record by hours from midnight Saturday until 8 p. m. Sunday:

FLUCTUATIONS OF THE MERCURY.

	Deg.		Deg.
12 m.	7	10 a. m.	3
1 a. m.	6	11 a. m.	5
2 a. m.	5	12 noon	8
3 a. m.	4	1 p. m.	8
4 a. m.	3	2 p. m.	10
5 a. m.	2	3 p. m.	13
6 a. m.	1	4 p. m.	12
7 a. m.	*1	5 p. m.	10
8 a. m.	0	6 p. m.	9
8:30 a. m.	*1.1	7 p. m.	8
9 a. m.	1	8 p. m.	8

*Below zero.

The records of the local office show that during 34 years there have been four colder Decembers than last month, but in all that time there has never been a December of steadier cold weather, the low records of the four years being caused by several short cold spells, in which the mercury went far below zero. Several old residents were spoken to yesterday, and every one of them, while bragging of some extremely cold snaps during the 34 years, admitted that never before in all that time had they met a December like last month, for beginning with two days before Thanksgiving day there was only one day's thaw.

The mean temperature of last month was 28 degrees, and the mean temperature of those four other cold Decembers was 1872, 25; 1876, 23; 1878, 27, and 1880, 27. The record therefore shows that in eight years, from 1872 until 1880, there were four colder Decembers than the one just past, but last month was the coldest December in 23 years, from 1880 to 1903.

There were four clear days last month, eight partly cloudy and 19 cloudy days, and on 14 days there was precipitation.

Trouble on the Railroads.

The cold weather gave the operating officials of the railways considerable trouble. All trains entering Pittsburgh were delayed more or less. The limited was over an hour late in reaching the city. The second section of this train was nearly two hours behind time.

The switches in the yards failed to work right and trains were late in making up and leaving. No accidents occurred, but the precaution taken caused passengers to grumble about delay.

Sleigh bells were heard all over the city yesterday. Sleighing has been good for over a week, but the sudden drop in temperature on Saturday night, with a previous heavy fall of snow, made the sport better. On the boulevards the pleasure of gliding over the frozen roadways in many cases took the form of racing. Near the Larimer avenue bridge there were a few speeders on hand, ready to test their skill against anything in the way of horseflesh that came in sight. In the parks sleighing was not so good, and on every city street with heavy grade crowds of children persisted in sledding, in spite of street cars.

SIXTEEN DEGREES BELOW ZERO MARK

Waynesburg and Zanesville Report Extremely Cold Weather. Church Services Abandoned.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WAYNESBURG, PA., Jan. 3.—Waynesburg was struck by a cold wave last night and the thermometers registered from 14 to 16 degrees below zero this morning. This is the coldest weather known here. At a number of churches services were dismissed owing to inability to get the buildings warm, and the low gas pressure.

ZANESVILLE, O., Jan. 3.—Sixteen degrees below zero at 7 o clock this morning was the record here, though some thermometers registered as low as 20 and 22 degrees, and some only 13 and 14. The ground is covered with snow to the depth of 14 inches.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 3.—Not since the famous blizzard of April 21, 1901, have the railroads of this city been so crippled as for the past 24 hours. The electric car service, especially to the north, was practically abandoned last night.

CORRY, PA., Jan. 13.—The blizzard has ceased, but the mercury still hovers below zero tonight. Early this morning the thermometer registered 15 below zero. Trains on all roads are running from six to 10 hours late. A freight train at May's Siding tonight blocked the Pennsylvania.

DIED IN BATH ROOM.

Charles Luty of Avalon Expired Suddenly—Three Infants Succumbed.

Charles O. Luty, aged 24, was found dead from paralysis of the heart at the home of his parents, 231 Chestnut street, Avalon, early yesterday morning. He retired early Saturday night and shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday morning was heard to go to the bath room. Three hours later his father found him dead on the floor of the room.

Anton Maltea, aged 30, of New Kensington, who was injured by a fall of slate in the Allegheny Coal and Coke Company's mine, December 22, died yesterday at the West Penn hospital.

The deaths of three infants were reported at the morgue yesterday. Fred Albert Stein, three months old, of Keever avenue, Crafton terrace, died of pneumonia. Annie Kavala, one month old, of 714 Mint alley, died of spasms. The infant child of Ador Kasjeszyk of Carnegie, 15 days old, died of inanition.

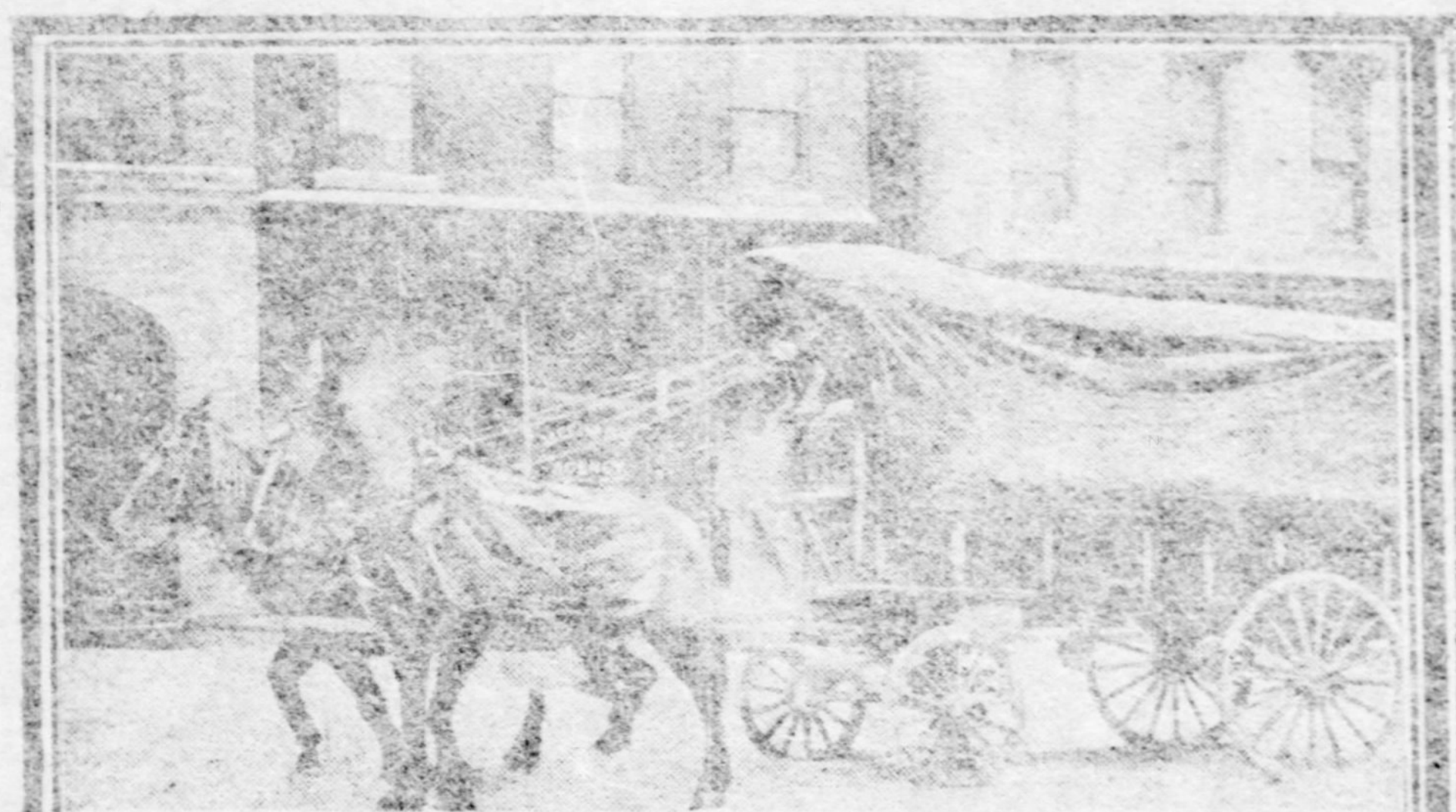
EXCESSES OF BRIGANDS MAKE LIFE INTOLERABLE

BERLIN, Jan. 3.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger says that conditions in the Caucasus are intolerable owing to the Armenian revolutionary movement and the excesses of the brigands. The correspondent adds that the Grand Duke Nicholas has arrived at St. Petersburg for the purpose of explaining to the czar that Prince Galitzin, the governor general of the Caucasus, is unequal to dealing with the situation. The trouble in the Caucasus is the result of an imperial decree confiscating the entire property of the ancient Armenian church in Russia.

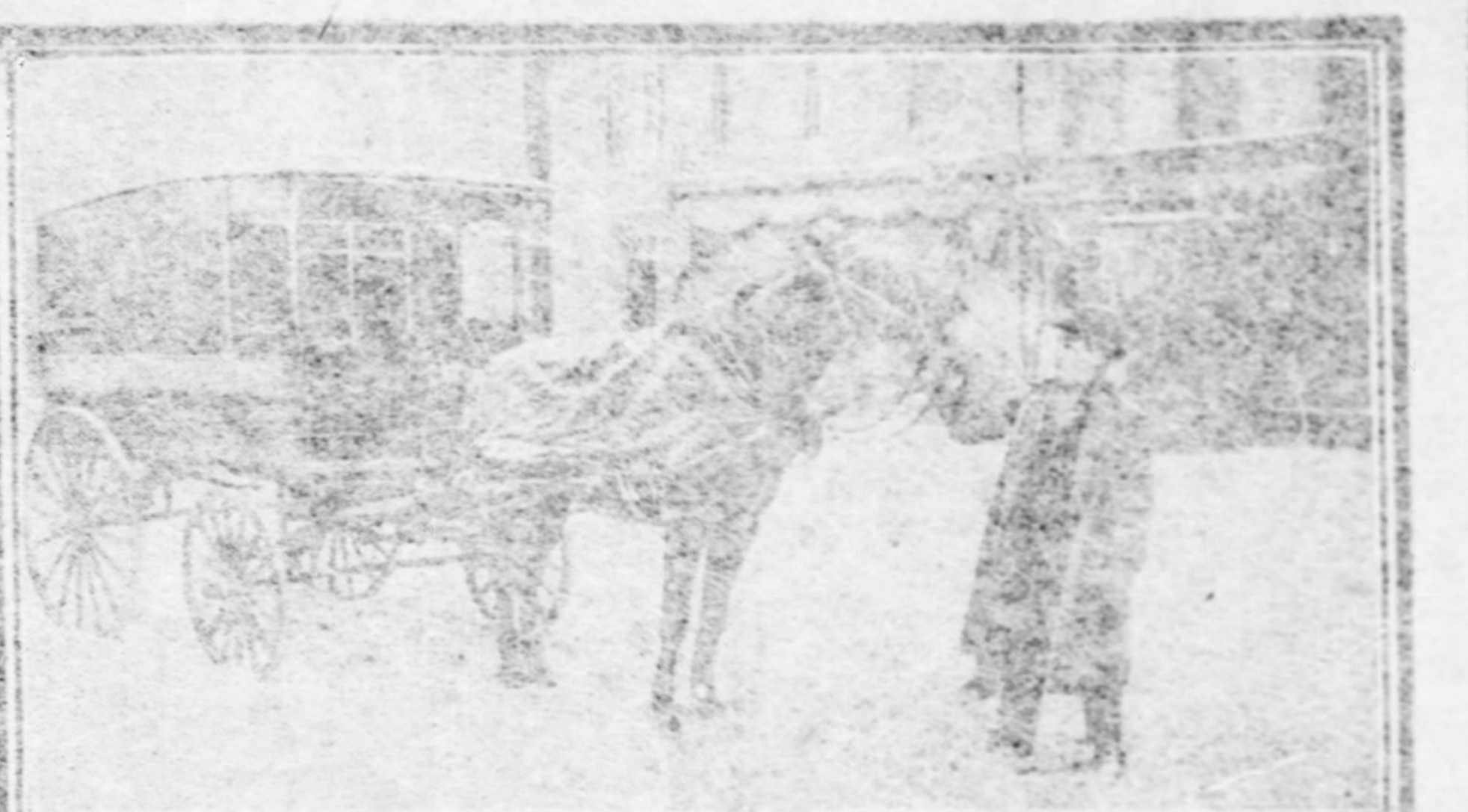
Strike Is Settled.

SHARON, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The striking molders and officials of the Sharon Foundry Company yesterday arranged a compromise on the proposed wage reduction. The terms are not stated. The men will return to work tomorrow.

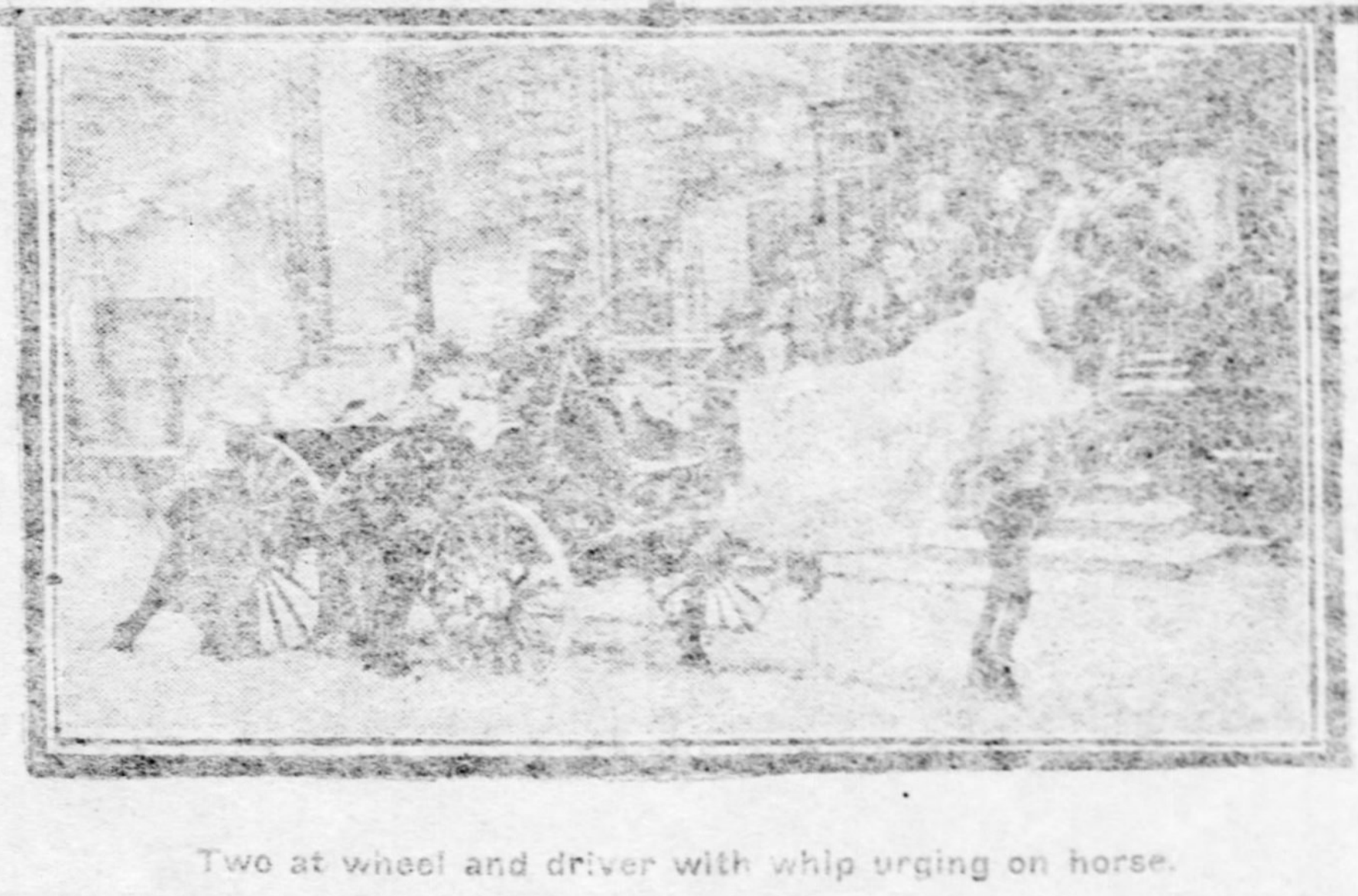
Why Pittsburgh Horses Would Favor the Removal of the Hump



Hard pull up Grant street.



Refuses to go farther until breathing spell is over.



Two at wheel and driver with whip urging on horse.

If Pittsburgh horses could talk and develop spellbinders' characteristics, there would be many eloquent equine speeches for the removal of the hump. Their appeals would not refer only to the Grant's hill grade, but to every steep hill, of which Pittsburgh is supplied to excess. In no city in the country are there such strenuous demands on horseflesh, and no city compares with this in the amount of tonnage moved by suffering steeds.

Breeders and shippers of stock everywhere take off their hats to the Pittsburgh horse. There are few jades here, because an effort to haul an ordinary load along any of the downtown thoroughfares aobve Smithfield street sends the old nag to its knees never to rise again. The team that would make a hit in Chicago or New York would not last a day in Pittsburgh. The average Pittsburgh team could draw a four-horse load in those two big but level cities.

In the old horse car days many a poor mule sank to its death in Fifth and Wylie avenues. In later years the Soho hill was fatal to the street car beast. Just now Fifth avenue, Grant street, Wylie, Webster and Center avenues see many horses suffer. The illustrations shown herewith give an idea of the suffering of horses on these tortuous grades. The Humane society has plenty to do and its agents keep a close eye upon the inclined plane thoroughfares.

EXTREME COLD IN THE EAST

Loss of Lives Due to the Blizzard in New York and Connecticut.

RAILWAY TRAINS DELAYED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Clear skies and biting cold succeeded the snow which raged all last night and yesterday, resulting in a total fall of 8 to 10 inches, the heaviest of the season. While there was little interruption of street car traffic today, owing to the constant use of snowplows during the continuance of the storm, the service on railroads entering the city was badly crippled. Many cases of frost bite and exhaustion from exposure were treated at the hospitals. One man was found unconscious and badly frost bitten in a snow drift in Second avenue. Another was found frozen to death in a drift near his home on Staten Island.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Jan. 3.—Connecticut tonight lies buried under more snow than has fallen in a single storm for a great many years, and along the coast line the only comparison of the experience of last night is with the memorable blizzard of 1888. Intense cold prevails. For so severe a storm the damage has not been heavy except to the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, which was completely tied up on all divisions in the state for many hours. Aside from the killing of four Italian shovelers in the New Haven railroad yards yesterday the only death in the storm reported was that of a civil war veteran, whose body was found in a drift today at Moodus.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—With the mercury hovering around the zero mark in this city, and reaching an extreme of 35 degrees below in northern Maine, with a foot of snow piling up at exposed points in huge drifts that delayed railroad trains, caused the abandonment of street railroad schedules, and in many cases interfered with the street lighting system, New England slowly emerged today from the clutches of the wildest blizzard that has swept this part of teh country since the memorable storm of November, 1898. The gale, accompanied by a blinding fall of snow, swept the coast from Newport, R. I., to Eastport, Me., until noon today, when it moved eastward, and tonight was raging with almost unprecedented violence over the maritime provinces, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia suffering the most.

Double patrols of live savers are watching the coast tonight, as they have for the past 30 hours. Only one shipwreck is known to have occurred, that of the schooner Belle Jal, on Allerton bar, but late tonight a woman's body was washed ashore at Nantasket, and it is feared that another vessel was lost during the storm.

Since last night five deaths from exposure have occurred in this city. Word came from Nantucket tonight that the harbor of Siasconsett was frozen for the first time in several years. The supply of provisions there is low and much anxiety is felt by the islanders.

RESULT OF PRIMARIES HELD IN MONESSEN

MONESSEN, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Monessen was recently divided into wards and last night for the first time Republican suggestion meetings were held in each of the wards. The biggest fight will be centered on council. Supt. W. F. Triggs of the Page Woven Wire Fence Company is the First ward candidate for council. In the second ward Supt. P. E. Donner and H. Dallas McCabe of the East Side Land Company retire and J. J. Cushing, boss roller of the Page mill and H. N. Odbert, were suggested. In the Third ward, with three to elect, E. S. Metz, David Henderson and Andrew Johnson were suggested. There is a fight on for justice of the peace with three candidates, John Tonkay, H. H. Gatter and C. G. Drake.

THE REV. FATHER DEVLIN PRAISES ACTION OF NON-CATHOLICS

The controversy provoked by the election of Sister Mary Dunlevy of the Roman Catholic Order of St. Joseph to the superintendency of the South Side hospital and her refusal to serve, followed by the exciting meeting of the Ladies' Aid society, called forth an expression yesterday from the Rev. Father Thomas Devlin, pastor of the Holy Cross Roman Catholic church. At the morning services Father Devlin took occasion to thank those members of the board of directors who had tendered the management of the hospital to the sisterhood and said that their action voiced the sentiment of a good portion of the intelligent, broad-minded people of the South Side. He said that no greater compliment could be paid the sisters of the Order of St. Joseph than the visible faith and consideration of Protestant members of the board.

As to the demonstration at the meeting on Tuesday afternoon, Father Devlin declared that it did not express the views of the best element of non-Catholics. He regretted that narrow-mindedness characteristic of the country town of half a century ago had been thus manifested, when in the work of charity sectarian differences are usually forgotten.

MOTHER OF BABY WAS FOUND IN THE HOSPITAL

Refused to Give Name of Young Woman Who Deserted the Infant Saturday.

The Allegheny police made an investigation yesterday in an effort to determine the identity of the 6-weeks-old baby left in St. John's hospital by a well-dressed girl Saturday night. They found the mother, but the name of the girl who carried the child to the institution remains a mystery.

According to the police a Miss Katherine Kirton, who says she lives in Montgomery avenue, was admitted to the hospital Wednesday last. She is the mother of the child and left it in the care of a friend. This friend evidently became tired of the charge, for the police state that on Friday a young woman visited the Allegheny Day Nursery, the charities department and the matron at Central station in an attempt to get rid of the baby.

Saturday night she went to the hospital and while the attendants were not looking, left it on a bed. The baby was restored to its mother and she now refuses to divulge either the name of the friend or the child's father.

GIRL REFUSES TO TALK.

Helen Densmore, Who Tried to Commit Suicide, Had Worked at New Castle.

Helen Densmore, the pretty 18-year-old girl who is at the Homeopathic hospital from the effects of poison taken with suicidal intent Saturday night, is now expected to recover, and realizing this, she refuses to talk about herself.

When taken to the hospital by two young men, who left without giving their names, she told the nurses that she had come from New Castle with a young man. They quarreled and she drank about an ounce of laudanum at the Fourth avenue entrance to the Federal building.

It was learned last night that for the past 18 months she has been employed as a waitress in several restaurants at New Castle but left last Wednesday. While working there she said that her home was in East Liverpool. It was stated last night that she will be able to leave the hospital in a couple of days.

Long-Lost Brother Dead.

The Lawrenceville police received a telephone message from Parkersburg, W. Va., last night to locate Mrs. Martin Kerrigan and notify her of the death of her brother, John McInerney, at that place. Mrs. Kerrigan lives at Hatfield and Forty-seventh streets and when informed of her brother's death, said she had not seen or heard from him for 10 years.

RANKIN WOMAN IS LOST.

Mrs. Jackson Supposed to Be in Hospital, but Cannot Be Found.

Mystery was added to the disappearance of Mrs. Mary Jackson, who left the home of J. M. Hays, Rankin, where she was employed as housekeeper, last Tuesday, when Mr. Hays telephoned the Allegheny police last night that he had learned Mrs. Jackson was in an Allegheny hospital suffering with heart disease.

An investigation by the police showed the woman had left two of her children at the Hays home and had taken the youngest, a 2-year-old boy to the Allegheny Day Nursery on the day of her disappearance. According to Mr. Hays Mrs. Jackson is said to have fainted on the street after leaving the nursery and is supposed to have been taken to a hospital. Inquiry at all the hospitals where it was possible for her to have been taken was made by the police last night, but her whereabouts still remain a mystery.

SPENT A LARGE FORTUNE.

Constant Laval Used Up $300,000 in Experiments in New York.

Mrs. Marie Laval, wife of Constant Laval, the French inventor and secret service man who died in Rankin Saturday, reached there yesterday. She said that her husband was at one time proprietor of a mirror factory near New York city. He started his experiments about 12 years ago and spent $300,000 in making tests. After his fortune was gone he left New York and went to Rankin. His father was a millionaire glass manufacturer of Alsace, Germany.

The remains were taken charge of by his son, Jean Laval, and the funeral services will be held today by the Rev. Father Patrick Maher of St. Thomas' Roman Catholic church. They will be interred in St. Thomas cemetery. Laval is survived by his widow and several children living in New York.

CATHOLICS TO MEET.

Executive Committee of the American Federation to Confer at Detroit This Month.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 3.—National Secretary Anthony Matre of the American Federation of Catholic societies, announces that the executive board will meet at Detroit, January 30 and 31. Among those who will attend are Bishop McFaul, Archbishop Messmer, President Minahan of New York, Henry J. Fries of Erie, Nicholas Gonner of Dubuque, Thomas H. Cannon of Chicago, Dr. J. W. Fowler of Louisville, John Galvin of Brattleboro, Vt.; F. W. Immerkus of Pittsburgh, Peter Walrath of Evansville, Ind.; Walter G. Smith of Philadelphia, and Anthony Matre of Cincinnati.

On Sunday, January 31, there will be a public meeting addressed by Bishop Foley and others.

STRAIN OF DISASTER CAUSED COLLAPSE

Priest While Taking Home Body of Woman Killed in Chicago Couldn't Stand It Any Longer.

FOUND REMAINS AT MORGUE

Being unable to stand the strain of the excitement attending the Iroquois theater fire, owing to the fact that his housekeeper, Mary Newman of Baltimore, was a victim, the Rev. J. C. Occassean of 1437 South Forty-second avenue, Chicago, collapsed in the Baltimore & Ohio Water street station yesterday evening about 5 o'clock. Miss Newman had attended the matinee in the theater, and after the fire was carried out a corpse. The Rev. Occassean was taking the remains to Baltimore for burial.

The Rev. Mr. Occassean formerly had charge of a Baltimore church, and a few years ago was transferred to Chicago. He took with him Miss Newman, and having kept her so long, regarded her almost equal to one of his family. He gave her permission to attend "Mr. Bluebeard," little thinking what the future had in store for her. When the news of the fire reached the Rev. Occassean he hurried to the theater, there to find the seriousness of the disaster.

Thinking that Miss Newman might be numbered among the dead or injured he lent his effort to rescue the victims. For several hours he worked diligently to locate his housekeeper, but failed. When all the bodies were removed from the theater, and failing to find her, he started on a visit to the different morgues. Here he found her in a badly charred and bruised condition. He communicated with her relatives and they requested the remains be taken to Baltimore.

The train bearing the remains arrived at the station shortly before 5 o'clock and the priest decided to stay in the station until 6:30, when the next train left for the east. He had only been waiting a few minutes when he became sick, and before he could ask for assistance, fell over. Officer William Exley was called and he had him sent to Mercy hospital. At a late hour last night it was given out that he would recover.

Runaway Team Nearly Frozen.

Policeman Murray Johnston early yesterday morning found two horses attached to a sleigh at Fifth and Frankstown avenues. Both animals were numb from long exposure. One of them was lying in the snow, partly covered with ice. They were sent to the city stables in Frankstown avenue and later claimed by Booth & Richards, who said the team ran away Saturday night from Liberty avenue and Thirty-fifth street.

Braddock Boy Missing.

The local police have been asked to locate William McVittia, aged 11 years, who has been missing from his home, 117 Penn avenue, Braddock, since New Year's eve.

A Jug of Joy

A jug the children dance around in gleeful anticipation.

Karo

CORN SYRUP

The Great Spread for Daily Bread.

The syrup of delight morning, noon or night. A syrup that is not only delicious, but a valuable health-maker and body builder. Contains all the goodness of corn—the most nutritive cereal grown. Prepared particularly for table and home uses. Put up in airtight, friction-top tins which protect its purity, making it particularly preferable to the dusty, uncleanly barrel syrups. 10c, 25c and 50c. At all grocers.

CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

A Good Start

is a bank account, in the right bank. This bank's reputation for courtesy, treatment and conservative management brings many a depositor to its doors.

First bank in the city open all day Saturday until 9 P. M.

North American Savings Co.

Fourth Ave. and Market St.

DON'T GET YOUR LEG PULLED

by taking your watch or jewelry to some one who will over charge you. I have six skilled mechanics. All work warranted. The first man in the United States to cut the price of watch repairing.

Watches cleaned 50c
Main Springs 50c
New Jewels 50c
Case Springs 50c
Watch Hands 5c
Watch crystals 5c

Old Gold Bought or Exchanged.

B. E. ARONS, JEWELRY MAKER,

205 AND 207 SMITHFIELD ST.

HAND SAPOLIO

It insures an enjoyable, invigorating bath; makes every pore respond, removes dead skin,

ENERGIZES THE WHOLE BODY

starts the circulation and leaves a glow equal to a Turkish bath.

ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

Sleighs and Sleds

For Boys and Girls.

Masquerade Bells, False Faces, Wigs, Noses, Mustaches, all colors; satin and cotton Domino Masks with curtains. Wholesale and retail. Large assortment new goods at

J. G. Lauer's Toy House,

620 Liberty Street.

Ayer's

Quiets tickling throats, hacking coughs, pain in the lungs. Your doctor will explain this. He knows. Trust him. He has the formula.

25c., 50c., $1.00.
Sold for 60 years.

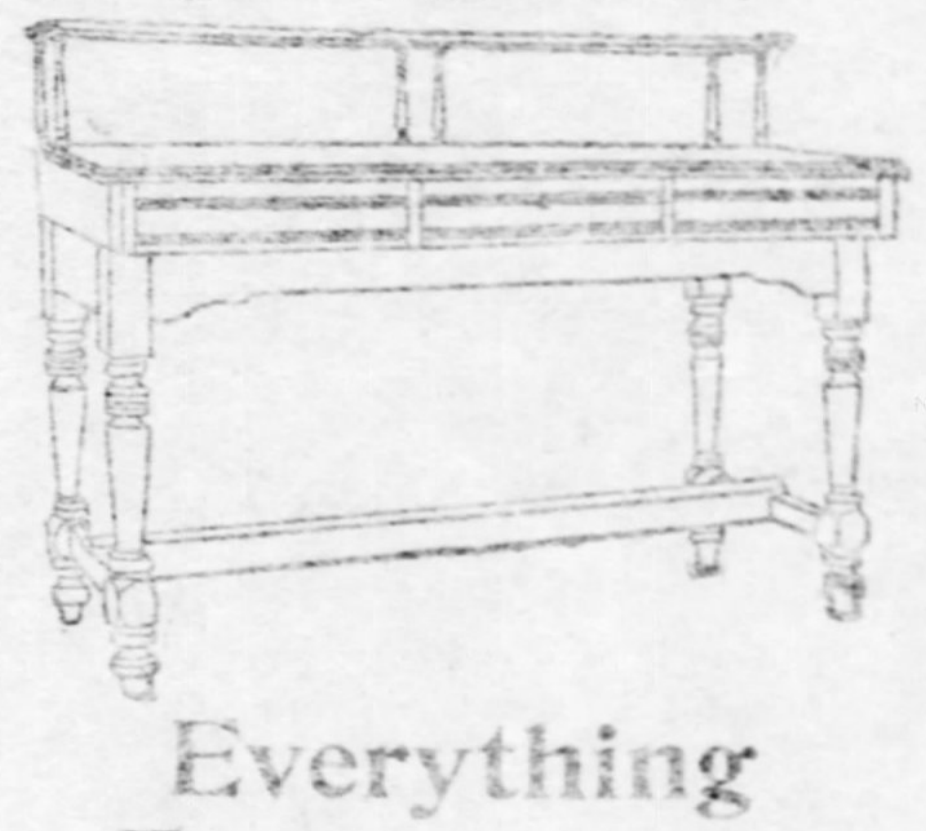
Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR—For the hair.
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA—For the blood.
AYER'S PILLS—For constipation.
AYER'S AGUE CURE—For malaria and ague.

Cherry Pectoral

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)



Everything For the Office

The splendid character of the goods carried in every department of this, the largest furniture store in the world, is a matter of general knowledge.

And business men should bear in mind that the department of office furniture in this store not only measures up to the same high standard that prevails in every other department, but that it carries the largest and most complete stock of office furniture of every description that can be found anywhere in the country.

The desk shown in the illustration is a 6-foot Standing Desk made of golden oak. It is complete in every particular, possesses every convenience, is strong, firm, substantial and of pleasing appearance.

Everything from the finest mahogany desks in a multitude of late designs to the minutest detail of office equipment is here. Filing Systems, Card Indexes, Tables, Chairs, etc., are shown in endless variety.

And price is always an inducement at

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HORNE-STEWART Co

DRY GOODS

Monday 4 January 1904

Stocktaking less than a month away—reason enough for these January Sales and the goods and prices that go with them. But it's time to let go anyway and it will pay you to come when your store says the word. Never planned such a general clearance and never before contemplated such sacrifices all over the store.

January Sales Begin This Morning

Getting ready for stocktaking means clearing out the salvage and wreckage of a big holiday business and all the odds and ends and remnants and everything that belongs to winter and buying lots of new things to keep the pot a-boiling.

January Sale of White Goods

In white goods and white wear never so well prepared with the new and the novel and never able to make a more attractive showing or more attractive prices.

Sale Opens Today

Laces and Embroideries
Long Cloths and Lawns
Muslin Underwear
Cambric Underwear
Nainsook Underwear
Corsets

The sale opens with the open door this morning and it will eclipse all past efforts.

Never a dull day among the Linens but every day in January shall be a banner day. Never bought better and never bought more.

Sale Opens Today

New Pattern Cloths
New Napkins to match
Towels and Toweling
Embroidered Linens
Renaissance and Cluny
Table Damasks

The sale opens with the open door this morning and it, too, will eclipse all past efforts.

233-235 FIFTH AVENUE

See the Coon Hollow Folk
On Their Tour of the World.
in Next Sunday's Gazette

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 4, 1904.—PAGES 7 TO 12.

Buster Brown and Tige
Best Comic Page Printed. See It
in Next Sunday's Gazette

TURF OFFICIALS WORKING ON DOPING MYSTERY

SENSATION IS ON AT CRESCENT CLUB

Split in Parnership May Clear Up the Calcutta Doping Case.

LOCAL FIRM OWNED HORSE

(Special Telegram to The Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Jan. 3.—The Calcutta doping case promises to become a sensation here. This is the third case of the alleged misuse of drugs since the opening of the Crescent club's meeting.

Patrice was the first to attract judicial notice, and, although there remained no doubt in the minds of the stewards that the Carrano filly had been doped, the guilty party or parties fled the city, and further than refusing the future entry of Patrice, no action was taken.

Radford was the next to fall under the judicial ban, although, up to the present, Judge Bryan and his associates have been unable to discover who was concerned in the violation of the Jockey club's rule.

The Calcutta affair promises to end more satisfactorily, that is, so far as the punishment of the guilty parties are concerned, than either of the two previous cases.

"When thieves fall out, just met get their dues," is a proverb which apparently holds good in this particular case. Whether or not the judges themselves noticed Calcutta's condition after the fifth race yesterday, the fact remains that the condition of the horse was made the subject of investigation after D. Luderbach, who is the "company" of W. D. Bernhardt & Co., in whose colors Calcutta runs, voluntarily went to the judge's stand after the race and informed the officials that he knew nothing of the horse's condition.

If Calcutta was doped there seems to be an excellent chance to get to the facts, because of the split of the partnership, which leaked out today.

Bernhardt and Luderbach are both local men. Last summer they formed a partnership and purchased Calcutta, Atheola and Responsive, the latter being a full sister to Witful. The horses were raced under the name of W. D. Bernhardt & Co., and everything went well until Atheola won at long odds during the first week of the meeting.

A considerable sum of money was won by her owners over Atheola's victory and the division of the spoils is alleged to have caused the strife between the two partners. Luderbach now asserts that he has been declared out by Bernhardt, meaning to imply that the latter has taken away his interest in the horses running in the company's name. With the doping of a horse, along with the quarrel of the partners, now in the hands of the stewards, interesting developments may be expected in the future.

IMPORTANT GAME TONIGHT

Pittsburgh Five to Play Fast Manchester Crowd at the Raleigh.

The inhabitants of lower Allegheny will turn out tonight to see Hans Wagner and Deacon Philippe endeavor, with the aid of the rest of their big five, to take a fall out of the Manchester team. This is expected to be the most exciting game played at the Raleigh this season. In both games between these teams last season the score was very close throughout, there being but a few points difference at the end of both games. The Pittsburgh five is much stronger than was the Carnegie team of last year, and it expects to down Manchester 2 to 1. The Manchester boys have not played since Tuesday of last week and are all in first-class condition for tonight's battle.

A preliminary will be played by the Manchester Juniors and the Superior A. C. This will be a fast game, without doubt. Following is the line-up for both games:

Manchester.		Pittsburgh Five.
Graham	R. F.	Campbell, Moore
Koch	L. F.	Dickson
Seibel, Metzkes	C.	Stehle, Lampe
Hoy, Walliser	R. G.	Hans Wagner
Burry	L. G.	A. Wagner, E. Seibel

Officials—Luckhardt and Little.

Manchester Jrs.		Superior A. C.
Tannehill, Bauer	R. F.	Patterson
O'Neil	L. F.	Neely, Roberts
King	C.	Brooks, Dodds
Graham	R. G.	Meals
Alton	L. G.	Steinwender

Referee—Graham.

Notes About the Passers.

The South Side Eagles will line up against the Allentown team Tuesday.

The preliminary to the big game tonight will be started promptly at 8 o'clock.

It is expected that at least 1,000 will attend the game in lower Allegheny tonight.

The spectators at the Manchester-Pittsburgh five game tonight will all receive score cards.

The Acorn management is desirous of arranging a schedule of games, all teams having halls write J. W. McAllister, 504 Smith block, city.

The Marquette team will play the Fayettes Friday evening in Marquette hall, 4324 Second avenue. For games address Charles Guthre, 4252 Second avenue, city.

The Acorn basketball team would like to hear from all 16 to 17-year-old teams. Address Manager Thomas P. Hastings, care of W. G. Johnston & Co., Pittsburgh.

The Marquette Reserves will play the Friendship Five in Marquette hall Friday evening. All players will report for practice Monday and Wednesday evenings. For games address Michael Flathy, 12 Rutherglen street, Pittsburgh.

The Lyceum team which is making such a great showing in the league race has two hard games this week. On Thursday it plays D. C. and A. C. at Lyceum hall. This game promises to be the warmest argument yet produced in the league. On the following night Lyceum and Olympia meet at McKeesport.

Tonight the Allegheny Lyceum will tackle the Olympics of McKeesport in a County league game. A hot game is promised. The manager of Lyceum would like all players to report at the Baltimore & Ohio depot at 6:30 sharp. On Tuesday evening Lyceum will line up against South Side in a league game on Lyceum floor.

The South Side Juniors have a hard schedule for this week. On Tuesday evening they will play the Allegheny Lyceum Juniors on the latter's floor, and next Saturday they will play the champion Sterlings on their own floor. The South Side Juniors did very well against the Pittsburgh Lyceum Juniors Saturday night. Kaufmann's shooting was a feature, while the rest of the team showed nice team work.

A PASTIME VICTORY.

Boys from the Hill Wallop Library Team 29 to 20.

The Pastime A. C. beat the Library team at Carnegie, 29 to 20. The first half was closely contested, and Library was leading 13 to 11 when time was called. In the second half Pastime ran the Carnegies off their feets, the defense of Barbin and Jackson being especially notable. Score and lineup:

Pastime—29.		Library—20.
Mackrell	R. F.	Beadling
Cook	L. F.	Tomlison
Cullison	C.	Frye
Jackson	R. G.	Goldsmith
Barbin	L. G.	Reese

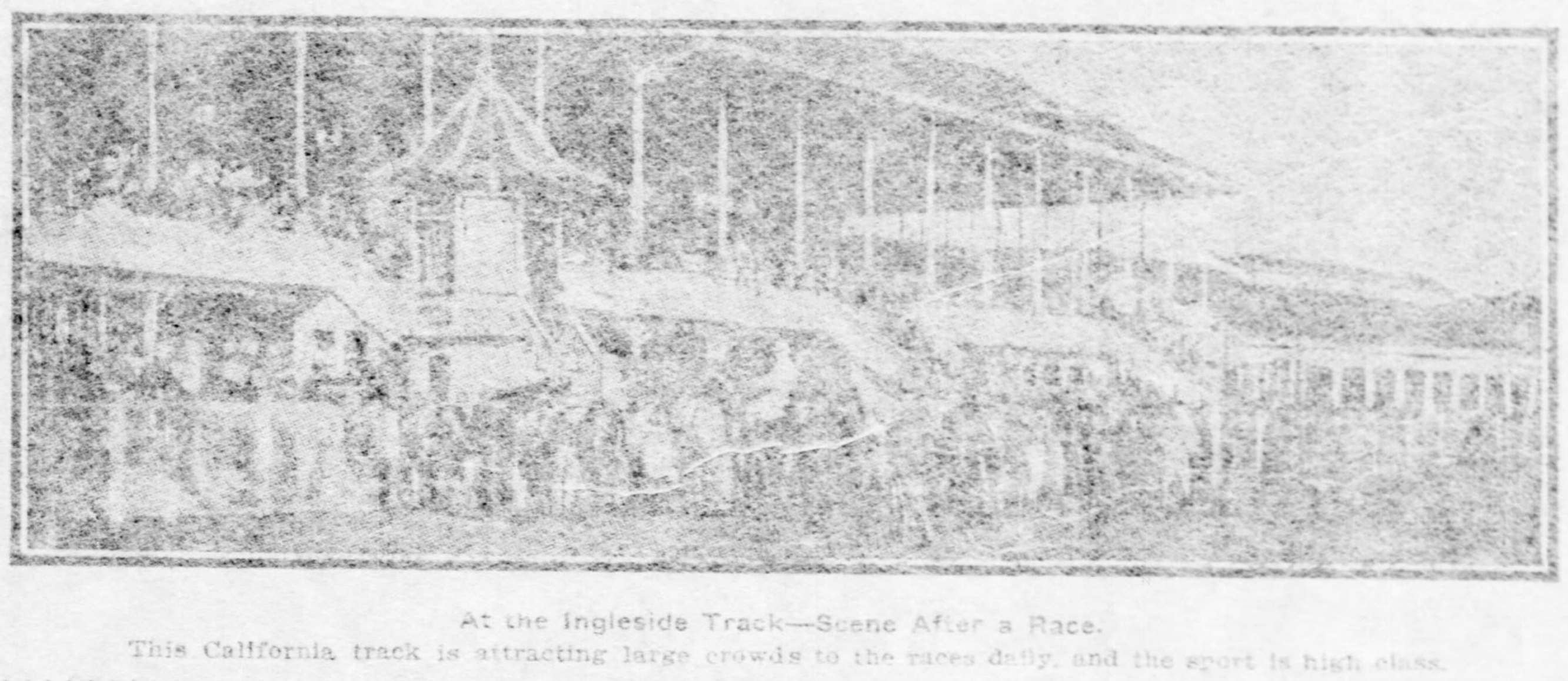
Goals from field—Jackson 2, Barbin, Cullison, Cook 5, Mackrell 4, Reese 2, Frye 2, Goldsmith 2. Goals from foul—Cullison 3, Reese 6. Referee—Honus Wagner. Timekeeper—Newell. Scorer—Coleridge.

Live-Bird Shoot Ends.

The live-bird shoot which has been conducted by the Rankin volunteer fire department ended Saturday evening. The department received about $25 in contributions.

GIRLS BARELY ESCAPE FROM BURNING SCHOOL

[illegible]VILLE, KY., Jan. 3.—St. Cath- [illegible]academy, a Catholic school for [illegible] near Springfield, Ky., burned [illegible] today. The loss is about [illegible] between 75 and 100 girls barely [illegible] their lives. All of the [illegible] destroyed.



At the Ingleside Track—Scene After a Race.
This California track is attracting large crowds to the races daily, and the sport is high class.

ANOTHER PITTSBURGH BASEBALL PLAYER WANTED BY CLUB FROM THE PACIFIC COAST

KEEN RIVALRY AMONG THE HOCKEY PLAYERS

Ahl Led the Procession Until Saturday Night, When Askin Tied Him.

Probably never before in the history of the interscholastic hockey league has there been such a keen rivalry by the players to see who shall lead in the number of goals shot. Charlie Ahl, the Shadyside captain, who is acknowledged one of the hardest shooters in the league, led the procession up to Saturday, when Askin, of East Liberty, who has been a contender for the honor this year, landed a goal against High school and tied Ahl, each having four goals to their credit.

The fact that the leaders are credited with but four goals each show how evenly the teams are matched and how difficult it is for the players to send the rubber into the cage.

Capt. Bunton of East Liberty broke into the goal column Saturday by shooting the goal that beat High school, and it is now up to "Midget" Spuhler of High school to land one and thus have all the captains included in the list. Alexander McCracken, the East Liberty point, is out for one himself, and in the next game it is certain that he will endeavor to get it by a long run through the crowd. The rivalry for goals is not working to the detriment of the clubs in team playing, as none of the captains will stand for a player refusing to pass when a goal may result from his doing so.

Campbell of the Bankers leads the Western Pennsylvania league in goals, having nine. The Banker team, during this season, has shot 10 goals, and the fact that he has shot nine of them shows what a strong factor he is in the champions winning their games. Without Campbell the Bankers would not be nearly so strong.

"Muggins" Cunningham of the Kiski school team, which beat the Allegheny High school team last week at the Coloseum 1 to 0, will reorganize the team when the players return to Kiski today or tomorrow. Cunningham will probably have some of the teams of the interscholastic league play his seven at Kiski soon. Cunningham will pick his team from the following players: "Boog" Cunningham, Barnard, the captain of the track team; Caughey, Hukill, Davies, "Whitty" Colvin and Weller. The records of the players in the local leagues follow:

	1st Half.	2d Half.	Extra Play.
Ahl, Shadyside	2	2	0
Askin, East Liberty	3	0	1
P. Johns, High School	1	0	0
Bryan, East Liberty	0	1	0
Brown, High School	0	1	0
Kohne, Shadyside	0	1	0
McCutcheon, Shadyside	0	1	0
Bunton, East Liberty	1	0	0
Schenck, High School	0	1	0

Slots past goaltenders—Carnahan, Shadyside, 2; Bulger, East Liberty, 7; Harper, High School, 5; Kohne, Shadyside, 1; Yohe, East Liberty, 0.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA LEAGUE.

Campbell	5	4
G. Sixsmith, Victorias	4	4
Robinson, P. A. C.	3	3
Wilson, P. A. C.	5	1
A. Sixsmith, Victorias	1	6
Henry, Victorias	4	0
Roberts, Victorias	3	4
Taylor, Keystone	2	2
Willett, Keystone	0	1
Bright, Keystone	0	1
W. Young, Keystone	1	0
Field, Keystone	0	1
Duvall, Victorias	0	1
Phymister, Bankers	1	0

The goals shot in the Yale-Princeton series last week follow:

Behr, Yale	3
Zabuiser, Princeton	2
Leak, Princeton	1
Cornell, Yale	1
Rowland, Yale	1
Purnell, Princeton	1
Dallmeyer, Princeton	1

CANADA STARTS YEAR WITH PROSPERITY

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—"Canada is in fine shape at the beginning of 1904. She is prosperous, with every reason to believe there is greater prosperity in store for her. There is no sentiment of any account in favor of annexation to the United States and no great outcry for reciprocity between the Dominion and the States." This is the way the Hon. W. H. Montague, former secretary of state in Canada, sized up the situation in the Dominion. Mr. Montague is visiting in New York.

Los Angeles Manager Is Seeking Pitcher Ike Lawrence to Join His Fast Aggregation.

LIKE SMOKY CITY BOYS

PITCHER IKE LAWRENCE.
He Is Wanted by Los Angeles. His First Good Engagement Was With Homestead.

Another Pittsburgh ball player is wanted for the Pacific Coast league, the outlaw organization. The latest local tosser to be made an offer from this organization is Pitcher Ike Lawrence. The Los Angeles club seeks him and asks him to send his lowest terms, characteristic of a manager's telegram to a player.

Los Angeles is where Jimmy Miller, the local infielder who played fine ball for the Toronto Eastern league last summer, may go for the next campaign. Miller is dickering with Manager Morley of the Los Angeles club. Morley wants Lawrence and if he comes up to the price the local boy desires, he will go out to the coast.

"Los Angeles is a good many miles from Pittsburgh, and it is hard to get back if you are broke," says Lawrence. "Morley must give me $300 advance money before I leave this town."

The San Francisco club of the same league is still trying to get Pitcher Billy Campbell, the southpaw who was with Birmingham in the Southern league last year. 'Frisco will have to show lots of coin to get him to forsake his allegiance with the south.

There will be no independent team in Pottsville next summer. The populace did not enthuse much over last year's finning team, at least the money was not coming into the box office very abundantly, which accounts for the change. Manager Golden will manage the Reading team and he has signed Third Baseman Kid Magan, one of the best youngsters playing the bag in the independent circuit in the east, and Pitcher Mike Sheridan.

Catcher Pete Agnew will manage the Harrisburg team the coming season. He captained last year's team which won the tri-state championship. He hopes to again win the cup with these players: Agnew and Somers, catchers; Hartley, Matthews, Bowdin and McCann, pitchers; Deal, Bonner, Mack, Cassidy, Newton and Barker, infielders; Vinson, Farrell and Nallin, outfielders.

The baseball fans of Avalon are beginning to wake up. A movement has been started toward the forming of a team with Clarence Zimmer as captain and manager. The team, as spoken of, will line up something like this: Crozier, catcher; Phil Weaver of Mercersburg academy, catcher and left fielder; Ward, pitcher; Zimmer, pitcher and second base; Kiskaddon, first; Wheeler, third; Simeral, short; Caughey of Kiski, middle, and Stackhouse, right field.

SELECTIONS FOR THE RACES TODAY

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The American and Journal selections at New Orleans:

Best bets—Class Leader, Ostrich, Big Ben, all straight.

First race—Bounding, Royal Pirate, Beckoner.

Second race—Class Leader, Nellie Forrest, Pompino.

Third race—Ostrich, Preakness, Dusky.

Fourth race—Morning Star, Dutiful, Arthur.

Fifth race—Big Ben, Allista, Kokomobo.

Sixth race—Dr. Stuckey, Sarilla, Mamselle.

GIER BEST HITTER IN AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

"Cotton Top" Turner, Local Boy, Leads Shortstops and Swats Ball at .310

Thomas J. Hickey, president of the American association, yesterday announced the averages of his players. Hall of Kansas City led the league in batting, with an average of .410 playing in 10 games, while Geir of St. Paul, who took part in 136, with an average of .361, is the real leader.

Tom McCreery of Beaver, Pa., was sixth, hitting at .338, when Brooklyn took him. Terry ("Cotton Top") Turner, well-known here, hit at .310. He led the shortstops. He played for Columbus.

Huggins of St. Paul, who goes to Cincinnati, had a mark of .308. "Spike" Shannon of Pittsburgh, who played with St. Paul, also hit at .308. Oyler, the former W. & J. shortstop, who was with Minneapolis, swatted the ball for a mark of .263. Kid Speer, the local catcher, who was with Milwaukee, hit for .225.

Speer was third among the catchers in fielding, having a mark of .993. His figures are:

Games.	P. O.	Assists.	Errors.	P. B.	Avg.
61	264	65	2	5	.993

"Pop" Shriver led the first basemen. His figures are:

Games.	Put Out.	Assists.	Errors.	Avg.
14	132	8	1	.992

Childs of Toledo led the second basemen. His figures are:

Games.	Put Out.	Assists.	Errors.	Avg.
85	186	237	13	.970

Turner's average at Short is:

Games.	Put Out.	Assists.	Errors.	Avg.
12	18	75	4	.958

He was fourth among the third basemen also, his figures there being:

Games.	Put Out.	Assists.	Errors.	Avg.
114	169	193	27	.930

Wagner of Columbus led the third basemen. His figures follow:

Games.	Put Out.	Assists.	Errors.	Avg.
13	22	21	1	.977

The work of the first seven pitchers is:

Player. Club.	G.	W.	L.	P.C.	A.B.	B.H.	R.	E.R.	SO.	WP.	HR.
Walker, Louisville	38	26	7	.788	1154	180	99	63	140	5	14
Crowley, Indianapolis	5	3	1	.750	154	33	19	10	26	0	3
Chech, St. Paul	38	24	9	.727	1196	299	151	73	142	6	14
Kellum, Indianapolis	36	23	10	.697	1189	289	121	55	135	6	15
McGill, Milwaukee	10	10	5	.667	566	135	74	49	81	3	9
Ferguson, St. Paul	30	19	10	.655	983	228	93	36	92	1	4
Elliott, Milwaukee	46	24	14	.632	1204	270	116	68	226	8	11

CLUB BATTING.

Clubs.	G.	A.B.	R.	1-BH.	2-BH.	3-BH.	HR.	SH.	SB.	BAv.
St. Paul	136	4825	808	1356	221	53	33	129	267	.281
Kansas City	139	4482	898	1259	204	54	32	126	163	.275
Toledo	141	4770	658	1297	266	32	64	110	142	.274
Milwaukee	138	4719	611	1247	183	47	32	181	179	.266
Indianapolis	140	4726	701	1237	179	64	22	148	208	.261
Louisville	143	5059	739	1367	200	82	35	36	106	.260
Minneapolis	142	4947	666	1274	201	43	29	97	148	.257
Columbus	141	5050	647	1300	214	54	10	118	163	.257

CLUB FIELDING.

Clubs.	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	T.C.	Ave.
St. Paul	136	3613	1816	260	5689	.954
Columbus	141	3361	1621	270	5252	.949
Louisville	143	3733	1769	310	5862	.947
Milwaukee	138	3486	1549	276	5311	.947
Indianapolis	140	3667	1658	297	5622	.946
Kansas City	139	3482	1732	295	5509	.942
Minneapolis	142	3237	1872	353	5462	.935
Toledo	141	3511	1696	360	5617	.935

MANY THREE-YEAR OLDS.

Inducements for Owners to Send Youngsters After Classics Are More Alluring.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—There seems to be a decided opinion in racing circles that when the entries to the great handicaps, which will close tomorrow are made public, many of those entered will be 3-year-olds. This idea is based upon the fact that the Brooklyn and Suburban handicaps of 1903 were both won by racers of that age—the former by Irish Lad and the latter by Africander. In only one previous instance in the history of the two great races had a 3-year-old won, and that was in 1901, when F. P. Keene's Conroy, with 102½ pounds up, won the Brooklyn handicap over a slushy track.

Many excellent turf authorities have declared that in recent years American 3-year-olds are much more mature than was the case some years ago, and therefore that they were much more likely to set at defiance the scale of weight for age and win one or more of the great handicaps. Not many 3-year-olds have been stated in those races, because of the fact that they held valuable engagements in stakes limited to racers of their own age, which as a rule were not as difficult to win as are the handicaps in which the pace is generally terrific from start to finish, and in which there is not much time to take a steadying pull.

Now, however, that the great handicaps of the season have been made so valuable that the winner of any one of them can add some $20,000 to his owner's bank account, it is a safe assumption that more 3-year-olds will be sent to the post in those races, even though they may suffer for the want of good riders.

Auto Mile Record Broken.

DAYTONA, FLA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Once again the Packard Gray Wolf has smashed the American straightaway automobile record for one mile. Today in the Daytona end of the Ormonde-Daytona Beach, this great time demolisher eclipsed its work of 50 2-5 seconds, established yesterday. On its first trial this afternoon Charles Schmidt drove the Gray Wolf one mile in 46 2-5 seconds. This came within two-fifths of a second of equalling the world's record, made by M. Angieres in a Mors machine at Dourdan, France, in 1902.

Menefee May Manage Johnstown.

MONESSEN, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—Jack Menefee, who a few weeks ago received his release from Chicago, may be manager of the Johnstown independent team the coming season. Menefee pitched that team to a pennant in the Pennsylvania State league in 1895. The deal whereby Menefee was to take charge of the Minneapolis team of the Western association is off.

MADE DRESSER RETURN MONEY

Banking Department Superintendent Also Had Bank Get Cash From Nixon.

TRUST COMPANY IS SCORED

(By Associated Press to The Gazette.)

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Drastic comment upon the conduct of the Trust Company of the Republic, in connection with the affairs of the United States Shipbuilding Company is a feature of the annual report of Superintendent Frederick D. Kilburn of the state banking department made public tonight.

"Upon the first intimation that the trust company had made unusual commitments in the case," says Mr. Kilburn, "a special inquiry was instituted by me to ascertain the facts, and I was amazed to find that undertakings had been entered into and liabilities incurred which not only jeopardized the solvency of the trust company but flagrantly transgressed the law.

"The company had made numerous loans without collateral other than shipbuilding stock and securities, one of them to Mr. Dresser, the president of the company, and to Mr. Nixon for nearly $1,750,000. It had besides guaranteed loans made by other institutions to Mr. Dresser and Mr. Nixon amounting to $2,000,000.

"I required, under the alternative, that the company be referred at once to the attorney general for proceedings in insolvency to be instituted against it, that there be some very thorough straightening out of the trust company's affairs. The direct loan to Mr. Dresser and to Mr. Nixon was excessive under the law, regardless of Mr. Dresser's official relation to the company, and to him it was more than 10 times the amount that could lawfully be loaned. Under my insistence $500,000 of it was soon repaid. The loans for $2,000,000 guaranteed to other institutions were taken up and later the balance of the Dresser and Nixon note to the Trust Company of the Republic was paid in full.

"This seemed to be a far better proceeding than to refer the company to the attorney general summarily, for it recovered nearly $4,000,000 that in the other alternative might have proved a loss. Moreover, one plan for reorganizing the shipbuilding trust would have had a loss of $600,000 to the trust company, if carried through, which, however, was objected to and finally abandoned.

"It was impossible, however, to avert all of the consequences of the ill-judged and reckless commitments in which the company had become involved, and it preserved its solvency only by cutting its capital in two. Its losses on account of investments in the shipbuilding folly and from loans upon shipbuilding collateral, aggregated nearly $800,000 and with other minor losses and depreciation to investments wiped out the company's entire surplus, and necessitated the sacrifice by stockholders of one half of their holdings. Over $1,000,000 was charged to profit and loss.

"I note that Mr. Dresser attempted in the shipbuilding inquiry to justify or excuse his borrowings from the Trust Company of the Republic by charging that such transactions are common or at least not uncommon in other institutions. The information at my command, regarding such alleged practices warrants absolute contradiction of Mr. Dresser on this point. Twice in each year every trust company is required to submit a verified report of its condition to this department and one item in such report covers the amount of loans, directly or indirectly, to directors. It is extremely unusual for these reports to disclose any unlawful loan of the character under consideration."

EXPERT WILL EXAMINE ALL THEATER CURTAINS

Director Moore Said He Will Take No Chances—Inspection Today.

An expert will be employed by the public safety department to test the curtains in all the Pittsburgh theaters to learn whether the so-called asbestos curtains are the genuine articles or not, so Director Harry Moore stated last night. Director Moore said that Mayor William B. Hays and himself, Building Inspector Dyes, Fire Chief Miles Humphries and Assistant Fire Chief Michael Hennigan would resume their visits to the theaters this morning.

The Grand Opera house will be the first visited, then the Alvin, the Duquesne and the Academy of Music. Director Moore said that the curtain at the Nixon theater was alleged to be asbestos, but that it was his purpose to employ an expert to discover of what material every curtain in the city is made.

"We do not propose to take any chances," said the director. "The calamity at Chicago has opened the eyes of the whole country to some of the dangers that lurk in the theaters, and we are determined to remedy every possible defect that may exist in the local playhouses."

Committed Suicide on Daughter's Grave

CLEVELAND, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Nellie Goodell committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid on the grave of her daughter in Lakeview cemetery today. Grief over her death is the supposed cause. Mrs. Goodell has relatives in Chicago.

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439 WOOD ST.
"Our 'Ads' Are Truthful."

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Brown & Sharpe Mfg. Co.'s
THICKNESS OR "FEELER" GAUGE.
This guage has 9 leaves, .0015, .002, .003, .004, .006, .008, .010, .012, .015.
PRICE $1.00.

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See the B. & B. Hockey Skates
with or without clamps,
$1.50
No extra charge for attaching to shoes.
BOYS' HOCKEY STICKS, 5c, 10c, 15c
Amateur League Puck, 15c.

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WROUGHT STEEL PADLOCK,
with 2 nickel plated Flat Keys,
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SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 9th
6:30 to 10 P. M. Only.
Inside Micrometer Caliper Gauge.
measuring from 2½ to 10 inches.
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312th SPECIAL WEEKLY SALE.
WILKINSON'S DRAW KNIVES. Folding and adjustable handles; the handles can be placed in any position required to suit the work; blade 7 in. Price ... $1.10
Our Special No. 39 RELIANCE RAZOR ... $1.00
MARKING OUTFIT, for marking Steel Tools without injury ... 50c
SEAVEY'S IRON MITRE BOX. Weight only 3 pounds, simplest, lightest and most accurate ... $1.50
PLIER AND WIRE CUTTER, Button's Pattern, 6 in. ... 18c
STANLEY CORNERING TOOL —for rounding sharp edges ... 22c
CARPENTER'S PINCERS, 6 in. solid cast steel ... 15c
TINNER'S SNIPS, Carbonized steel ... 38c
SCREWDRIVER SET, 3 drivers, 1 handle, in wood box ... 60c
BENCH VISE, jaws 1½ in.; opens 1¾ in.; weight 1¼ lbs. ... 20c
CHISELS, in sets of 3, ½, ¾, 1¼ inches ... 75c
"KOERCHER'S LEADER" RAZOR STROP, genuine horsehide ... 15c
DENNISON'S HANDY BOX, containing Tags, Labels, Twine, Glue, Paper Fasteners, Rubber Bands, etc. ... 35c
HERCULES END CUTTING NIPPERS, 5½ in. double leverage ... 25c
SHAVING BRUSH, with white bone handle, nickel ferrule, all French bristles ... 22c
HAND SAW. Our special Hollow Back House Saw ... 50c
CARVING KNIFE AND FORK, Meriden Cutlery Co.'s Stag Handle with patent guard and rest ... $1.25
UNIVERSAL HACK SAW FRAME can be adjusted for 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12-in. blades ... 60c
MACHINISTS' APRONS, full length, with two pockets ... 25c
RELIABLE CORK PULLER, draws any cork ... 75c
CENTAUR SAFETY CORN PLANE, the only safe cutter made ... 50c
"SAPOLIN" STOVEPIPE ENAMEL, for stovepipes, grate fronts, etc. Prevents rust ... 15c

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SKATING
AT COLOSSEUM
Music—Fine Ice—10 a. m., 11 p. m. 10c and 25c—Western Ave. or Woods Run Cars.

WINTER RESORTS AND OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Season 1904
Florida East Coast Hotel Co.

Ponce de Leon
ST. AUGUSTINE. Under the management of Mr. Robert Murray. Opens Tuesday, January 12th, 1904. Closes Tuesday, April 12th, 1904.

Alcazar
ST. AUGUSTINE. Under the management of Mr. Jos. P. Greaves. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 30, 1904.

Ormond
ORMOND-ON-THE-HALIFAX. Under the management of Messrs. Anderson & Price. Opens Monday, January 11th, 1904. Closes Monday, April 11th, 1904.

Royal Poinciana
PALM BEACH-ON-LAKE-WORTH. Under the management of Mr. Fred Sterry. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 9th, 1904.

The Breakers
PALM BEACH-BY-THE-SEA. Under the management of Mr. Fred Sterry. Opens Monday, February 1st, 1904. Closes Saturday, April 2, 1904.

The Royal Palm
MIAMA. Under the management of Mr. H. W. Merrill. Opens Monday, January 11th, 1904. Closes Monday, April 4th, 1904.

The Colonial
NASSAU, N. P. (Bahama Islands). Under the management of Mr. H. E. Bemis. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 2nd, 1904.

The Royal Victoria
NASSAU, N. P. (Bahama Islands). Under the management of Mr. H. E. Bemis. Announcement will appear later.

Reservations, rates, handsomely illustrated souvenir booklets and other information may be procured of the managers.

ATLANTIC CITY.

Visitors to Atlantic City from Pittsburgh are invited to make free use of the facilities at The Gazette and Chronicle Telegraph bureau, on Young's Ocean pier.
The facilities include stationery and a private postoffice. Letters addressed in care of The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Atlantic City, will be promptly delivered to the addressees.
Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at The Gazette office.

HOTEL MORTON.
VIRGINIA AVE., NEAR BEACH.
Open all the year. Special rates for Winter. Refurnished and decorated. Rooms en suite, with private baths. Sun parlor. Elevator from street level. Fine table. Write for booklet and terms. MRS. N. R. HAINES, Owner and Prop'r.

HOTEL DENNIS,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Directly facing the ocean; hot and cold sea water in private baths; golf link privileges. WALTER J. BUZBY.

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Virginia ave., near the Beach. Open all year. Absolutely fireproof. Has all Home Comforts, Elevator, Steam Heat, Sun Parlor. Special winter rates, $8, $10, $12 weekly. No better accommodations given by any hotel on the coast. Booklet. E. S. Watson, Manager.

THE STRATH HAVEN.
Open all year. Kentucky ave., near Beach. Steam heat; special rates. Special attention given to cuisine and service. Albert E. Glenzle, manager, formerly Grand Pacific, Chicago and Hotel Pierrepont, New York. Booklets at The Gazette counting room.

HOTEL WARREN.
Managed by CLIFFORD C. HERR of Pittsburgh. European plan. Cafe and bar. Open all year. Atlantic and New Jersey aves., 2 blocks to boardwalk.

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Virginia ave. and Beach. Open all year. Steam heat, elevator, sun-parlor. Superior table. $10 weekly and up. Booklet. Samuel Ellis. Booklet at The Gazette counting room.

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Virginia Ave. and Beach, Atlantic City. OPEN ALL YEAR. Booklet mailed. Booklet at The Gazette counting room. S. S. PHOEBUS.

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New York ave., close to Beach. Open all year. Every comfort. Winter rates. M. J. Lee.

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Michigan ave. and Beach. Perfectly equipped for winter guests. Elevator, steam heat, private baths, etc. Winter rates. W. R. HOOD.

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Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Excellent and modern. Special $1.50 up daily. J. P. Giberson.

COLWYN 21 So. Michigan Ave. Open all year. Steam heat, home comforts. F. C. WARBURTON.

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PINEHURST
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A Charming Winter Resort in the Long Leaf Pine Region.
FOUR HOTELS
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Finest Golf Courses in the South; one of 18 and one of 9 holes.
SHOOTING PRESERVE OF 25,000 ACRES.
Pinehurst is one night out from New York; reached by Seaboard Air Line or Southern Ry.
No consumptives received.
Mr. E. B. Wingate, Representative, will be at Hotel Duquesne Jan. 7. Address for rates, reservations and literature.
Pinehurst General Office, PINEHURST, N. C.

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.

Hotel Chamberlin,
OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.
The situation, as well as the appointments, of this famous hostelry are peculiarly conducive to recreation and enjoyment at this season. Cuisine and service of unsurpassed excellence.
Hampton Roads: Rendezvous of the White Squadron.
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A Shooting preserve of 10,000 acres for exclusive use of guests. Fine shooting; dogs and guides furnished. Golf the year around. Booklets at offices of Merchants & Miners Tr. Co. and Boston Home Journal. GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va. Booklets at Gazette Counting Room.

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St. Augustine, Fla. High-class house; fine location; modern improvements. Terms reasonable. A. N. BLAIR.

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OUR ORIENTAL TRIPS
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Weekly Twin Screw Service
FOR PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, HAMBURG
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By superb new Twin Screw Steamers.
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Weekly sailings between Boston, Philadelphia and Jamaica. Fare for Round Trip, including stateroom, accommodations, and meals, $75. One Way, $40. Address for information and booklets Division Passenger Agent UNITED FRUIT COMPANY, Long Wharf, Boston, Mass.; Pier 5, North Wharves, Philadelphia, Pa., or J. J. McCORMICK, 506 Smithfield st.; RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., office with Iron City Trust Co., Ninth and Penn; W. F. RENNIGER, First National Bank.

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United States Mail Steamship from New York Every Saturday for
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La Champagne...Jan. 7 La Touraine...Jan. 28
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That the absolute purity and delicacy of flavor peculiar to Meadow-Gold Butter may be preserved, every pound is sealed in an air-tight, odor-proof package, the use of which for this purpose is controlled by the makers of Meadow-Gold Butter. Thus protected, the butter remains entirely sweet and pure, even amidst the strongest and most pungent odors. No charge for the package.

Ask your grocer for Meadow-Gold Butter.

The Continental Creamery Company, 627 Liberty Avenue.

DR. PARTRIDGE TALKS TO WOMEN

Pastor of Fourth Avenue Baptist Church Began Sermons on Practical Christianity.

SACRIFICES MOTHERS MAKE

At the Fourth Avenue Baptist church yesterday morning the pastor, Dr. Warren G. Partridge, began a series of sermons on "Practical Christianity," which he will deliver on Sunday mornings during January. The topic was, "A Message to Women." Dr. Partridge took for his text, Mark 14-8, "She Hath Done What She Could." He said in part:

A woman received from Christ the highest encomium ever paid to any human being. Jesus said of Mary that her name should be coextensive with Christianity, and that wherever the gospel extended in the wide world her deed of love should shine in undiminished luster until the end of time. Our Lord prophesied that the gospel should be preached throughout the whole inhabited globe, and that wherever the name of Jesus penetrated this woman's deed should become immortal and should rise as a monument perpetuating her virtues.

No other act in our Saviour's life seems to have pleased Him so much as this. In the first place it was a beautiful expression of ardent love. Mary was deep and quiet by temperament. She was a thoughtful and meditative character. Yet her deep nature was demonstrative toward her best friend. She was capable of enthusiasm when aroused in her inmost soul. Mary loved Jesus with intelligent and ardent devotion. Mary was grateful because Jesus had raised her brother Lazarus from the grave. She wished publicly to honor her Lord.

While Jesus reclines at the table she breaks the neck of the delicate vase and pours the very costly ointment of spikenard over the head of Jesus, and also over his feet, wiping his feet with the tresses of her hair. It is the utmost expression of utmost love.

Woman has a great capacity for love. Her affection for children and husband is wonderful. David says of Jonathan: "Thy love to me was wonderful—passing the love of women." As women possess by nature a great capacity for love, they will share the hardships of a husband and follow him to the ends of the earth.

As a mother will cling to her child even in disgrace, and will sacrifice health, happiness, money, and life itself for her children and husband, what does Jesus the Heavenly Bridegroom expect from women? Have you today, woman, a love for Jesus Christ which is ardent, tender, enduring, loyal and strong? Women in the first century made heroic sacrifices for Christ. Think of the noble women among the martyrs! Women were beaten, imprisoned and killed for their love to Christ.

Women in the twentieth century must make sacrifices for Christ and His kingdom. Women are in the majority in almost every church in our land. Often the church membership is composed of two-thirds of women. As women are in the majority in our churches, they can largely mold its life. Women have in their hands, also, largely the training of the children and youth in the home, the church and the Sunday schools.

Women have more temptations today to spend all their money upon themselves than ever before in the history of the world. It costs more to live today than ever before. It costs more to clothe our families and to furnish our homes, and to educate our children. Beautiful things tempt the eye. Women have the taste to admire beautiful things. Husbands, fathers, sons and brothers are impelled by their love to gratify the tastes of the women they love! Women admire the beautiful things for the home brought from every nation of the earth. But Jesus says to the women of the twentieth century, "Lovest thou me more than these? Will you sacrifice some beautiful thing for your home or four your person for Me and My kingdom?" Can Jesus say of every woman today in our churches in regard to the money she spends, "She hath done what she could. She hath made many self-sacrifices for My church and for humanity." Think of the women of Christ's day and how they helped him and his apostles. Think of women like Mary, Martha, Mary Magdalene, Joanna, Susanna, Dorcas, Lydia, Priscilla, and others of the first century!

SOLDIER'S BODY LAID TO REST WITH HONORS

Detail of Veterans Escorted Remains of Edward White to Cemetery.

Buried with full military honors, the remains of Edward White, private, Eighty-fifth Coast artillery, U. S. A., now rest in St. Mary's Catholic cemetery. A detail from the Society of American Veterans of the Foreign Service acted as pallbearers for their dead comrade, and while the little group of relatives and friends stood shivering in the cold the parting salute was fired as the body was lowered into the grave yesterday afternoon.

The remains of the soldier arrived at the home of his mother, 711 Second avenue, Friday from Manila, where he died October 15 in the First Reserve hospital. In compliance with the wishes of the mother a shroud was placed around the body instead of the uniform, but, wrapped about the casket was the flag for which he had laid down his life.

The deceased man was well known in the Sixth ward, having lived there 20 years. At the outbreak of the war with Spain he enlisted in Company C, Second infantry, and saw service in Cuba until the close of the war. Shortly after being mustered out he re-enlisted in Company B, Nineteenth infantry, and was sent to the Philippines. At the end of his three years' service he had reached the rank of sergeant. He returned to Pittsburgh after being mustered out, but about 18 months ago re-enlisted in the Eighty-fifth Coast artillery and was sent back to the Philippines.

The body, lying in state at the home of his mother, was viewed by many of the deceased's friends yesterday morning. The services were held in the Church of the Epiphany, Washington street, yesterday afternoon.

The family last evening expressed their thanks to the foreign service men for their attendance.

BIG ATTENDANCE AT BIJOU THEATER SERVICES

Over 1,800 persons attended the religious services conducted in the Bijou theater yesterday afternoon by the Rev. S. Edward Young. Stereopticon views, reproducing Tissot's paintings of the life of Christ, proved popular. The music was furnished by Luigi von Kunits of the Pittsburgh orchestra, with Prof. Joseph H. Gittings, accompanist.

Services in the Jail.

Religious services were conducted at the Allegheny county jail yesterday by Chaplain John L. Milligan of the Western penitentiary. The music was rendered by a quartet consisting of Mrs. Anna Cummings, soprano; Miss Tirzah Morton, alto; J. Robert Wright, tenor; W. D. McGill, basso. Marion Crouch was the accompanist.

Fired a Costly Shot.

J. F. Thompson was fined $50 and costs yesterday for shooting a revolver at 1304 Webster avenue.

CAMPBELL'S.

Muslin Underwear and Fine French Lingerie

Today—Opening of the semi-annual sale.

Snowy undergarments for women, misses and children.

Emphatically the white sale of Greater Pittsburgh. No disputing that fact. Different from any other sale—different in the sense of being more comprehensive and better—more liberally planned—enormous quantity of merchandise—better choice for the money—superior qualities.

Note the garments—spotlessly inviting—fresh from the manufacturers—no old muslins—no haphazard sewing—all made in the cleanest and healthiest workrooms—every new and desirable style imaginable.

Everything best—Drawers, corset covers, night gowns, chemises and petticoats in greatest possible assortment—the glass showcases and tables in the rear end of the first floor radiant with this white exposition.

The price of spot cotton last December was 9 cents a pound—today it is almost 14 cents—notwithstanding that fact we offer the most staple products of the mills at actually less prices than were quoted last year.

See ad. in another part of this paper for list of prices.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,
327-333 Fifth Avenue.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CHICAGO FIRE SERVES AS TEXT

The Rev. Parry Characterizes Disaster as "Souls Passing from Hell to Heaven."

CARELESSNESS WAS THE CAUSE

Chicago's fire and the recent railroad wreck near here, were used as a subject of a vigorous sermon delivered last evening by the Rev. Dr. Thomas Parry of the Wilkinsburg Presbyterian church. The text was taken from Luke xiii:2, which is: "Think ye that these Galileans were sinners above all sinners because they suffered these things? Nay." The sermon in part is as follows:

It would be easy to find some theory under which to classify spasmodic devastations of human life. Men in all ages have tried to pry into God's purpose and they see in these havocs gusts of Divine wrath. By them God reveals His displeasure against the sins of the people. We are dreadfully wicked in spots. Gigantic schemes of oppression are being organized and engineered. Man's inhumanity to man is often fiendish. Often we defy God in our antagonisms, disregarding His plainest laws, and sometimes God frowns upon our misdoings.

We believe in special providence, but all actions are regulated by law. Looking at specific manifestations we may be bewildered—they are so mysterious. We are likely to judge the reign of misfortune as something which came haphazardly, or we look skyward for the anger of God's judgment. Certain things we can positively say. God's will is good will. All things are under the divine administration and are moved by the purpose of a loving God. Where man blunders and where atheism begins is where he attempts to define and interpret the specific meaning of a given act or calamity.

Secret Belongs to God.

Why did God permit the Dawson wreck? Why does God permit a wicked man to prosper? Why did God permit the burning of the theater? Can we insert the reasons in the program of God's providence? No—the secret is with God. Yet, while we cannot specify God's intentions in particular acts we may find for us, individually, many practical lessons.

While God does not send so far as we can see, calamities as punishment, our lessons are as plain as if He did. God's nature is friendliness for man. We must not trample on that holy friendship. We must not defeat divine expectation. We must not abuse His patience. From general calamities we have general lessons. By them we may see the goodness and severity of God. God is in sympathy with man. In nature He is God above us. In providence He is God with us. In grace He is God for us. He warns us against recklessness. Wrecks and theater burnings have carelessness as cause.

From this particular burned theater we have particular lessons. Face to face with this awful fire is God's government, let us stand where the old prophet stood and say "God is good." This catastrophe reveals the highest and lowest of human nature. There was the highest type of unselfishness. Men and women and children forgot themselves in their thoughts and eagerness to save others. There were heroic deeds. In such heroism the richest treasures of human life, the perfections and attributes of God are hidden. Every heart is made nobler as it stands before these deeds. This out-reaching of heroic manhood sends its thrilling waves to revivify decrepitude, moral fortitude, in every delinquent man as he stands before God and mankind. On the other hand, we see the wolf of avariciousness, the brutal villainy of thieves, the selfishness of the strong against the weak and man's helpless insanity, utter lack of self-control—self-destruction at work, while a little self-control might be salvation. Man in a panic has not even the instinct of an animal.

Sovereign Grace of Christ.

Sometimes, however, as in this theater, the sovereign grace of Christ is supreme. Through all the malign passions, the wild, chaotic fire and the dire expectation of losing one's life, the peace of God reigns. On the face of some of the dead there is the insignia, the traces of the sweet, ineffable smile of heaven. In the midst of hideousness of evil, there was the holy joy of angels. A pure soul flies up from hell to heaven.

We are taught here the inexorableness of law. The leaping tongues of fire are without variableness. The young man about to be married cries out: "My God! Must I die?" Yes. Someone has made a mistake; someone has been careless; someone's work has been defective—in a fireproof building there is fire fuel. Nature without a miracle-working Christ, has no pity. Law is now at work. Law has no mercy. Evil deeds will be the ruin of the man who has but partially reformed. Every man can become a theater on fire if the lower passions get the ascendency.

One of the noblest feelings which comes to us from this disaster is the universal sympathy which we realize running through the whole organization of society. The world is one family. This calamity will enrich the tenderness of our hearts. It will tend to restrain us in many respects. It will make us think that our lives are not altogether in our own hands. It will force us more or less to prepare to meet our God. It teaches us the nothingness of things and the greatness of man. It may help us to understand that the moral law is as certain in its effects as the physical.

A last beautiful lesson comes to us from this scene of horror. A mother identifies her child by a bit of shoe. "Oh," she said, "that bit of shoe with patent leather tips!" So God identifies His children by some wee bit of vital likeness or relation they may have with Him.

Revival Begun in Braddock.

The Rev. Dr. William Pitt Turner, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Braddock, yesterday began a revival. At 3:30 p. m. there was a meeting of church workers. At 7:30 p. m. Dr. Turner preached on "The Future of the Wicked from the Standpoint of the Bible and Common Sense."

How It Works

Another Manager of a large building takes pleasure in testifying to the superior merits of

FINOLA

The Quickest and Cheapest Cleaner out, as follows:

The City Trust, Safe Deposit and Surety Co.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

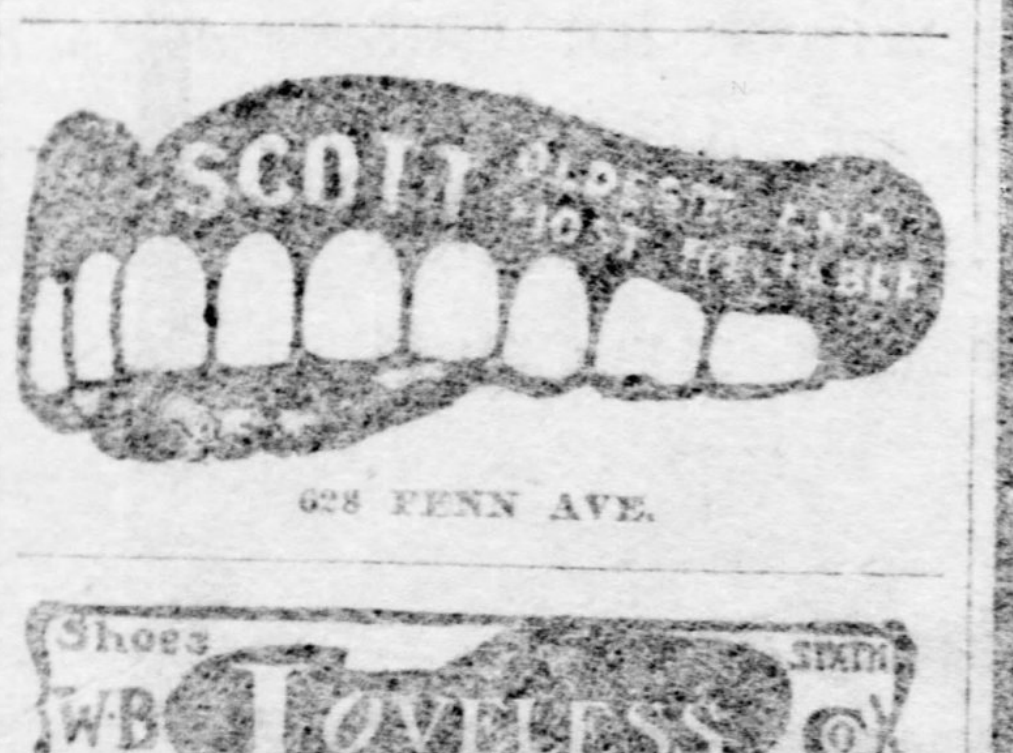
Gentlemen,—I have used your Finola on our tile and marble floors with much satisfaction to me, and I find by using according to directions it saves both soap and labor.

J. W. S. WALLACE, City Trust Bldg.

Price 5 cts. and 10 cts. per package.
At all first-class Grocers.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder

New Patent Top Can. Compare quantity and quality with others. Sozodont is economy.



628 PENN AVE.

LEVY'S TRIBUTE TO PHILOSOPHER

Herbert Spencer's Many Early Disadvantages and His Mighty Achievements.

OVERCAME ALL OBSTACLES

"Herbert Spencer—a Tribute," was the theme by the Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy's lecture in the Eighth Street temple yesterday morning. Dr. Levy said:

Spencer died but a month ago, and his proximity to our times prevents the world from placing him in the right perspective. Time weakens the hold that error takes on man, but it strengthens the position of truth. Time makes many a supposedly great man appear as though seen through the wrong end of a telescope; the truly great man and his influence enlarge with the flight of time, until his lightest thoughts seem to be observed through a mental microscope. We have little doubt but that the flight of time will take away none of Spencer's glory; on the contrary, as the years pass his greatness will become the more resplendent, until he shines a fixed star in the intellectual firmament.

Herbert Spencer represents the supreme triumph of a great will as well as the successful issue of great problems confronting a mighty intellect. He began life surrounded by none of the so-called "advantages." His lot was hard and his opportunities few. Ill health was his sombre companion for many years. The resources needed for the successful publication of his invaluable works he did not have. There was no prestige either in the form of family, fortune or early friends to inspire or sympathetically impel him forward. A heroic martyrdom was his for many years, suffering privations, sickness and lack of support for a long period of time. He, however, overcame all obstacles. His pure soul and calm, philosophic mind rose above loss and denials, and, like a star, dwelling alone, he patiently endured.

He scaled the highest mountains of intellectuality. Like an imperial eagle, he soared aloft, his eyes ever gazing on the sun of truth, which could not blind him. His capacious mind encompassed the world, and in his works he has left the wisdom of ages, to be appreciated by generations yet unborn. Like a Kepler, he thought God's thoughts after Him. A radical of radicals, he was, nevertheless, as reverent as a consecrated minister of the Most High. He worshiped in the temple of unconfined space, the Reality of which the universe presents the phenomena. His synthesis of the extent of human knowledge is the greatest achievement of any human mind in the century adorned by so many investigating geniuses. While many refuse to accept the sum total of his conclusions, only the coward and the weak can refuse to acknowledge the supremacy of his intellect and the giant-like qualities of his endowments.

He worshiped the One God, though he knew Him not. There was nothing of the craven in his mind, nor anything of the superstitious in his soul. All that the universe shewed forth became the legitimate field of his mental activity, and Spencer will live in thinking minds as the upbuilder of a system of speculative thought which established the absolute Unity of the Power manifested in Nature. Applying to this Power, as he does, the terms, "without limit in space and without beginning or end in time," he, consciously or unconsciously, arrived at the attributes the Jew affirms of the Diety, the "Infinite and the Eternal One." The old world has not often been honored by the presence of so truly great a man; nor may we soon look upon his like again. We revered him living, we lament him dead. May his calm soul receive a full recompense from its Almighty Endower!

After Holiday Reductions

Have you been waiting for reductions in furs that are reductions?

All right—they're waiting for you this week—

Monday—

All the beautifully rich fur trimmed Broadtail and Persian Coats and Etons we have in stock will go at

Half Price

A liberal cut—also—in the fur trimmed Seal Etons and Jackets—(Plain Seal in all sizes as large as 46)—

An elegant array of small furs—Chinchilla, Baum Marten, Squirrel, Foxes in all blends, Mink, Russian and Hudson Bay Sable—

Will be on Show Monday—

J. G. BENNETT & CO.
NEW STORES
WOOD AND FIFTH

$8 Trousers for $6

$10 Trousers for $8

Big assortment of the best patterns to choose from—fit guaranteed.

DICKSON, THE TAILOR,
420 Wood Street.

A GOOD COMPLEXION

depends upon good health. If your skin is covered with pimples, blackheads, or any annoying eruption, don't load on powders, creams, etc. They don't cure you. Come and see me. Consultation free. Office hours 9-6. Call or write.

A. SPAN,
DERMATOLOGIST,
Room 28 McClintock Bldg.,
516 Market St.

And Now Before Stock Taking

We come to bargain selling time—Dropped patterns and remnants in almost endless variety.

CARPETS AND LINOLEUMS

Remnant prices—just about one-half regular—
Wiltons $1.25 a yard.
Bigelow Axminsters, $1.00 a yard.
Axminsters, 75c a yard.
Wilton Velvets, 85c a yard.
Velvets, 65c a yard.
Body Brussels, 85c a yard.
Inlaid Linoleums, $1.00 a yard.
Printed Linoleums, 55c, 50c and 40c a yard.
Oil Cloths, 25c a yard.

Carpet squares and fringed rugs made from remnants at remnant prices.

Oliver McClintock Co.
219 Fifth Avenue.

January Fur Sale

With our wonderfully large stock of manufactured furs—all beautifully made, wisely selected and marked with most tempting prices, the January Fur Sale promises to be the largest in the history of this store (67 years).

Remember—all our furs are the best—

We have absolutely no imitations—

Sable and Isabella Foxes—
$14 boas (2 natural brush tails) .... $ 8.75
$18 boas $11.50
$22 boas $13.50
$25 boas $16.50

Mink—
Made of finest Eastern skins—
$20 scarfs for .... $12.50 each
$35 flat scarfs .... $24.00 each
Large flat muffs .... $16.50 each
Handsome flat pelerines with dark stripes—
Three $75.00 ones .... $48.00 each
Two $90.00 ones .... $58.00 each
Three $125.00 ones .... $78.00 each

Chinchilla—
Our acknowledged specialty—
Beautiful neckpieces $14.00
35 flat pieces with passementerie ornaments .... $24.00 each
Flat muffs to match .... $20.00 each
$40 neckpiece $28.00
$65.00 neckpiece $45.00
75 muffs—$55, $65, for $45.00
$100 muffs $70.00

Baum Marten—
$40 (2 skin scarfs) $27.50
$60 (3 skin scarfs) $45.00
$75 (4 skin scarfs) $55.00
Pelerines and flat lined pieces—
$100.00 for $70.00
$110.00 for $75.00
$125.00 for $85.00
Muffs—$65.00, $45.00—$75.00, $55.00

Gray Siberian Squirrel—
More popular than ever—
$15 neckpiece .... $ 9.50
$20 neckpiece $14.50
$26 neckpiece $17.50
60 large flat pelerines .. $45.00 each
$22 large flat muff $15.50

Blue and Black Lepsic Dyed Lynx—
$30 Blue Lynx boas $19.50
$35 Blue flat neckpiece $23.00
$55 Blue Lynx (squirrel lined) .. $32

Black Lynx—
$30 neckpiece $22.00
$50 neckpiece $36.00
Pelerines and Flat Pieces—
$60.00 at .... $40.00 and $45.00
$55.00 .... $37.00
$75.00 .... $52.00
Flat muffs $28.00

Hudson Bay and Russian Sable—
2 special Russian Sets (perfectly matched)—4 skin scarfs and 4 skin muffs .... $750.00 for $450.00

Ermine—
$50.00 pieces $37.50
$60.00 pieces $42.00
Muffs—$75.00 .... $60.00
Muffs—$100.00 .... $70.00

Seal and Persian Coats—
We make a specialty of made-to-measure coats—All orders filled and delivered in a week—
New case of Alaska Seal, small pups—purchased at a very low figure—will be used at this sale—
Coats in stock greatly reduced—

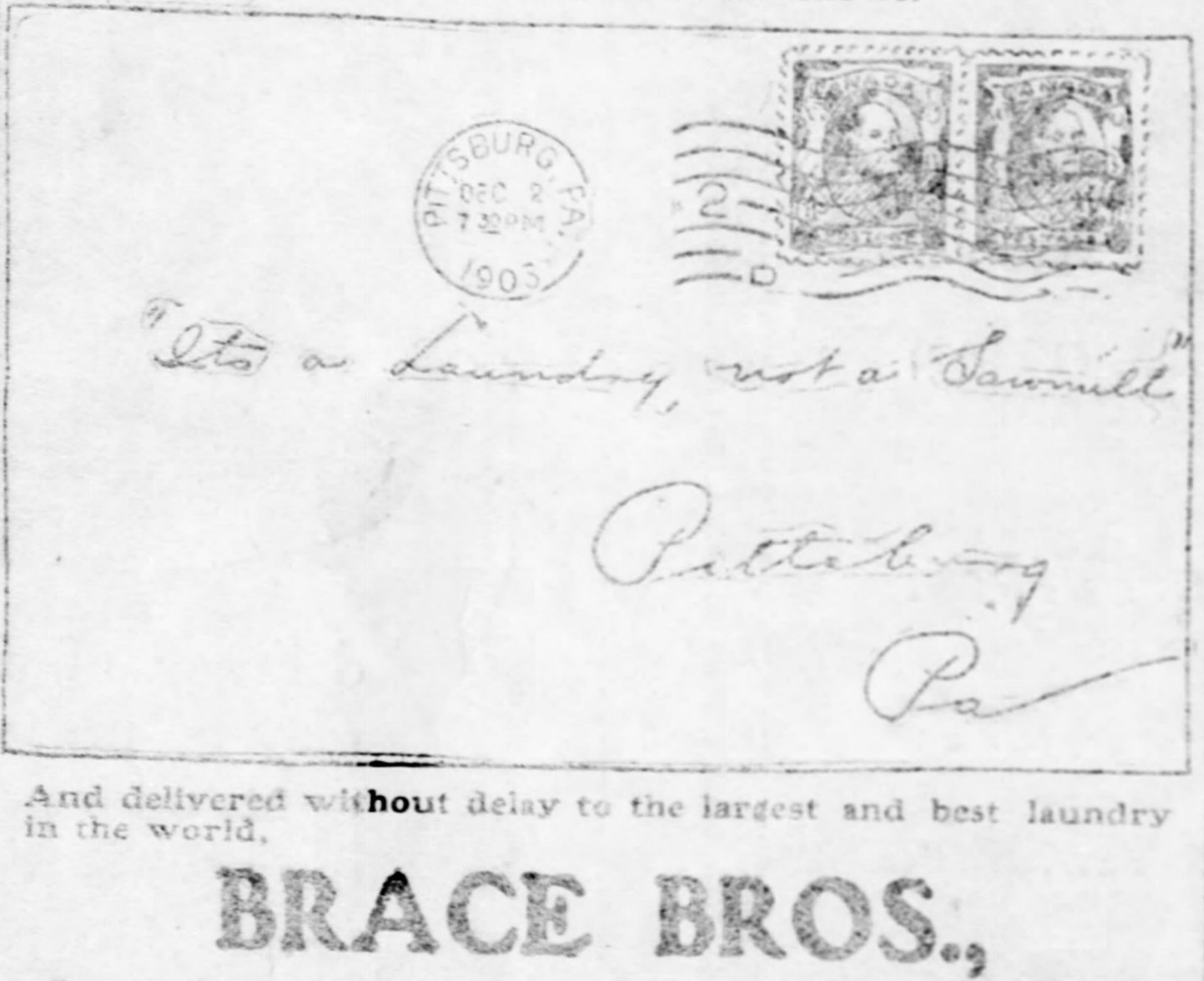
Millinery—
All hats reduced to actual cost of materials—and some at even less than cost—
Sale continues all this week.

Paulson Bros. Co.,
NEW STORE,
515 WOOD STREET.
6 doors above Fifth Avenue—not below as before.

It's a Laundry Not a Sawmill."

A Tribute to the Intelligence of the Pittsburgh Letter Carriers.

A letter was addressed as follows:


PITTSBURG PA.
DEC 2
7 30 PM
1903

"Its a Laundry, not a Sawmill"

Pittsburg

Pa

And delivered without delay to the largest and best laundry in the world.

BRACE BROS.,
Launderers, Dyers and Cleaners,
PITTSBURGH.
Both Phones—Wilkinsburg, 35.

We Don't Saw Shirts, Collars and Cuffs—We Launder Them.

New Year Bargains

Books—

Books that one enjoys reading and wants in his library—
All marked an irresistible price—
Many popular day novels—some gift books and a few injured ones—at

50 Cents Each

Calendars—
All that are left—
and there are many most desirable ones—
are now

Half Price

All leather novelties—including many card cases, letter cases and pocketbooks—are cut

One-Third

Dainty Correspondence Papers in handsomely decorated boxes—some of burnt leather, some carved wood and many less expensive ones—

⅓ Off

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
429-431 Wood St.

THAT NEW LEAF

You turned over should have indelibly written across its top "I will save." By following such a motto during the coming year, another January 1st will find you less worried, more happy and more prosperous than you are today.

Saving does not mean mere HOARDING—it means INVESTMENT of one's surplus income. This sort of saving makes financiers, not misers. The safest and hence best way to invest your savings is to deposit them at 4 per cent interest (compounded every six months) with this bank. They are secured here by capital, surplus and profits of $3,949,000 and our financial reputation.

Real Estate Trust Co.,
311 Fourth Ave.

WANTED.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

Male Help.

ANY intelligent person may earn $19 to $100 monthly in spare time corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing. Send for particulars, Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

CLERK—Bill clerk wanted; also assistant bookkeeper. Address L 94, The Gazette.

DRIVERS—Experienced drivers for teams for freight depots and city deliveries. Apply 5 o'clock in the morning, Sixteenth st. and Liberty ave., Pittsburgh.

DRIVERS—Must have experience in freight depot and city deliveries. Apply 5 o'clock in morning, 849 West North ave., Allegheny.

MAN for marking boxes, packages in shipping department of large manufacturing concern. Address P 97, The Gazette.

MAN for position of route foreman for laundry; must invest $1,000. Address E 8, The Gazette.

MARION STEAM SHOVEL ENGINEERS AND CRANESMEN; also some good rock foremen. Apply on the work at Blairsville intersection, P. R. R. Thomas McNally, contractor.

MEAT CUTTERS—Two first-class meat cutters at once. McKeesport Provision Co.

SALESMAN—Wanted, an experienced salesman of ability to take full charge of our business in Pittsburgh and surrounding towns for a staple line of goods; liberal inducements; a long contract will be made with a man furnishing A No. 1 references. Home Comfort Manufacturing Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SEVERAL persons of character and good reputation in each state to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing; salary, $21.00 weekly, with expenses additional, all payable in cash direct each Wednesday from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Inclose self-addressed envelope. Colonial Co., 334 Dearborn st., Chicago.

YOUNG MEN—To learn telegraphy, day or evening, and accept railroad positions paying from $45 to $125 per month. Pennsylvania Telegraph College, Lewis block.

Female Help.

HOUSEWORK—Neat colored woman for general housework. Apply 343 Rosedale ave. Mrs. Straight.

OPERATOR—Telegraph operator wanted in general office; reference. Address N 96, The Gazette.

SALESLADIES, with shoe experience. Himmelrich's, 314-316 Fifth ave.

WANTED—Elderly woman to keep house of three rooms for stenographer; small wages, light work and good home for right party. Box 324, Beaver, Pa.

WOMEN—Five bright young women, who are capable of interviewing people; good salary. Apply at The Pittsburgh Gazette classified adv. department.

YOUNG LADIES—To learn telegraphy for city positions. Apply Pennsylvania Telegraph College, Lewis block.

Situations—Male.

JAPANESE faithful valet, also thoroughly competent butler just from New York, wants situation; highest New York references. Yokohama, W 7, Gazette.

Situations—Female.

SITUATION by American woman as working housekeeper or cook; first-class references. 13 Ninth st.

Real Estate.

WANTED——WANTED.

We have six buyers for Homewood or Brushton improved property. If you want to sell, now is your chance.

HOMEWOOD REAL ESTATE CO.,
Both 'phones. 119 Homewood ave.

WANTED—To buy for $12,000, reception hall house in Nineteenth or Twentieth wards; all modern and complete; write full description. Address P. O. box 1637.

Students.

HOLIDAY SCHOLARSHIPS

EASY TERMS EASY TERMS

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS $ $

THE ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE is issuing one hundred scholarships now on easy terms, allowing special holiday discounts, to enable parents to give their sons and daughters these valuable educational presents. Call or write for particulars. Actual Business College, 310 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh. Twenty-fourth year. (Big Ten-Cent Store building). Procure scholarships right away for special terms and discounts and qualify your sons and daughters for commercial and shorthand positions. Scholarships good for day or night school all the year. Small payment secures scholarships at once. Balance payable during the new year. Winter term begins January 4, 1904.

Miscellaneous.

BURGLAR ALARMS—Repairing, wiring. Duquesne Electric Co., 136 Fourth ave. 'Phone 3122-4 Court.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

WANTED.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Dynamo, about 400-light generator, 30 to 40 K. W.; must be little used and in perfect order; state price and all particulars and where it can be seen. Address Box 342, Pittsburgh.

WILL PAY CASH for old gold or silver, watches, diamonds or jewelry, new or broken. Address or call, 5157 Butler st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

ATWOOD ST., 425—Four nicely furnished; every convenience; 'phone 1180 Park.

ATWOOD ST., 245—Furnished room in private family; all conveniences.

AVALON ST., 3106—Rooms, fronting Center ave.; 15 minutes from court house; gentlemen only; reference required and given.

BEDFORD AVE., 1110—Three large furnished rooms, light housekeeping, ladies preferred.

BUTLER ST., 4414—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; bath; gas; hot water.

CARSON ST., 1727—Large second floor front room, gas and bath; reasonable.

CENTER AVE., 3906, two or three furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable.

CLIFF ST., 16, near Gum, nicely furnished large front room, one smaller room, all modern conveniences; finest location in city; good neighborhood, 12 minutes' walk from postoffice; $1 and $3 per week.

CLIFF ST., 1724—Furnished rooms for rooming or housekeeping; all conveniences; reasonable.

CRAIG ST., SOUTH, 319—Large second-story front room, all conveniences; for gentlemen only; private family.

DITHRIDGE ST., 309, SOUTH—Private family, cozy front room; gentlemen; conveniences; rent $10.

DINWIDDIE ST., 228—Nicely furnished rooms with board; every convenience; splendid location.

ELIZABETH ST., 361, Hazelwood—Well furnished room; boarding near; gentlemen only; conveniences.

FIFTH AVE., 2640—Newly furnished room; all conveniences; board optional; apply Carrolla.

FIFTH AVE., 3329—Three furnished and one unfurnished rooms; all conveniences.

FIFTH AVE., 1745—Front room with alcove, suitable for two.

FIFTH AVE., 2020—Four newly furnished rooms, board if desired; all conveniences.

FRANKLIN AVE., 748, Wilkinsburg, large furnished room, with alcove; all conveniences.

GIBBON ST., 1168, well furnished room, natural gas, bath; private bath.

GREEN ST., 204, Wilkinsburg—Three unfurnished rooms to let, rates very reasonable.

FRIENDSHIP PARK, 4748, two nicely furnished rooms, 2d, 3d floors; rough washing included; newly furnished.

IRWIN ST., 966, corner Western—Very desirable furnished room; all conveniences; $12.

KELLY AVE., 311, Wilkinsburg—Two furnished second floor front rooms; light housekeeping; conveniences.

LOGAN ST., 6—Well-furnished front room; near town; price reasonable.

MAIN ST., 4116—Nice large front room, gentlemen only; near Penn ave.

MEADE ST., 368, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished front room with alcove, gas, bath.

MILLER ST., 229, Knoxville, Pa.—Nicely furnished front room, all conveniences; suitable for two men; with or without board; reference exchanged.

MODEL HOTEL, 316 Ross st., cor. Fourth ave. Furnished rooms and lodging; rates reasonable.

PENN AVE., 3147—Three elegantly furnished rooms; all conveniences; board optional.

PLUMMER ST., 4619, Lawrenceville, nice large front room, convenient location; gentlemen only.

ROSS AVE., 434, Wilkinsburg—Large neatly furnished room, all modern conveniences; gentlemen.

SARAH ST., 1813, S. S.—Large, nicely furnished room; all conveniences.

SECOND floor front room; gentlemen preferred; rent reasonable. M 10, The Gazette.

SHERIDAN AVE., 165, Bellevue, one furnished room; all modern conveniences.

SOUTH AVE., 1024, Wilkinsburg, furnished rooms with or without housekeeping.

VICKROY ST., 1163—One nicely furnished room; modern conveniences; five minutes' walk from court house; private family.

VINE ST., 44, city—For rent, furnished rooms for ladies; reasonable.

WEBSTER AVE., 508, two nicely furnished rooms; conveniences; gentlemen only; near business.

WYLIE AVE., 1917—Furnished rooms for housekeeping; also rooms for men; $1.50 week.

WYLIE AVE., 698, third floor—Furnished room for two gentlemen; all conveniences.

East End.

ALPHA TERRACE, 24—Nicely furnished room; private family; Highland cars to Hays street.

ALDER ST., 5605—Gentleman wishes roommate for suite; references exchanged.

CARROLL ST., 234—Furnished rooms for ladies or couple; all conveniences; $9 month.

COLLINS AVE., 331—Four furnished rooms, young men only.

EUCLID AVE., 621, NORTH, East End, nicely furnished room; all conveniences.

GRAHAM ST., 543—Two nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; young men only.

HAGY ST., 4, near corner South Negley ave. and Claybourne st.—Second floor front room, well furnished, in private family; all conveniences.

HALKET ST., 265—Gentlemen for second floor front room; good home; board.

HARVARD ST., 5950—Furnished rooms; gentlemen only; near Highland and Penn aves.

HIGHLAND AVE., 325, South—Furnished second-floor room; best table board.

HIGHLAND AVE., 337, SOUTH—Nicely furnished rooms; bath, both gases.

IVY ST., 645, E. E.—Nicely furnished front rooms; all conveniences.

KIRKWOOD ST., 5929—Corner Whitfield; furnished rooms; every convenience; near Highland and Penn aves.

LANG AVE., 527 South—One or more furnished or unfurnished rooms for housekeeping; all conveniences.

LEHIGH AVE., 223—Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; splendid location.

LEHIGH AVE., 238—Nicely furnished, with board; every convenience; splendid location.

LEHIGH AVE., 229—Nicely furnished second-story front alcove room; all conveniences.

MADISON AVE., 3436—Well furnished front room; alcove; conveniences; near cars; excellent board next door.

MARCHAND ST., 6442—Furnished room; $6 per month.

MARCHAND ST., 6351—Large front room; alcove; conveniences. Bell 'phone J. East 2279.

MARYLAND AVE., 630—Large front room, nicely furnished, in private family; also smaller room; all conveniences.

NEVILLE ST., 309, corner Bayard—Large, well-furnished room; every convenience; best of board; refined surroundings; Bell 'phone.

NORTH EUCLID AVE., 628, East End—Two furnished rooms, second floor, front and rear; all conveniences; board if desired.

PRINCETON PLACE, 327½, EAST END—Two furnished rooms on third floor, mansard. Board if desired.

SHADY AVE., 210—Furnished alcove front room for gentleman; private family; all conveniences.

SHADY AVE., 209—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; private family; desirable location.

SHADY AVE., 246—One room, second floor, board; near cars and station.

SIMON AVE.—Two nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; convenient location. Address N 36, The Gazette.

ST. CLAIR ST., 311 N., E. E.—Large, comfortable room, suitable for one or two persons.

STATION ST., 6215—Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience.

STRATTON LANE, 2, between Emerson and South Highland—Furnished rooms, $2; board if desired.

WANTED—Two or four young men of refinement who are willing to pay a fair price to make their home in a refined private family, College ave., near Ellsworth st. Address K 75, The Gazette.

WARD ST., 3423—Two pleasantly furnished rooms; all conveniences; Atwood car; board.

Allegheny.

ANDERSON ST., 200—Two connecting furnished rooms for light housekeeping; gases; $3 week.

ARCH ST., 709—Furnished rooms, one front, both gases, bath, etc.; 5 minutes Ft. Wayne depot.

ARCH ST., 1300—Furnished rooms with board, conveniences; Charles st. car.

BRIGHTON ROAD, 169—Elegantly furnished room, with board, all conveniences; near Washington ave.

CEDAR AVE., 404—Two furnished rooms, bath, gases, etc., facing park.

CHARLES ST., 144—Furnished rooms with board for two people; $22 month.

CHARLES ST., 33—Four unfurnished rooms, two hall rooms; gas and water; $14 month.

EAST OHIO ST., 712—Furnished room for light housekeeping; conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

E. NORTH AVE., 10—Elegantly furnished rooms; all conveniences; near Federal st.

E. MONTGOMERY, 20—Furnished front room facing park; housekeeping if desired.

E. ROBINSON ST., 20—Two furnished rooms, bath; both gases; hot water.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Allegheny.

FEDERAL ST., 1804—Furnished room; conveniences, take Perrysville car.

FEDERAL ST., 1316—Neatly furnished room; bath, both gases; gentlemen only.

FEDERAL ST., 1312—Nicely furnished; all conveniences; gentlemen.

FEDERAL ST., 1202—Two connecting rooms; all conveniences; two gentlemen or couple.

FOR RENT—Two second-floor rooms, furnished for light housekeeping; both gases; eight minutes to Sixth and Liberty; two car lines; just papered and painted; $18 month. 912 Grant ave., Allegheny.

FURNISHED ROOMS with both gases and use of bath room; rent $3 and $5 per week; rented separately or together; ten minutes' ride from Pittsburgh. Apply today, 515 Walker st., Allegheny.

HAMILTON PLACE, 15 (near Charles)—Neatly furnished rooms, conveniences; references exchanged.

HARRISON AVE., 206, Avalon—Two rooms for light housekeeping; $10, or half of nine-room house.

HEMLOCK ST., 117—Furnished room, gases, bath; private family, near Sandusky st.

JACKSON ST., 224—Furnished room; bath, gases, hot water; with or without board.

MARION AVE., 113—Newly furnished front or back parlor; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

MORRISON AVE., 1114—Two connecting furnished rooms; all conveniences; three doors from car.

MORRISON AVE., 1104—Two furnished second floor rooms in private family.

MORRISON AVE., 1106—Two connecting furnished rooms; bath, gases, 'phone; Bellevue car.

NORTH AVE., WEST, 406, nicely furnished room; every convenience; splendid location.

NORTH AVE., 862 W. (Cor. Grant)—Two connecting furnished rooms; gases, bath; three or four gentlemen.

NORTH AVE., WEST, 466—Nicely furnished room; every convenience; splendid location.

NORTH DIAMOND, 111, West—Nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping.

NORTH WEST, 306—Nicely furnished rooms, private family.

PALO ALTO, 1205—Two furnished rooms for housekeeping; conveniences; 5 minutes Fort Wayne depot.

POPLAR ST., 1213—Large furnished room; suitable for gentlemen; bath, both gases.

REBECCA ST., 1007—Newly furnished front room, with or without board.

REBECCA ST., 707—Furnished room, both gases, bath; for two gentlemen.

RESACA ST., 1225—Nicely furnished rooms with board; all conveniences; $3.50 week.

RIDGE AVE., 903—Two neatly furnished rooms, bath, gases; for three gentlemen.

RIDGE AVE., 1133—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms; bath, gases, laundry; no children.

RIDGE AVE., 611—Furnished mansard room with board; three gentlemen.

RUSH ST., 1135, two doors from Sedgwick—Two neatly furnished rooms; $10 month.

SANDUSKY ST., 912—Near Montgomery; hall room; gases, bath privilege; $1.50 week.

SHERMAN AVE., 1210, Allegheny—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping.

TAGGART ST., 91—Furnished room; gas, etc.; Charles st. car; $2 week.

UNION AVE., 405—Nicely furnished rooms with board; every convenience; splendid location.

W. NORTH AVE., 472—Two furnished rooms; one front, one back; all conveniences.

W. NORTH AVE., 211—Two furnished rooms, all conveniences; near Grant ave.

WASHINGTON ST., 226—Large newly furnished front room; also back room; gases, bath, hot water.

WASHINGTON ST., 324, near Cedar—Furnished rooms bath, gases, hot water, etc.

WESTERN AVE., 821—Neatly furnished rooms; all conveniences; near park; gentlemen preferred.

WEST PARK WAY, 11—Furnished room for light housekeeping.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

PENN AVE., 529, Wilkinsburg—Three furnished and one unfurnished room, all conveniences.

PENN AVE., 515, Wilkinsburg—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping.

WYLIE AVE., 2241—Three unfurnished rooms, all conveniences; rent $12.

East End.

MURTLAND AVE., 1008—Three large unfurnished rooms; all conveniences; near car line.

Allegheny.

CABINET ST., 10—Two unfurnished rooms for housekeeping; all conveniences.

IRWIN AVE., 1221, three unfurnished rooms, second floor, all conveniences, terms moderate.

MONITOR AVE., third door from California ave., Avalon—Unfurnished rooms; new house; conveniences.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

FRANKLIN AVE., 812, Wilkinsburg—For rent, nicely furnished room, with meals, every convenience; near station.

HOTEL CARTER, Wylie ave., 1252—Nice furnished rooms, near first-class restaurant.

LIBERTY AVE., 2106—Dining room and restaurant; home cooking; table boarders wanted.

SHERIDAN AVE., [illegible]—Rooms and board; terms reasonable. Bell 'phone 377-5 Hiland.

East End.

COLLEGE AVE., 719—Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; good table board; convenient location.

COLLINS AVE., 505—Neatly furnished room, board for two gentlemen; desirable location.

HAGY PLACE, near Negley—Two furnished rooms, board, home comforts. Address F 30, The Gazette.

HAILMAN ST., 324, near Marchand—Large furnished front room; every convenience; board.

KEDRON AVE., 7127—Nice large front alcove room, with board if desired.

NEGLEY AVE., SOUTH, 627, E. E.—Elegant rooms, first-class board; every convenience.

PRINCETON PLACE, 265½—Large furnished front room; best location; near good board.

SHADY AVE., 325—For rent furnished rooms and first-class board; all conveniences.

THE ARLINGTON, Sheridan and Hoeveler streets; rooms, meal tickets; Highland ave. cars. Bell phone, 5062-2 East.

TO LET—ROOMS AND BOARD—EAST END PACIFIC AVE., 405, East End—Three large front rooms; board; corner house, near Christ M. E. church.

WALNUT ST., 5506—Excellent location; well-furnished rooms; good home board. F. & A. 811-X.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—Two well-furnished connected rooms for light housekeeping; no children. Address 400 Smith block.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD.

CREVE COEUR CLUB.
An ideal place for gentlemen weary of transient hotels and boarding houses. All club privileges. 3407-11 Forbes ave.

FOR RENT.

East End Residences.

FOR RENT.
Send card for list of houses and apartments for rent and map of East End, free.
S. H. LLOYD,
No. 5022 Penn ave., E. E.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

SEND postal for complete rent list of East End houses. J. W. SHERRER, 6105 Penn ave.

Offices.

OFFICES AND BUSINESS ROOMS FOR RENT.

Single or en suite; most advantageously located quarters for physician, dentist, manicurist, dressmaker or any other profession or business which caters to women patrons; in University Club Building, 431 Penn ave., in the heart of the most popular shopping district; fine large rooms on first, second and third floors; rental $150 to $1,000 per year; possession April 1.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

OFFICES—Two furnished offices. 414 Third ave., opposite postoffice.

Storerooms.

BEST APPOINTED STORES IN CITY.

For Rent—Three storerooms in new [illegible] theater building, Sixth ave.; handsomest stores in Greater Pittsburgh; rental $[illegible] and $3,000 per year; possession at once.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

SHOPS FOR RENT.

Rooms at 431 Penn ave. (University Club Building), suitable for milliner, gent's shoes or similar business, possession April 1.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

ATTRACTIVE OAKLAND HO

$7,000—Small cash payment and mortgage; or close with terms tractive 11-room frame dwelling both gases, furnace, laundry and vestibule; 2 porches; lot 30x14 asphalt-paved street.

REAL ESTATE TRUST
311 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

A BARGAIN ON SOUTH SIDE.

stantial 8-room solid brick dwelling with ed attic, No. 2013 Sarah street; lot 20x feet to paved alley; owner needs the ey and is making a sacrifice for quick e; price $4,500; about one-half cash.

SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
Farmers Bank Building.

MUST BE SOLD.

In order to close estate administrator offers property at 2742-4-6 Wylie ave. for $8,500; lot 48x100, 6-room frame house and stable; rents for $72 per month; splendid investment opportunity.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

East End Residences.

ONLY $8,000.

Nice 9-room brick house in Point Breeze district; fine location; handy to cars, surrounded by high-class residences; house contains all conveniences; hot and cold water; furnace, laundry, natural gas, etc.; can be bought on reasonable terms; cash payment and mortgage for the difference at 5 per cent; an exceptional opportunity to get a cheap house in a high-priced neighborhood.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

$5,750.

For Sale—In Hermitage st., 8-room brick dwelling; tiled vestibule and bathroom, furnace, instantaneous water heater, cabinet mantels, front and rear porches, cement sidewalks and steps; $2,500 mortgage at 5 per cent.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

Real Estate—Special.

A GOOD AND SAFE INVESTMENT.
EMICH APARTMENT BUILDING.

Emich Apartment Building For Sale

The most modern and best appointed apartment building in Allegheny, the EMICH APARTMENTS, 204-206 North ave., is offered for sale. Building contains 24 suites of 4 rooms and bath each; electric lighting plant and hot water heating system, elevator, 2 gas engines, 2 dynamos; hardwood finish, mosaic floors in hall; handsome entrance; fronts on one of Allegheny's beautiful parks. Rents for $11,000 per annum. Will sell for $110,000 on terms convenient to purchaser.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth Ave.

BE INDEPENDENT—Buy a farm; we have a large list. 505 Hamilton bldg.

Farms.

FOR SALE—Washington county farm, 265 acres; near railroad, churches and schools; underlaid with Pittsburgh vein of coal; on the premises are 5 producing oil wells, one gas well, good fruit orchard, water and buildings. For further particulars inquire of J. M. McBurney, 316 Washington Trust building, Washington, Pa.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE OHIO FARMS.
Send stamp for 1904 illustrated list.
NEILL & BLAKESLEE, OAKMONT, PA.

FARMS—ALL SIZES AND PRICES.
Send for our list.
ROYAL REALTY CO., 605 Times Bldg.

FARMS.
Send for our new January list of farms.
A. C. M'COMB & CO., 326 Fourth ave.

Lots.

FOR SALE—$20,000, Baum Grove; beautiful level lot, 66x135, to asphalt-paved alley; particularly large and elegantly appointed solid pressed brick, center hall house; neat barn on alley; this is a property of generally attractive appearance, surrounded by equally good houses; it has large porches with vines and has flowers and shade trees on beautiful, level, well-kept grounds; 12 large rooms, besides fine billiard room and large solid white tile bath, which alone cost $1,000 to fit up, everything else in keeping; this property is a bargain at $25,000 and could not be duplicated today at that money; owner leaving city.

HOME TRUST CO.,
541 Wood st.

AMBRIDGE LOT.

Two business lots on Merchant st., near Trust Co. building (one next the corner); cheapest lots in town; price $1,450; will double value in one year; act promptly. Address Economite, care The Gazette.

LOT IN AMBRIDGE.

Merchant st.; business lot; located near Trust Co. building; price $1,450; act quickly. Address Ambridge, care The Gazette.

Machinery.

ENGINES.

Plain slide valve with throttling governor.
5x10" center crank 8 H. P.
7x12" R. H. Woodbury 15 H. P.
8x12" L. H. West 20 H. P.
10x12" C. C. Clark 20 H. P.
10x12" C. C. Clark 22 H. P.
11x14" C. C. Clark 40 H. P.
13x18" L. H. Hamilton 55 H. P.
14x18" L. H. Chandler-Taylor 80 H. P.
16x24" L. H. Slide valve 100 H. P.
18x20" L. H. Bay City 150 H. P.
20x30" R. H. Mackintosh Hemphill 225 H. P.
21x24" R. H. Mackintosh Hemphill 250 H. P.
24x48" L. H. Callahan 350 H. P.
26x30" L. H. Bartlett 400 H. P.
30x72" R. H. Poppet valve 700 H. P.
32x60" L. H. Newbold 700 H. P.
36x60" R. H. Totten & Hogg 800 H. P.

Also Corliss and automatic engines and boilers.

WICKES BROTHERS,
Both 'Phones. 45th st. & Allegheny Valley Ry.

MACHINERY.

AIR COMPRESSORS for all duties.
ROCK DRILLS.
GAS PUMPS.
STEAM PUMPS single and duplex.
POWER PUMPS.
DEEP WELL PUMPS.
In stock and built to order.

HALL STEAM PUMP COMPANY,
215 Grant ave., Allegheny, Pa.
Near Union Bridge.

Bell 'Phone 554 North.
P. & A. 'Phone 155 North.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 8 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large lot of miscellaneous machinery; second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.

JOHN S. JUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—Complete electric light plant, consisting of one 75-H. P. Geary water tube boiler, one 8½x10-in. automatic engine direct connected to a 25-K. W. Westinghouse generator; one complete marble switchboard; all in first-class condition; will be fully guaranteed and sold cheap. R 7, The Gazette.

New—GAS ENGINES—Second-hand.
THE FAIRBANKS CO.,
236—Third Ave.—238.
4—2 h. p.; 1—4 h. p.; 1—10 h. p., second-hand. Horizontal and Vertical.
THE GOODSON IGNITER.

HOISTING ENGINES, DERRICKS;
8¼x10, double drum, with boiler.
7 x10, double drum, with boiler.
7 x10, single drum, with boiler.
Derrick timbers and derricks.
CONTRACTORS' SUPPLY CO., PARK BLDG.

Pianos.

PIANO BARGAINS
AT AMBUHL BROS.,
632 SMITHFIELD ST.

ONE LIGHT & CO. UPRIGHT SHOPWORN	$145
ONE REYNOLDS & WOLF SHOPWORN	165
NE KIMBALL, USED BY PROF. ARTER	210
E KIMBALL, SLIGHTLY USED	240
STEINWAY, USED	110
HARDMAN, USED	130
E CHICKERING, USED	130
E KRANICH & BACH	140
E HALLETT & DAVIS, NEARLY NEW	265
ONE HINZE, LIKE NEW	168
ONE KURTZMAN, SQUARE	60

AMBUHL BROS.,
632 SMITHFIELD ST.

PIANO BARGAINS.
W. F. FREDERICK, 635 SMITHFIELD ST.,
G. & W. SCHROEDER, MGRS.

Kimball upright piano, used	$138
Duquesne upright piano, perfect	165
Krakauer upright piano, splendid condition, mahogany case	170
Fischer upright piano, good condition	185
Genuine Chickering upright piano, used; good condition; a bargain	190
Steinway upright piano, used, almost new, mahogany	240
W. F. Frederick upright piano, used only by Chauncey Olcott at Schenley Hotel; colonial style; a rare bargain	300
Hardman upright piano; almost like new; perfect condition; goes for	310
Chickering baby grand used a few weeks as an ornament; regular price $750; reduced to	585
hr Bros. upright, new, mahogany case; regular price $450; goes for	290

W. F. FREDERICK,
The Reliable Piano Dealer,
35 Smithfield st. Entire Building.

This is the only store where you can buy new (genuine) Chickering, Hardman, Kroeger, McPhail, Estey, Haines Bros. pianos, Estey, Mason & Hamlin organs and the wonderful Chase & Baker piano player.

Horses and Vehicles.

OR SALE—Two fine speed sleighs, also best rnouts in the city for hire at Thuoron's livery and sale stables, 9 Montgomery ave., Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

Business Opportunities.

INVESTORS—At 3 cents per share, ground floor price, we offer for a short time only a golden opportunity to subscribe for shares in a reliable mining company, owning valuable patented property in a rich district; $30 buys 1,000 shares. For full particulars address A. Bender Bros., Canton, O.

INTEREST—Good chance to get into real estate business; you can clear $400 to $600 per month if you are not afraid of work and have $1,500 in cash; don't answer unless you have the money; anyone can manage this business. Address M S, The Gazette.

BUSINESS of all kinds bought and sold; partners secured for established business, etc.; all transactions strictly confidential.
KIRK & VOGEL, 1109 Arrott Building.

BUSINESS CHANGES—Before buying, call or write us.
ESTEP & CO., 326 Fourth ave.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

Miscellaneous.

J. G. LAUER'S
TOY HOUSE,
620 LIBERTY STREET.
TOYS AND GAMES WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FOR SALE—An Aitken Bible published in Philadelphia in 1782. Address J. B. Gill, Steubenville, O.

FOR SALE—A 20-foot hardwood counter; reasonable. 5106 Liberty.

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Persons calling for letters please give above date.

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J—R. W. Jackson, Frank A. Jackson, W. B. Jamison, R. H. Jennings (two letters), F. M. Jewell, Geo. W. Johnson (three letters), G. W. Johnston, G. Justin Johnston, James Johnson, Wilmot Johnston, A. E. Jones, Rev. E. Mona Jones, Herbert J. Jones, John Jones, W. H. Jones, Tom Joyce, G. Jubion, G. H. Judy, H. E. Joseph.

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O—E. F. Oats, Felix Olkowski, Ignace Owczarsky, Gerald O'Leary.

P—Harry Palmer, Mr. Paradies, W. H. Parker, F. M. Parker, Geo John Parker (For.), Robt. Parker (2), Geo. Parker, Marvin D. Patterson, Dr. Edw. C. Pearse, Jas. Pendel, T. R. Perham, Wm. S. Perry, Ruben Perkins (2), A. F. Parker, G. E. Parker, M. Pabbica, Geo. Parker (For.), Walter Parnell, Chas. F. Pfeifer, Ira Pierons, F. J. Pisse (For.), Mr. Pike, Chas. J. Pontier, Francesco Pontronie, Edwin Praeger, C. A. Preston, Feliksa Prulorowski, Dr. J. H. Price (3), J. W. Price (2), Will Price, W. Price, Thos. Pryor, Jas. V. Purdy, Stanki Putrok.

R—Stanislaw Rozinski, Edward Ferdinand Randley (For.), D. D. Ranson (D. L.) (2), C. P. Rankiin (For.), E. N. Randolph, Dr. R. C. Ray, Adolf Razebur, C. L. Ray, Saml. Rea, Edward Regis, Joe Rud, J. W. Renman, Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds, R. Reynolds, L. I. Rich, E. Rice, A. W. Ridge, James Rintout (For.), E. M. Rites, Chas. Roberts, H. C. Robert (2), Job Robinson, W. E. Rollins, Eugene Romeo, H. Ross, Geo. Ross, H. H. Ross, Mr. Ross, Eugene Rudolph, Marko Rukavina, Peter Rozeski.

S—Geo. Saunders, Edw. Savini, Biondo Saverio, Joseph Seccina, C. M. Schade (For.), Saml. Schaude, Geo. Scheffel, Frank Schilling (2), John M. Schneider, Thos. F. Schildknecht, Miss Ethel Cassidy, Chas. R. Schnur, Tauere Sellertz (For.), Jacob Schuck, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh D. Scott, Elmer Scott, Thos. Scott, B. Seers, Mr. Seight, H. D. Scribner, A. M. Selby, Angel Scott (For.), J. Q. Shaffer (2), Mr. Shakeskear, W. H. Shafer, James Shaw, Rev. G. A. Sheets, W. P. Shepley, Sam Sherley, F. M. Shickley, Manuel Silva, Jacob Silver (For.) (2), Geo. M. Simnse, John Slarm, F. W. Snowden, A. H. Smith (2), A. K. Smith, Elmo L. Smith, Elmer E. Smith, Geo. S. S. Smith, Herbert H. Smith (For.), Y. M. Smith (For.), Lion B. Smith, P. J. Smith, Rev. Wm. Smith, Wm. J. Smith, Wm. Culbrurin Smith, M. C. Sorty, Thos. J. Spiers, Jas. Spikes, Jas. S. Stacy, Anne Staph, R. Staneart, Jos. Staub, Miles Staten, W. K. Stein, Radulku Stojanu, W. B. Stevenson, J. C. Stewart, I. E. Stille, C. O. Stilson, H. F. Stitt, Wolciach Stiwinski, John Stokes, Levi G. Stone, Hon. Wm. H. Stowe, Chas. R. Stough, Charley Stringer, Adolph Stuebner, Lucas Sullivan, Chas. Sunberg, Howard Syms.

T—Leo Takach, Tan Tayfevt, Chas. Taplett, Enrico Taniri, H. E. Taylor, Calvin A. Taylor, H. H. Taylor, Henry Tilbort, Jas. Templeton, Fred Tetor, Robt. Thomppis, Arch. Thomas, Mm. Thomson, A. H. Thompson, A. J. Thompson, Jr., Jas. H. Thompson, Pris Tomasesky, John Travers, W. L. Treco (For.).

V—Giovanni Valentino, H. M. Van Court, A. H. Vance, C. S. Van, W. J. Vance, J. Vanbuber, Ben Vetto, Jos. Violkonolan, Moksim Vitas, Angelo Viscuse, Walter Vogel.

W—Morris Wagner, Chas. Waddell, Jas. Waddz, J. W. Walls, Frank G. Walker, F. W. Walker, Wesley Walters, Al. M. Walter, R. L. Warnock, Ed. P. Weatherhill, Frank Webber (For.), Louis Weatherbee, Harry Weis, A. G. Wehver, M. J. Welsh, Henry Wells, Jas. J. Weldon, Tomavoc Wenvel (2), Nat. H. Wetstein, Alphens W. White, Chris. White, Claude Wilkes, Jas. Williamson (For.), John Williamson, J. A. Williamson, Jas. Willock, C. O. Wilson, A. H. Wilson, Fred Wilson, J. Fulton Wilson, R. Wilson, Archie B. Watson, C. W. Winslo, Arthur A. Wiseman, E. H. Witmer, Fred Witrock, Chas. S. Witlock, H. G. Woerner, Jr., August Wolf, Thos. Wolf, J. D. Woolsey, A. F. L. Wyngerott.

Y—Harry W. Yoke, N. Yost, Henfy Youngflesh, Lengyel Yainos.

Z—Josef Zeiger, A. F. Zellner, Walter Zurski, M. Gedale Ziegel.

FIRMS.

Alfred Nelson & Co., Brown Bros. & Co., A. Comer & Co., J. M. Dovel & Co., W. J. Dunlay & Co. (2); H. Ellermerger & Bro. (2); John M. Eisen & Son, John Filkins & Co., Foster & Co., Gray & Chappell, W. O. Hickok Manufacturing Co., L. & T. Hoburg, Holman & Co., Max Kline & Son, S. M. Lasserty & Co., D. Marshall & Co., R. Murdock & Co., Rayfield & Co., Rice, Barton & Fales, Mrs. Wilson & Philips.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Anchor Coal Co., Bell Odometer Works, Bird Arm Co., Bitheimer Leaf Co., Butler Co. Bank, (Bush Estate, Miss Renette, Josephine Bush, Mrs. Annie M. Bissell, Mrs. Mary Lippincott); Bruner Woolen Co., Cincinnati & Hammond Spring Co., Columbus Stone Co., Conneaut Land Co., Cream City Furniture Co. (2); Davis Tie Co., Empire Typewriter Co., Enterprise Machine Co., Eureka Mattress Co., Financial Mercantile Agency, Harrisburg Pump Co., Homer Brass Works, Improved Street Sweeper Co. (2); Italian National Cigar Co., International Art Glass Workers, Lake Superior Iron Co., Leon Mfg. Co., Linden Steel Co., Marshall Grocers Store, National Association of Manufacturers, Office No. 606 River ave., Office Specialty Co., Rach Photographer, Paris Dye Works, Pennsylvania Oil Boring Supply Co., Pittsburgh Steel Matting Co., Pittsburgh Spiritual Ass'n, Pittsburgh Wire Nail Co., P. W. G. Laboratory, Refinery Department, Republish Co., Peter Schoenhofen Brewing Co., Schenley Knitting Co., Seidel Signs, Simons Saw Mnfg. Co., Slavia Exchange Bank (2); M. A. Shenk Co., Southern Oil and Supply Co., Sou Ry. Co., Westmoreland Savings and Trust Co., No. 2 Tunnel st., 2721 Wylie ave., 1140 Penn ave., 1715 Smithfield st., 4220 Delancey st., L. Bx 833.

THIRD AND FOURTH CLASS.

Salvatore Arnlori, Antonio Aurite, R. J. Barrett, W. Dickerhoot, W. J. Dunlay & Co., Miss May Goodsell, Miss D. Grove, T. A. Huston, A. Jacobs, P. Kunz, Tillie Lauman, Mrs. G. K. Lyons, Mrs. J. P. Marlatt, Mrs. Ollie McClaine, John Minor, C. McNicholl, Anna S. Pankurn, Arthur Praff, Sarah Raney, Ferdinand Randley, Mabel N. Reed, W. E. Reich, Ferese Weinberg.

ITALIAN.

1, Dominico Antonio Anonarelli; 2, Domenico Addesi; 3, Vincent Belletta; 4, Carlo Baldasi; 5, Cesae Barco; 6, Giuseppe Buroni; 7, Agatino Crisante; 8, Sante Carenassi; 9, Costa Carmelo; 10, Bruno Chirombolo; 11, Antonijo Cesario; 12, Paolina Cevario; 13, Dominico Catozza; 14, Domenico Cocco; 15, Giuseppe De Padera; 16, Antonio Di Gullo; 17, Giuseppe Delillo; 18, Antonio Fransi; 19, Agostino Franse; 20, Geo Greco; 21, Guiseppe Gatto; 22, Domenico Gallino; 23, Giuseppe Grillo; 24, Giuseppe Grasso; 25, Michele Giunta; 26, Domenico Gallina; 27, Pasquale Grasso; 28, Pasqualino Laettano; 29, Micheie Lobozzo; 30, Domenico Lopezi; 31, Giuseppe Limongelli; 32, Giuseppe Licansi; 33, Carmelo Margano; 34, Lingi Mascotti; 35, Domenico Mercure; 36, Nicola Mazzotta; 37, Giuseppe Miglieri; 38, Giuseppe Martini; 39, Domiano Maschesi; 40, Barbera Mariano; 41, Ersilia Magnani; 42, Venangio Milani; 43, Francesco Marino; 44, Guene Paganini; 45, Vincenzo Pasqualo; 46, Domenicantonio Petruzzo; 47, Frank D. Paul; 48, Giuseppe Romano; 49, Vincenzo Robetti; 50, Peppino Sanzo; 51, Giuseppe Santo; 52, Sandolo Schiavone; 53, Floriano Staffiero; 54, Giacomino Tumasi; 55, Giuseppe Veltrie; 56, Orazie Vessella; 57, Siberto Vittorio; 58, Giuseppe Velenoria; 59, Antonio Zingo.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

1, Wm. Aelenbrand; 2, Anna Ascholz; 3, P. T. Berg; 4, Sandor Bartok; 5, Josel Berkovici; 6, Jas. Banajtis; 7, Josef Bruck; 8, Jusef Browski; 9, Stefan Bierpacki; 10, Josefy Borowski; 11, Tomass Bandalewicz; 12, Josef Bolev; 13, Andrei Badik; 14, Ivo Butkovic; 15, Saul Cohon; 16, Moris Cherechenska; 17, Petar Devic; 18, Jozef Drezewski; 19, Katarzyna Dlugosz; 20, Aleksander Dobeniecki; 21, Danielowi Dobreniecki; 22, Peter Dowderis; 23, Anton Dyezkiewez; 24, Johanna Franek; 25, P. H. Friedman; 26, Patro Forowoski; 27, Itio Fridman; 28, Jozef Fajnor; 29, Aniela Getter; 30, Agas Gliwa; 31, Tomass Gurecki; 32, Jakob Geoci; 33, Stanislaw Gasyowski; 34, Josip Hacko; 35, Anton Hegedic; 36, Sofia Herman; 37, Hryc Hrapclo; 38, Peter T. Hadrilla; 39, Jakob Janczak; 40, Steven Joanovics; 41, Julyan Jendeszyewski; 42, Konstanty Jendeszyewski; 43, Franciszek Jospanski; 44, Ignacs Jurteici; 45, O. Conrad; 46, Piotr Kircw; 47, Timo Kruic; 48, Stepan Karolski; 49, Jedlij Kluska; 50, Franciszek Klimek; 51, Vincenc Kuralski; 52, Martin Kracz; 53, Jozef Kolonosynski; 54, Antony Kubionsky; 55, Ludwik Kuplensky; 56, John Krevek; 57, Stepan Korade; 58, Sigmond Lichtner; 59, Jozef Lewinski; 60, Mr. Lanochowsky; 61, Wladyslaw Mrowezynski; 62, Ljudevit Madjeric; 63, John Macsuga; 64, Johan Moszkowicz; 65, Ignacy Maskowicz; 66, Francisjek Mangowski; 67, Walenzia Magudet; 68, Victor Meerson; 69, Anton Nicij; 70, Franjo Niksic; 71, Antoni Noruslewic; 72, Wladyslaw Obuchowski; 73, Stanislaw Olender; 74, Antoni Owczarski; 75, S. Prochanoff; 76, Kostanty Perzanoski; 77, Andrezy Prosniowski; 78, Feliksa Przborowska; 79, Teper Popely; 80, Antoni Pigtka; 81, Gjuro Posavec; 82, Josip Pavlecic; 83, Stevan Puljo; 84, Jozef Pistej; 84, Demetrius Paraspera; 86, Ferdinand Reinli; 87, Szlupa ito Razelj; 88, Dominik Rezewnicki; 89, Wactaw Reiman; 90, Heinrich Rusterhaiz; 91, Maryjan Rutkowski; 92, Istvany Riszics Ruk; 93, Andra Rohaly; 94, Pal Remer; 95, F. Smithe; 96, Josef Sapka; 97, Franciszek Sroka; 98, Pieters Szimbelis; 99, Sam Shipiro; 100, Josipu Simeti; 101, Meni Srek; 102, Ignacy Stahersky; 103, Jan Skerhowski; 104, Stanislaw Sewielki; 105, Kasmier Stawiski; 106, Wawrzyn Szymanski; 107, Jan Sepcensky; 108, Tezy Szwed; 109, Juzef Sliko; 110, Franciszek Stankoski; 111, Angelo Scalet; 112, Josef Szymanski; 113, Adam Stecko; 114, Stanislaw Seezjiak; 115, Duro Ule; 116, Franciszek Wesotowski; 117, Nicioe Velikas; 118, Stefo Valjent; 119, Nicolas T. Vitzacos; 120, Bloroj Vranka; 121, Jedrbei Wanietek; 122, Juliana Wismewski; 123, Antony Wojtkosky; 124, Wladyslaw Wrobiewski; 125, Mieris Wiszbarnic; 126, A. Zemaritz; 127, Stanislaw Zalewski; 128, Jon Zedrozny; 129, Waclawas Zatonis.

GERMAN LETTERS.

1, Bernhard Binder; 2, F. D. Birckner; 3, Emil Bock; 4, Josef Booser; 5, Louis T. Gottlieb; 6, Paul Madsen, 7, Markus Markus, 8, Maria Muller, 9, Paul Markwort; 10, Chr. Norlstrom; 11, Reinhold Pfabigan; 12, Michael Schorwerth; 13, Johan Schwabhofer; 14, Ludwik Talar; 15, Johanna Tarki; 16, Freiherr von der Osten Sacken, Leutnant A. D.

EAST LIBERTY STATION.
GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

W. P. Batty, George Bishop, Geo. Bradbury, Harry Cooper, C. W. Cowman, S. Deneloos, F. Himes Dickerson, Robert Fulton, David Garrett, Gress Green, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Green, Daniel Gurr, Stepahan Haban (For), Mr. and Mrs. John Herron, John H. Kerns, Saph. Langhorst, Charles McKee, John McLaughlin, John A. Martin, Charles Merle, John Moran, Dr. Edwin T. Osbaldesten, Wesley Phillips (For), Chas. E. Reighart, Harry Rohrer, James Rowe, Julian Rozurr (For), Anthony Ryan, Sylvester Ryan, Mr. Sailly, Sehoon Bros., C. L. Shrewsbury, F. H. Tremly, Wm. Underwood (For), H. Van Burton, Wisborn J. Willingham, Frank Wilson, H. W. Dauphin st.

LADIES' LIST.

Mrs. Robert Arthurs, Miss Helen Arundel, Mrs. D. W. Bell, Miss Dole Banton, Miss Bell, Miss Birthagiltre, Theodosia Bingham, Miss M. J. Black, Miss Mary Blair, Miss Margaret E. Boswell, Mrs. Kathyrine A. Boyle, Miss Molly Buckley, Mrs. J. Callahan (For), Mrs. Mary E. Carter, Mrs. G. Craff, Miss Anna Domiter (For), Miss Kate Durkin, Miss Edith Edeboro, Miss Maggie Gilleland, Miss Agnes Graham, Mrs. Kate Jackson, Wichterya Jedraszek (For), Miss Alice Johnson, Miss Ella Johnson, Mrs. J. M. Jones, Miss Kate Keating, Miss Kitty Kennedy, Mrs. Nora King, Miss Roslind King, Miss Bessie Kovals (Nor), Miss Irene Martindale, Miss Emily L. Mason, Mrs. W. E. Miller, Miss Marie Milliken, Mrs. Thomas Mitchell, Mrs. Mart Murphy, Miss Maud A. Paine, Mrs. Jane Tassy Patterson, Mrs. Perkinse, Miss Bessie Prather, Miss Selma Ralber, Mrs. C. Reddick, Mrs. J. Roberts, Maryanna Rzeznick (For), Mrs. K. Schlipf, Mrs. James B. Scott (2), Miss Lila Smith, Miss Helen Spencer, Mrs. Spolen, Mrs. Harriet R. Stevens, Mrs. Minnie E. Stewart, Miss Myrtle L. Stuart, Mrs. Emma Taylor, Mrs. Alexander Thomas, Mrs. F. Voigt, Mrs. H. White, Mrs. L. Zimmerman, Martha, 5912 Euclid.

FOURTH CLASS.

Mrs. E. J. Warren.

ARSENAL STATION.

Pamplio Bearaton, John M. Carroll, Edward L. Devore, Miss Darryeott, Louiza Fisher, Harry Harney, Mrs. Mabel Haushee, Miss Kate Hein, Miss Clara Hesholtz, Christ Heomon, J. J. Holliday (2); Mr. Joe, Mrs. Julia A. Johnston, Piote Kraiczkiewicz, Mrs. A. Leonard, Mrs. Kate McCandless, Miss Ella McElwain, C. B. Mason, Miss Annie Myers, Miss Margaret P. Miller, Alex. Mitchell, B. R. Park, Mrs. S. E. Pepples, Michaelino Santanyo, John Shustarich, Mrs. Simms, J. J. Skillen, Thomas Sloyan (2); Miss Alice Lumbley, P. R. Turner, Tomesik Volma, Mrs. Almetta West.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Antonio Battaglia, Pawel Burka, Jan Chelmenski, Jan Fulyskowski, Stephan Greis, Millie Hajden (2); Miko Janvac, J. Jentrzembski, Stephen Kapazenski Szczepanal Kaperzenckem, Kratky Karolyurnak, vit Knric, Stanislau Kuko, Patrick Manning, Szabolyik Mihaly, Guiseppe di Padova, Mrs. Eliza Fros, Stanislau Pfalla, Scepann Previsic, Stanislau Skwarczowski, Mijo Sostoric, Jan Stopa, Andrzje Wrekovic, Andrzep Wudarczyk, Francisik Zakewez.

CARSON STATION.

M. E. Adams, Mrs. Alley, Louis Boff, J. F. Bowman, the Rev. R. E. Bristell, Agust Behart, Bendman S. Sykes, W. R. Barry, Miss Edna R. Belding, Mrs. August Baker, Muca Bucan, Bessie Carlesen, Tico Cmecpanobus, James Carley, Harry Forgus, Maik Frohlich, George A. Guertin, Miss Elizabeth Gilmore, Yero Havayole, Sture Heglund, John Hishmeh & Co., James Lewis, Miss L. McDonough, Mrs. Louise Miller, Miss Jenio Neuman, John H. Petty, Mrs. Mary Reese, Armon Riggs, Geo. Schweitzer, Edward J. Stau, S. R. Stewart, Paul Fowartowski, T. Z. Thomas, Mrs. Henry Verner, Felton Whari, Miss M. L. Williams, Anienas Zelinskis.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Joseph Baitkus, Katarzyna Bebeo (2); Jrofm Chamutak, Wladystaw Dinkrewicz, Petia Esapovicapka, Felice Fontanazzi, Luigia Grincr, Michael Horodyski, Franjo Kanc, Jan Krastek, T. Kember, Jan Kapvan (2); Senko Suchovzepha, Yan Suezer, Max Leibowitz, Yan Lajdel, Josef Suchorki, Yadwiga Lubek, Josef Mus, Mari Mihaly, Michael Mishiewic, Alfred Ochab, Naczeluik Forzly, Adam Baltycky, Padjatsky, Hryc Powan, Franja Puskanc, Ragus Pawli, Karl Rozer, Peter Skender, Marypanna Paudrak Swick, Rosalie Samulik, Wicentewic Tenko, Preko Tatsevcic, Marglana Zawiska.

WILKINSBURG STATION.

L. C. Allen, Miss Sadie Austin, John Baker, Mrs. Brush, Elizabeth Calduye, Jas. H. Carter, Mrs. Shampes, South Congregational Church, Miss Amanda Curran, Mrs. Catherine Davis, Mich. Donohue, Samuel Donohue, Mrs. Anna Dougherty, George Earlie, W. B. Edwards, James P. Espy, Miss May Finley, Miss Ona Freeman, E. J. Galbreth, Powers Higley, Luther Howard, Gertrude Klebler, Master Jos. L. King, Mrs. O. H. Knox, Charles Ludwig, Robert W. Moore, Miss R. H. Price, Chas. B. Rea, Red Cross Society, Chas E. Reed, Mrs. Nellie G. Reed, Rudolph Schaller, Joseph Shanahan (2), Frank Sparcino, Miss Mary E. Stewart, Frank Take, David Toy, Mrs. M. Turner, Mrs. S. A. Umstot, L. F. Warner, Mrs. W. A. Wagner, Charles Walters, Leon Watts, Chas. Welker.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Pietro Chinos, Marks Dangelis, Pavel Fovrkoesic, Miko Onnovic, Mato Skender, Jwra Vlasic.

FORBES STREET STATION.
GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

T. J. Campbell, A. E. DeRoy, Frank P. Duffy, E. N. Freudenberg, Lester Fisher, Homer Goesst, Frank S. Griffin, J. L. Hare, John Hoffman, Francis Larrot, Peter Mooney, C. W. Parker, Sammie Warneck, J. H. Whitney.

LADIES' LIST.

Sarah Beatty, Emma Boynton (D. L.), Miss Martha Jane Ebert, Mrs. Walter Hetzel, Miss Menervia Gallagher, Miss Margaret Harvey, Miss Nancy Jackson, Miss Anna B. Thompson, Mrs. E. Tomlinson, Mrs. Tenney, Mrs. James Warfel.

HAZELWOOD STATION.

H. J. Ashley, Mr. C. P. Coddington, Mr. Albert Grannon, Mr. John Hart, Mr. M. Hoover, Mr. Frank S. Hunter, Mr. Robert Logan, Mr. C. M. Sees, Grant Sane, Mrs. Joseph Mash, Geo. Montgomery, Mr. Chas. E. Moffitt, Mr. D. O. McClane, Mr. John Murray, Mr. John R. Martin, Mrs. Sarah Miller, Mr. Chas. Moser, Michael Melsky, Mr. John Neville, Mr. Amtnd Neville, Mr. Walter Paul, Mr. Roys, Mr. John S. Smeltzer, Mr. Norman S. Smith, Mr. Joseph Stoltz, Mr. George Sigler, Mrs. W. H. Swell (2), Mrs. F. A. Smith, H. S. Taylor, Mr. M. R. D. Willard, Mr. Lewis Weyman, Peter Woron, Mr. Henry Young, Mr. C. Zanes.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Jan Galus, Jozsey Hunyak, Juno Kovacic, Jenonic Varga, Karoly Bodnar, Haler Olev, Kolvacsik Kavol, Jan Wojtasik, Szabolti Istran, Jinka Jozsef, Frank Basenak, Koloman Polnak, Nagy Istvan, Andras Deneneh, Pajor Istran, Jandes Ritic.

SWISSVALE STATION.

H. B. Arbuckle, Jeremiah Bell, Louis Benker, W. C. Clain, Miss May Craig, Miss Nettie Early, Sophia Fennel, Mrs. Emma Harbison, Mrs. Albert L. Hill, Mrs. Rose Hof, Mrs. Ella Hull, Jno. McCoy, Bert Mitchell, Miss Maggie Odell, Miss Clara Richards, Helen Rich, Mrs. May Elizabeth Rhodes, Miss Daisy Stimel, Mrs. J. M. Stradling, Herman Topple, Miss Younger.

Employes!

If you are out of work or wish to better your present position, apply at once to The Gazette's Free Bureau of Employment.

ELECTION NOTICES.

Office of the Pittsburgh Sick & Accident Union, 1420 Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 2, 1904.

ELECTION—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the members of the Pittsburgh Sick and Accident Union of Pittsburgh, Pa., will be held at their offices, Nos. 1418-19-20, Park building, corner Fifth ave. and Smithfield st., on Tuesday, February 2, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, for the purpose of election of officers for the ensuing year, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

GALEN GROFF, Secretary.

Office of the Federal National Bank.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Federal National Bank of Pittsburgh will be held on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 2 p. m., at the bank building, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, voting on the reduction of the capital stock from $2,000,000 to $1,000,000 and for such other business as may come before the meeting.

H. M. LANDIS, Cashier.

German Trust Co., of Pittsburgh, Jan. 4, 1904.

ELECTION—NOTICE: The annual election for directors of this company, five to serve for one year, five to serve for two years and five to serve for three years, will be held at its offices, 310 Fourth ave., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 3 o'clock p. m.

J. M. HILLER, Secretary and Treasurer.

Metropolitan National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 10, 1903.

The annual election for directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

GEO. SEEBICK, Cashier.

Fort Pitt National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank will be held at its banking house on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 12 m.

CHAS. S. LINDSAY, Cashier.

First National Bank of Verona, Verona, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for nine directors to serve this bank for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 3 and 4 p. m.

W. E. BARGAR, Cashier.

The National Bank of Western Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election of directors of this bank, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, corner Penn ave. and Ninth st., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

GEORGE S. MACRUM, Cashier.

First National Bank, Sewickley, Pa., Dec. 17, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, corner of Beaver and Broad sts., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 7 and 7:30 p. m. E. P. Coffin, cashier.

The German National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for nine directors to serve this bank for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 1 o'clock p. m.

W. W. RAMSEY, Cashier.

German National Bank, Allegheny, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, No. 700 Ohio street, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 1 o'clock p. m.

ALBERT HELM, Cashier.

Allegheny National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, No. 232 Fifth ave., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock a. m.

W. MONTGOMERY, Cashier.

Workingmans Savings Bank & Trust Co., Allegheny, Pa., Dec. 12, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, corner Ohio street and Madison avenue, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 2 and 3 p. m.

W. L. GUCKERT, Secretary.

Third National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, No. 624 Wood street, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

OGDEN RUSSELL, Cashier.

The First National Bank of Allegheny, Allegheny, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house 124 Federal street, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 12 noon.

T. A. M'NARRY, Acting Cashier.

Monongahela National Bank, Sixth avenue and Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, corner of Wood street and Sixth avenue, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 1 p. m.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

State Bank of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, No. 4740 Liberty ave., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

LOUIS KLEIN, Cashier.

The Peoples National Bank of Pittsburgh, United States Depository, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 10, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors will be held at the bank, 400 Wood street, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 12:30 p. m.

W. DWIGHT BELL, Assistant Cashier and Secretary.

FARMERS DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 12, 1903.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank will be held at the banking house, corner Fifth ave. and Wood street, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 1 p. m., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

J. W. FLEMING, Cashier.

Duquesne National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual meeting of stockholders of the Duquesne National bank, to elect directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, No. 402 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 12 m.

A. H. PATTERSON, Cashier.

The Lincoln National Bank, No. 332 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for thirteen directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, No. 332 Smithfield street, Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 p. m.

W. R. CHRISTIAN, Cashier.

ELECTION NOTICE.

First National Bank of Birmingham, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for seven directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, No. 1201 Carson street, Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 o'clock p. m.

DANIEL BEECH, Cashier.

Real Estate Trust Company of Pittsburgh, 311 Fourth avenue.

ELECTION—The annual meeting of stockholders of Real Estate Trust Company of Pittsburgh, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, will be held at Real Estate Trust Company's office, 311 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, at 1:30 o'clock p. m.

W. S. VAN DYKE, Secretary.

Ohio Valley Bank of Allegheny, Pa., Allegheny, Pa., Dec. 12, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, Preble ave. and Kerr st., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 o'clock p. m.

F. P. REYNOLDS, Cashier.

The Safe Deposit & Trust Co. of Pittsburgh, Fourth ave. and Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 21, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this company will be held at the office of the company, Fourth ave. and Wood st., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 12 o'clock m.

WM. T. HOWE, Secretary.

The Arsenal Bank of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 12, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for 12 directors to serve this bank for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, Forty-third and Butler streets, on Wednesday, January 13, 1904, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m.

JOHN GRINE, Cashier.

Diamond Savings Bank of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 19, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for fourteen directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, Fifth ave. and Liberty st., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 1 p. m.

L. E. HUSEMAN, Cashier.

Pennsylvania Savings Bank, December 10, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, corner Penn ave. and Butler st., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 12 noon.

GEO. N. MORGAN, Cashier.

Western Savings & Deposit Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors for this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, No. 531 Smithfield st., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 1 p. m.

CHAS. E. SCHUETZ, Cashier.

ELECTION—The annual meeting of stockholders of the Chartiers Trust Company, to elect eleven directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, cor. Chartiers and Thomson avenue, McKees Rocks, Pa., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 1:30 and 2:30 p. m.

C. C. KECK, Secretary.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the said company, Twenty-eighth and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh, Pa., on Tuesday, January 5, 1904, between the hours of 10 and 11 a. m., for the purpose of electing officers and directors, and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before them.

GEORGE V. MILLIKEN, Prest.

Cosmopolitan National Bank, Wood and Liberty Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, corner Wood and Liberty sts., Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m.

D. J. RICHARDSON, Cashier.

Union National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election of directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, corner Fourth avenue and Market street, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of one (1) and three (3) o'clock p. m.

C. F. DEAN, Cashier.

Iron City National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—An election for seventeen directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at the bank, Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 and 1 p. m. and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

GEO. F. WRIGHT, Cashier.

Commercial National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, Nos. 329 and 331 Fourth avenue, on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 1 p. m.

H. W. BICKEL, Cashier.

The Diamond National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for fourteen directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, corner Fifth avenue and Union street, Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 p. m.

H. C. WETTENGEL, Cashier.

Metropolitan National Bank, Forty-third and Butler sts., Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for nine directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

GEORGE SEEBICK, Cashier.

Pennsylvania National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 10, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, corner Penn ave. and Butler st., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 12 noon.

R. M. DAVIS, Cashier.

Second National Bank of Pittsburgh, United States Depository, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank will be held at its banking house on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12:30 and 1:30 p. m., for the election of a board of directors for the ensuing year.

THOS. W. WELSH, JR., Cashier.

Merchants & Manufacturers National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

J. M. RUSSELL, Cashier.

Exchange National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 10, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh will be held at the banking house, No. 240 Fifth ave., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 1 p. m.

A. LONG, Cashier.

First National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, corner Fifth ave. and Wood st., Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 1 p. m.

F. H. SKELDING, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

Fort Pitt National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT on the capital stock out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand.

CHAS. S. LINDSAY, Cashier.

Office of Harbison-Walker Refractories Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 2, 1904.

DIVIDEND—Directors have this day declared quarterly dividend on preferred stock of 1½ per cent, payable January 20 to stockholders of record January 10. Checks will be mailed.

HAMILTON STEWART, Secretary and Treasurer.

First National Bank of Birmingham, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of tax. Checks will be mailed.

DANIEL BEECH, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of the Freehold bank has declared a dividend of TEN (10) PER CENT out of the earnings of the last three months, payable to stockholders of record December 31, 1903.

HOMER C. STEWART, Cashier.

First National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 29, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank has this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT, payable January 1, 1904. Checks will be mailed.

F. H. SKELDING, Cashier.

Commercial National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT on the capital stock, payable forthwith.

H. W. BICKEL, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of The Colonial Trust Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT, payable to the stockholders of record December 31, 1903. Checks will be mailed.

HOMER C. STEWART, Treas.

Allegheny National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT out of the earnings of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of tax.

W. MONTGOMERY, Cashier.

Western Savings & Deposit Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 29, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT out of the earnings of the past three months, payable January 2, 1904. Checks will be mailed.

CHARLES E. SCHUETZ, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

Office Allegheny Bridge Company, [illegible] Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 1, 1904.

DIVIDEND—The president, managers and company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river opposite Pittsburgh have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS ($1.50) on each share of the capital stock of the company, full paid, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 8th inst. Checks will be mailed.

W. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

The Union National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 29, 1903.

QUARTERLY AND EXTRA DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank has this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of SEVEN AND ONE-HALF (7½) PER CENT, and an extra dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT, on the capital stock, payable forthwith, free of tax. Checks will be mailed.

C. F. DEAN, Cashier.

Bock Run Fuel Gas Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 23, 1903.

DIVIDEND—A quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS (1¾) PER CENT has been declared upon the preferred capital stock of this company, payable January 25, 1904, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 31, 1903. The transfer books as to the preferred capital stock will be closed from January 1, 1904, to January 15, 1904, both days inclusive. Checks will be mailed to stockholders on January 25, 1904.

T. J. KERRIGAN, Secretary.

Office of the Manufacturers Light & Heat Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 22, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this company have declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½) PER CENT on the capital stock out of the earnings of the current quarter, payable on January 20, next, to stockholders of record January 1, 1904. Checks will be mailed.

H. E. SEIBERT, Secretary.

Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., December 28, 1903.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NO. 4—The board of directors of this company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of two (2) per cent on the capital stock payable to stockholders of record at the close of business, December 31. Checks will be mailed.

GEORGE D. EDWARDS, Secretary and Treasurer.

Office of Pittsburgh Oil and Gas Company, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this company have this day declared a dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT on the capital stock of this company, out of the earnings of the past three months, payable January 15, 1904, to stockholders of record January 1, 1904. The transfer books of the company will be closed from December 31, 1903, at 3 p. m., to January 16, 1904, at 10 a. m.

D. ROBERTSON, Treasurer.

The Peoples National Bank, United States Depository, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 85—The directors today declared the regular quarterly dividend of three (3) per cent and an extra dividend of one (1) per cent, payable at once. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

W. DWIGHT BELL, Assistant Cashier and Secretary.

The Lincoln National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 30, 1903.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank has this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT, and an extra ONE HALF (½) OF ONE (1) PER CENT out of the earnings of the last three months, payable January 2, 1904. Checks will be mailed.

W. R. CHRISTIAN, Cashier.

Ohio Valley Bank of Allegheny, Allegheny, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable January 30, 1904, to stockholders of record this date. Checks will be mailed.

F. P. REYNOLDS, Cashier.

German National Bank of Allegheny, Pa.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank has this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT, on the capital stock out of the earnings of the past three months. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

ALBERT HELM, Cashier.
Allegheny, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

Duquesne National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 29, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of the Duquesne National bank has this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT, free of tax. Checks mailed December 31, 1903, to shareholders.

A. H. PATTERSON, Cashier.

Traders and Mechanics Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 29, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the past six months. Checks will be mailed.

C. C. DAVIS, Cashier.

Farmers Deposit National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT out of the earnings of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of tax. Checks will be mailed.

J. W. FLEMING, Cashier.

The Arsenal Bank of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 17, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENTUM on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable January 2, 1904.

JOHN GRINE, Cashier.

Office of The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh, 337 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this company has this day declared a dividend of FIFTEEN (15) PER CENT out of the earnings of the past quarter, payable January 2, 1904, to stockholders of record December 30, 1903. Checks will be mailed.

H. W. [illegible], Treasurer.

The National Bank of Western Pennsylvania, Penn ave. and Ninth st., Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank have declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT out of the earnings of the last six months, on stock as registered on the books at the close of business December 31, 1903. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

GEORGE S. MACRUM, Cashier.

Monongahela National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 28, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT on the capital stock out of the earnings of the last three months, payable on and after January 2, 1904. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Third National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., December 31, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 78—The board of directors of this bank has declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½) PER CENT out of the earnings of the past three months, payable January 1, 1904. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

OGDEN RUSSELL, Cashier.

Metropolitan National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 30, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 54—The board of directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT on the capital stock of $400,000, out of the earnings of the past three months, payable on and after January 2, 1904. Checks will be mailed.

GEO. SEEBICK, Cashier.

German Savings & Deposit Bank, Carson and South Fourteenth sts., Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 31, 1903.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT out of the earnings of the last three months, payable forthwith free of tax.

J. F. EHNY, Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF VERONA, Verona, Pa., Dec. 29, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of three (3) per cent out of the earnings of the past six months, payable by check to stockholders of record January 2, 1904. Surplus fund has been increased $5,000.

W. EMERSON BARGAR, Cashier.

The Iron City National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 26, 1903.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank has this day declared a dividend of three (3) per cent out of the earnings of the last three months, free of tax, payable January 1, 1904, to stockholders of record December 31, 1903.

GEO. F. WRIGHT, Cashier.

LOST.

LOST, Strayed or Stolen—On Wednesday, December 23, collie dog, brown with white breast; answers to name Rab; had on his collar his name, license and register number. A reward will be paid to any person returning him to No. 349 Lincoln ave., Allegheny.

LOST—Lady's black handbag, Saturday night, Rosedale st., containing money, Pennsylvania baggage check. Liberal reward if returned to Morris, 329 Rosedale st.

LOST—Muff, Saturday evening, December 19, corner Penn and Highland aves., East End. Advise Mrs. Johnson, 16 Irving place. Reward.

PERSONALS.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.

Moles, warts, blackheads, etc., destroyed forever without pain or scar; 12 years' experience; consultation free at office or by letters.

HARRY H. GILMORE,
404 Bijou Building, Pittsburgh.

SKIN and scalp diseases, complexion and disfigurements treated and cured. Dr. [illegible], specialist, [illegible] building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 5311 Butler st. Both telephones.

NOTICES.

NOTICE—On and after date I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by Mrs. E. M. Wood of 119 [illegible] st., Allegheny, Pa. Edmund M. Wood. Pittsburgh, Jan. 4, 1904.

PATENTS.

R. C. EVERT & CO., Patent Attorneys, 301 Smithfield st., opposite postoffice.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.

FINE FURNITURE, CARPETS, PARLOR ORGAN, BRASS BED, CURLY BIRCH FOLDING BED, HAIR MATTRESSES, PICTURES AND CURTAINS, LOT OF CLOTHING, LADIES' TAILOR-MADE SUITS, CHILDREN'S COATS AND DRESSES, THE STOCK OF A LADIES' TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT GOING OUT OF BUSINESS, MOVED TO THE STORE FOR SALE JAN. 5, AT 10 O'CLOCK, AT THE ROOMS OF THE HENRY AUCTION CO., 311 & 313 NINTH ST.

Handsome chamber suites in oak and mahogany, curly birch folding bed, 2 fine brass beds, hair mattresses and springs, wardrobes, chiffoniers, parlor suites, mahogany cabinet, mirrors, pictures and curtains, leather couch, leather library suite, tables, chairs and rockers, sideboards, china closet, extension table, dining chairs, dishes, etc. Elegant Brussels, velvet and ingrain carpets for rooms and halls, matting and linoleum, large range, refrigerator, kitchen and laundry furniture.

Also at 2 o'clock, about 100 fine tailor-made suits, coats and dresses will be closed out positively; owner going out of business.

HENRY AUCTION CO., Auctioneers.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Did You Spend All Your Money?

If you spent all your money for Christmas or the holiday fun you will need more by this time. We will loan you all you need at 6 per cent interest, the lowest rate in Allegheny county. We accept security such as diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, furs, etc. Our fireproof vaults are protected from burglars by electricity.

Six Per Cent.
Market Street Loan Office,
214 Market Street,
Near Third Avenue.
CAPITAL $200,000.00.

All the Money You Need, at
Rates Lower Than the Lowest,
On Your Diamonds, Watch or Jewelry.
JOS. DeROY & SONS,
In One Location Nearly Half a Century.
507 SMITHFIELD ST.,
Directly Opposite Postoffice.
No Pawnbroker sign displayed.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on household furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on good collateral security; easy payments, confidential.
J. Q. H. SMITH, 413 Fourth ave.

MONEY LOANED salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 43 principal cities.
TOLMAN, [illegible] Smith Block.

We have plenty of MONEY for good mortgages. Bring deed. [illegible] Co., 337 Fourth ave.

MONEY TO LOAN on easy payments. Business loans on same terms.
E. B. BLACK, 245 Fourth ave., Second Floor.

Mortgage Loans.

$50,000 for 1st mtg's, large or small amounts, either time or re-payments. P. O. Box 452.

INDIVIDUAL will loan money at 5 per cent. 2d mortgages, notes or heirs in estates. Box 662.

LEGAL NOTICES.

CHARLES T. MOORE, No. 315 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. In re the estate of [illegible] C. Whittaker, deceased. In the Orphans' court of Allegheny county, No. 1 September term, 1903. To Ella E. Taylor, Isaac N. Taylor, Ella E. Taylor, trustee, and Emily Whittaker, [illegible] heirs of said decedent: You are hereby notified to be and appear in the said court on Saturday, January 16, 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., [illegible] court.

CHARLES W. DAHLINGER, Attorney. Notice is hereby given that the board of directors of the [illegible] Company by majority vote, has decided to [illegible] the capital stock of said company, and that action by the stockholders will be taken on approval or disapproval of said proposed [illegible] of capital stock at a meeting of the stockholders of said company to convene at its general office in the Peoples Savings Bank building, Pittsburgh, Pa., on February 2, 1904, at 12 o'clock noon.
[illegible], Secretary.

D. S. M'CANN, Attorney-at-Law, No. 500 Bakewell Law Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Thomas J. [illegible], deceased, late of Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Elizabeth M. [illegible], Administratrix, [illegible] Avenue, Edgewood Park, Allegheny County, Pa.

MEETINGS.

Headquarters Republican City Executive Committee, Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 29, 1903.

NOTICE is hereby given to the members of the city committee that a meeting will be held in the common council chamber, City hall, Pittsburgh, on Monday evening, January 4, 1904, at 8 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of acting upon the following amendments to the rules [illegible]

"Amend Rule 2, District [illegible]

"Amend Rule 4, Primary [illegible]

"Amend Rule 5, [illegible]

All members are earnestly requested to be present. By order of
[illegible], Chairman.
Attest: [illegible], Secretary.

Office of The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, 337 Fourth Avenue.

For the purpose of [illegible] sinking fund [illegible] Monongahela River Consolidated Coal & Coke Company [illegible] The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee.

Office of Monongahela Water Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 29, 1903.

MEETING—Special Notice [illegible]

MARTIN [illegible], Secretary.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 19, 1903.

NOTICE of the annual meeting of the stockholders of the [illegible] Oil Company [illegible]
J. H. EVANS, Secretary.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

DRY CLEANING—Until further notice will continue to dry clean [illegible]
E. T. SHUMAN, [illegible] Penn ave., [illegible]

RESTAURANTS.

BOHEMIAN CAFE, 238 Diamond st.
Italian Meals a Specialty.
25c—Merchant's Lunch—35c
BOHEMIAN CAFE, 238 Diamond st.

A check for your rents on the first day of every month if this company handles your property.

Union Realty Company
Owned and operated by Iron City Trust Co.
Capital and Surplus, [illegible]
Penn Ave. and Ninth St.

PASTOR C. T. RUSSELL ON SCRIPTURAL EVIDENCES THAT MILLENNIUM IS AT HAND

Arguments in the Time-Chart Series of Talks in Allegheny Carnegie Hall.

GREAT JUBILEE OF THE EARTH

The first of a series of discourses on Prophetic Times and Seasons was delivered by Pastor C. T. Russell yesterday afternoon in Carnegie hall, Allegheny. The special topic for the occasion was "Earth's Great Jubilee." These meetings are in response to requests made at the close of the "Eaton-Russell Debates" in November. The requests, accompanied by unsolicited checks, more than meeting the expenses of the hall were interpreted as a providential guidance. Addressing a comfortably filled house the speaker said:

To those who have followed our presentations in the recent debates on millennial subjects, it is scarcely necessary to say that our exposition of a speedy introduction of the millennium is not based upon the usual theory—that it will come about through the conversion of the world of mankind to a voluntary service of the Lord and of righteousness. On the contrary, we see that even in the so-called converted countries—the countries in which Christianity has produced the highest forms of civilization—the masses are far from being saints. So that if the whole world were converted, after the ordinary application of that term, it would still be far from the glorious condition intimated by our Lord's prayer, which instructs us to pray for and to expect that God's kingdom will be established and his will be done in the earth as it is done in heaven.

As for the conversion of heathendom, statistics contradict the thought. No sane, reasonable mind can look the facts squarely in the face and any longer delude himself with the supposition that the millennium can ever be introduced by the conversion of heathendom under present human limitations and without divine interference. Let me give you a few of the facts briefly stated:

Some Startling Figures.

The world's population is officially rated at 1,600,000,000. Of these count the entire populations of America and Europe as Christians—reckon a total of 400,000,000 Christians of every shade, "white, black, ring-streaked and speckled" as Bishop Foster describes them. This leaves at least 1,200,000,000 heathens living today. The United States census reports show that the present rate of population increase is eight-tenths of one per cent per year. This means that there were 9,600,000 heathens born last year! Far, far more than the converts of today, representing the laborers of the entire preceding century. What sane man will dispute these figures? And, with these facts before him, what sane man can hope that with missionary efforts multiplied ten fold we could ever bring about the millennium by such processes! And if the wildest hopes along this line were realized, would the results be those we long have prayed for—"Thy kingdom come, Thy will be done on earth even as it is done in heaven?" Far from it! Even in quiet religious Allegheny true Christians are a small minority. We are not deprecating good endeavors to assist the heathen, but merely showing that millennial hopes do not lie in that direction.

Our millennial hopes are based upon the grace of God, manifested in the great redemptive work accomplished by our Lord Jesus at Calvary, and resting upon the firm foundation of the divine promises, given originally with the divine oath to Father Abraham, and reiterated, amplified and explained through the prophets of old and through the apostles of our Lord Jesus. To our understanding this foundation is much more reliable than any that could be produced from any other quarter.

God not only promised Abraham that his "seed," the Christ, should "bless all the families of the earth," but in order that we might have strong consolation the apostle says he made oath to this declaration; that by two immutable things—the divine word and the divine oath—the faith of God's people might be fixed as an "anchor to our souls, sure and steadfast, entering into that within the veil, whither the forerunner is for us entered."—Heb. vi:19.

Not a Fleshly King and Kingdom.

A great mistake has been made by many of our dear friends who see with us to some extent on this subject. They have followed the thought of the Jews, that the kingdom of God when established will be a fleshly, earthly kingdom. This mistaken view has not only done injury to their own conceptions of the kingdom, and thwarted their desire for a clearer understanding respecting it, but additionally this earthly, fleshly view of the matter has driven away from the kingdom hopes many of the brightest minds amongst the Lord's people.

The consistent objection of the latter class is that the Lord's dealings with the church have been on a spiritual plane, and her begetting has been to a spirit nature and heavenly hopes; under earthly conditions is an absurdity and a retrograde movement. To this we largely agree. Our understanding of the teachings of God's word is that the kingdom class—the elect of this gospel age—will be "changed" from human nature to spiritual conditions in the first resurrection, which the apostle explains in I. Cor. xv:42-44. His words are, "So also is the resurrection of the dead. It is sown in corruption; it is raised in incorruption; it is sown in dishonor, it is raised in glory; it is sown in weakness; it is raised in power; it is sown a natural (animal) body, it is raised a spiritual (spirit) body. There is an animal body and there is a spirit body."

It is not supposable that our Lord, who left the spirit condition and became a man, simply and solely for the suffering of death and not with any intention of remaining a man, should be still considered as a man in heaven. On the contrary, the scriptures everywhere assure us that he is now a quickening, life-giving spirit, and that "though we have known Christ after the flesh, yet now henceforth know we him so no more." (II. Cor. v.:16.) They assure us that he has not suffered by his obedience to the Father by becoming our redemption price. That, on the contrary, "Him hath God highly exalted, and given him a name above every name." It is because our Lord Jesus is thus so highly exalted, and changed back again from human to spirit nature, that we have confidence and rejoicing in the apostle's words when he assures us that we shall be "changed"—be made like our Lord and see Him as He is (not as he was) and share His glory.—I. Cor. xv.:51; I. John iii.:2.

Spiritual Kingdom—Earthly Subjects.

There is nothing mysterious or inconsistent in the thought of this spiritual kingdom ruling over and blessing earthly subjects. Such was the character of God's original dominion instituted in Eden—man, an earthly being, subject to and under the laws and direction of the heavenly empire. Such also is the character of the kingdom in the present time as respects the church. Our Lord is now the king of those who yield their hearts to Him and seek to render obedience to His will. He is invisible to the eyes of the flesh, but nevertheless our minds are conscious of Him, and we can apprehend our Lord and king with the eyes of our understanding, and in our hearts render as good or better obedience and homage than if He were in the flesh, an earthly king. Why shall we not conclude that the world during the coming millennial age will be more greatly blessed by realizing their obligation to a spiritual King and kingdom than merely to an earthly one.

True, the Scriptures do speak of earthly representatives of the heavenly kingdom—"Ye shall see Abraham, Isaac and Jacob in the kingdom." When the spiritual kingdom is set up amongst them it will have for its earthly representatives those ancient worthies, perfected as men. Although the kingdom class, the Lord and his elect church in glory, will be invisible to men, they will be fully represented through these faithful and competent representatives.

The whole world will then realize what it is to have every word and thought and act of life discerned by their spirit rulers. Thank God, they can rest assured that the judgment of their words and thoughts will be with reasonable, proper leniency—with sympathy—since all of those who will be their judges in the kingdom will have themselves passed through experiences in many respects similar, and will be able to sympathize with those over whom they will be judges, as it is written, "Know ye not that the saints shall judge the world?"

Earth's Great Jubilee.

Our topic for today relates to the great blessings of the world's Judgement Day. Instead of calling it "doomsday," the Scriptures represent it as the great "Jubilee" period. For long centuries, in every land in every part of the earth, Satan has been seeking to misrepresent the divine character and plan, in order to drive men further and further away from their great Creator—in order to hinder them from hearing and appreciating his "wonderful words of life" "speaking peace through Jesus Christ our Lord." The great adversary has totally misrepresented the coming day of judgment. It is to be a day of judgment in the sense of rewards and punishments to the church for the deeds of the present life; but not to the world.

The church, having been freed from the original condemnation through faith in Christ, "justified by faith," and having made consecration to the Lord, is now upon trial; and the Apostle assures us that each one in the church shall, at the conclusion of this age, at the dawning of the millennial age, "receive according to the things done in the body"—as members of the body of Christ. Some of these "overcomers" will be the joint heirs with the Lord in the kingdom, while others of these consecrated ones will fall short of this high attainment and will be of the great company mentioned in Rev. 7:9-15. They will not get into the throne with the bride class, but will be blessed with the great privileges of serving before the throne during the millennial age; they will not get the crowns, but they will get palm branches—because they were not sufficiently loyal to the Lord and to the principles which he enunciated and to the terms of their covenant. They get their white robes of justification sullied, spotted and wrinkled, and fail to properly care for it and have the spots and wrinkles removed through the precious blood, and therefore they must "wash their robes and make them white in the blood of the Lamb"—in great tribulations. Still others who have been of the church, the Scriptures clearly indicate, will be judged worthy of the second death.

But as for the world, its judgment waits until the millenial age. Those who do not hear the gospel invitation of the present time will miss all opportunity of a change of nature from human to spiritual. The grand opportunity to be offered to them will be an opportunity for return to perfect human conditions, moral, physical, whose home will be the rejuvenated earth — "Paradise restored." The world will be then on trial, not for the sins of Adam, neither for the weaknesses inherited through him, for which they already are condemned and dying.

That judgment is passed; it is fixed irrevocably in the divine sentence upon father Adam after his disobedience, which sentence has extended to every member of his family—"dying thou shalt die." But the redemption price of Christ redeemed the whole world from that sentence and granted the whole world of mankind a fresh trial for life—a fresh opportunity to come to a knowledge of God and the terms to which eternal life may be granted, to see whether or not they will stand that trial or testing and be obedient to those terms.

So far as the world is concerned, this knowledge has never yet reached it—it has never yet had a trial or judgment under the terms of the new covenant. The promise of God's word is that the whole world shall have such an opportunity and trial. "God hath appointed a day (the millenial age) in which he will judge the world in righteousness by that man whom he hath afore ordained"—the Christ. This gospel age has been used of the Lord as the time in which to develop the Christ, head and body—the royal priesthood which is to reign over and judge and bless the world of mankind with an opportunity for return to divine favor and to human perfection, if they will, during the millennial age. And all who will not thus return under such favorable conditions will be cut off in the second death.—Acts 3:23.

Typical of the Times of Restitution.

The Apostle clearly indicates that everything pertaining to the law covenant which God made with the Israelites was typical—illustrative. This truth is generally recognized by Bible students as respects the sacrifices of the law, but very few indeed have seen to how large an extent all the affairs of fleshly Israel were typical of matters and incidents pertaining to spiritual Israel. We shall see more on this subject when considering the Jewish and gospel parallels in a coming discourse. Now we remind you of the Apostle's words, "The law was a shadow of good things to come."—Heb. 10:1.

One of the shadows of the law is found in the admirable arrangement which God provided for Israel in what is known as the jubilee year. As some are not familiar with the matter, I will give details. The Lord gave the Jews a number of Sabbaths, and not merely the one seventh-day Sabbath with which we are familiar. The seventh day was the rest day which, in Hebrews iv., the Apostle explains typified the present rest of faith of the people of God, and in the still larger sense it typifies the rest that remaineth for the people of God which they will enter into on the millennial morning—on the seventh day, in the large sense of the word the seventh thousand-year period.

It is not so generally known that the law prescribed a seventh-year Sabbath in which the Israelites were to allow the land to rest without cropping it. A cycle of these sevens, seven times seven years, was followed by a still higher and still grander Sabbath year—the fiftieth year.

Known By Jews as Jubilee Year.

In a general sense the word jubilee meant to the Jews joy and rejoicing—a release from difficulties. In this respect it typified the millennial age which now is near at hand, in which there will be a release from all of earth's woes and difficulties under the heavenly kingdom's administration of earth's affairs.

The jubilee arrangement was a very beneficial one as respected the earthly affairs of the Jews—aside from its typical significance. Its arrangement was that the land should be recognized as belonging to the Lord, and as being divided amongst the tribes of Israel in family allotments. These allotments were not transferable by sale and could not be divested on account of debts. Any sale which might take place could affect the land only up to the fiftieth year; so that when, through adversity or bad management, a family became poor and its members went into servitude and the homestead passed to another, this could only affect matters until the jubilee year, in which every individual would go free and every homestead be released.

For instance, if the next year after a jubilee a man got into difficulty, and the homestead were parted with, and himself and family obliged to go into servitude to others, his distress and the distress of his family in this matter could last not more than the forty-nine years ensuing—until the next jubilee year. And if he got into financial straits and debts forty years after the jubilee, the difficulties of his position could last no longer than ten years, or up to the next jubilee; and if he got into difficulty one year before the jubilee year, the difficulty could continue only up to the jubilee year. In the jubilee year all debts were cancelled and all estates reverted to previous owners. We cannot wonder that the jubilee year was greatly appreciated, especially by the poorer classes of Israel—and not much appreciated by the more wealthy.

Beautiful Picture Given By God.

What a beautiful picture God has thus given us of His own gracious intention toward the world of mankind, which he has in his gracious plan arranged, through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus, for the setting at liberty of all the slaves of sin and death, and for the restoration to mankind in general of the original homestead, the earth. Already the church can realize by faith the redemption and deliverance from the power of the adversary, but it is only by faith.

The world is still under the power of sin and death—still under the sentence, "Dying, thou shalt die." The time for the jubilee to actually set in has not yet come, but it is now even at the door. Christ has died for our sins. During this gospel age He has accepted some of the redeemed as members of His body and has permitted them to suffer with him, to lay down their lives—"To fill up that which is behind of the afflictions of Christ." (Col. i., 24).

Soon the entire Christ, head and body, will have suffered in the flesh; soon the sacrificing time will all be ended; then the glory shall follow, when those who sacrificed will reign, not to the injury of those who crucified them and spoke all manner of evil against them falsely, but to their blessing, to their uplifting, to their salvation from sin and from the power of death and from the power of Satan. It is this great deliverance which is pictured in Israel's jubilee.

God Himself is the one to whom the whole world is indebted. "Sold under sin." God Himself has provided the arrangement by which this debt is to be fully set aside with the close of this gospel age, because paid by the dear Redeemer. God Himself has provided that man's original possession, the earth, forfeited through sin, shall return to his possession and control under better and more favorable conditions, which will be fully attained by the close of the millennial reign.

Blowing the Silver Trumpets.

When the year of jubilee arrived it was the duty of the priests to blow on the silver trumpets throughout all the land of Israel, that every individual might know of his liberty and avail himself of the opportunities thus granted. What does this mean in the antitype? We answer that the silver trumpet symbolized the message of the truth, which, very early in the morning of the millennial age, will be caused to sound throughout the whole world, that every creature, male and female, bond and free, barbarian and civilized, may come to know of the redemption that is in Christ Jesus and of the mercy of God extended to him through the precious blood—even the forgiveness of sins, and the release from the bondage of Satan and sin into all the liberties of the sons of God. It is of this coming release that the Apostle Paul writes so forcefully. After declaring that the "whole creation groans and travails in pain together," under this bondage of sin and death under Satan, he declares that the "creature itself shall be delivered (set free) from the bondage of corruption (the bondage of sin and death) into the glorious liberties of the sons of God."

But he also shows in the same connection that the creature must wait for this deliverance until God's appointed time—until the church shall have first been glorified. He declares that the whole groaning creation is "waiting for the manifestation of the sons of God"—Christ, the Lord, the chief, and the church, his brethren. These must first be exalted to the spiritual plane and kingdom power before the groaning creation can be lifted up and blessed. That glorious time will certainly be earth's great jubilee!

We wait for it with longing anticipation, confident that its coming will rectify all the difficulties now experienced both by the saints and by the world—every injustice, every unrighteousness. The apostle in view of this says, "Be patient, therefore, brethren; the coming of the Lord draweth nigh." And the second coming of the Lord means the coming of the kingdom, with its great power to control and its great glory to bless the world, the groaning creation.

All to Be Notified.

The silver trumpets will be kept sounding all through the year of jubilee, that every individual of the human family may come to know fully his privileges and opportunities, and, if he will, to avail himself of them and to attain harmony with God, eternal life through faith and obedience to the great Life-giver, our Lord Jesus. They are already sounding. We are sounding this silver trumpet today in your ears, declaring from the Word of God that restitution times are at hand, that the jubilee period is about to begin.

Blessed are the ears that hear and the hearts that appreciate the joyful sound of these jubilee trumpets of this jubilee message. As for those whose ears cannot hear the sound now, we have reason to rejoice that the time is coming when all the blind eyes shall be opened and all the deaf ears shall be unstopped. But they miss a great blessing in the present time who cannot hear and understand the glorious features of blessing which God has provided for the world; they miss much joy in the Lord and in the Word of His grace; they miss much of the "comfort of the Scriptures." (Rom. xv., 4.)

This much of the scriptures can be grasped by all who have the anointed vision, and those of the Lord's people who can see the matter but dimly we exhort to make close scrutiny, to ascertain whether or not houses or lands or dollars are so close to them as to hinder a proper view of this great event.

Antitypical Jubilee Began in 1874.

This may at first seem startling, and to some it may seem unreasonable until they have further reflected. Some will say, where is the restitution, and would it be possible that the "times of restitution" could begin while matters appear to go along nearly in the same manner as they have done in previous times? We answer that a right look at the matter from the right standpoint will convince any one that during the last 30 years an appropriate work of the jubilee times has been in operation.

If we will fancy ourselves back in Jewish times, when the jubilees were kept, we will readily see that the exact beginning of the year of jubilee would not probably be known to the masses at that time. They had no calendars such as are so common with us today, they had no daily papers, they were dependent upon the message from the priests to inform them of the due time by the blowing of the silver trumpets. We can imagine, too, that all of the priests would not begin to blow their trumpets at the same moment of time. We can imagine that, even if the trumpet tones were heard, the transition from slavery to freedom would not be the work of a moment but of hours or of days.

Some would perhaps endeavor to hold on to the possessions which had come under their control through the adversities of their neighbors, the spirit of selfishness would certainly lead to more or less difficulty at the dawn of the jubilee year. And we find today in our midst what corresponds precisely to this condition of things.

People Awakening and Clamoring.

We may well suppose that when the jubilee year was due that not only the priests, whose duty it was to announce the jubilee year, would blow upon their trumpets, but we can well imagine the tooting there would be from all kinds of ram's horns and every other kind of horn that would make proclamation of the liberty so longed for. We can imagine that among the Jews there was a regular din of trumpets and horns, somewhat resembling the commotion which we have today with the introdution of the new year.

The fact is that God has arranged that the jubilee shall be properly announced by those whom He will specially qualify for the announcement; but it is likewise true that others also will blow upon various trumpets, giving various sounds, all seeking to proclaim the great truth; but many discerning it mistakenly will proclaim it unwisely or untruthfully. This is just what we see today. The present message has been promulgated throughout the world since 1876, declaring that we are in the beginning of the jubilee times, and that the restitution of all things is surely to take place, and all the families of the earth are thus to be blessed by the Lord's anointed king.

But year after year has witnessed the blowing of all kinds of trumpets respecting the day in which we live. The anarchists are blowing trumpets and giving full evidence of the fact that many have not the slightest conception of how to properly use liberty, the socialists are blowing their trumpet and, while announcing some truths are, we believe, announcing many fallacies wholly impractical. Their great error is that they do not realize that it is not the work of men to introduce the jubilee.

Lord Provides the Jubilee.

The jubilee is provided by the Lord, and He will introduce it in His own way at His own time. There are many liberty-loving organizations trumpeting loudly for rights, liberties and privileges—many of which must be conceded to be properly theirs, though some of them are unjust—unreasonable in the extreme.

These false conceptions of liberty, and the impetuosity displayed in desiring to grasp it, will bring about a great deal of trouble, which the scriptures clearly indicate in many places will constitute so prominent a feature in the establishment of the kingdom and in the jubilee. Many of the princes of the world, political, financial and ecclesiastical, see the restless spirit of the times in which we are living, hear the blowing of the trumpets, recognize that many of them are unreasonable and that many others of them are both reasonable, necessary and righteous. These princes would be disposed to arrange for the setting at liberty of mankind so far as is in their control, but they are in the minority and can do comparatively nothing.

The majority of the princes, political, financial, social, are actuated merely by selfishness and are determined that by force they will hinder the jubilee from taking place; they will prove to these trumpeters that neither noise nor numbers will count, but merely brains and money. They propose to prevent the jubilee arrangements from taking effect. They will not be able to do this, because the Lord's time has come. The jubilee is here, and it is only a question of method and time until present institutions will be wholly transformed and the new reign of righteousness and universal blessing will take its place.

How the Type Indicates the Date.

Let us see what the type has to say to us respecting the time of its fulfillment—the time when earth's great jubilee of jubilees, the anti-type of the Jewish jubilee year, should begin. We notice that the multiple system prevails in connection with the Sabbath types. For instance, the seventh day multiplied by itself (7x7—49) constitutes a cycle, which leads us to the fiftieth day, and the fiftieth day was the jubilee day and its antitype was Pentecost. There the Holy Spirit was poured out upon the church, and the effect was the heart rest which the Lord's people may now enjoy every day and every hour—the true Sabbath of the people of God.

Likewise the seventh year multiplied by itself (7x7—49) leads to the fiftieth, or jubilee year. This system seems to imply that its continuance would reach to an indicated time of the anti-typical jubilee, the great jubilee. And so it does. We continue the same principle of multiples with the thought that 50 times 50 years should reach to the jubilee of jubilees. 50x50—2,500 years.

We have found the measure now: How can we apply it? Where should this measure begin? If we can ascertain the exact time where it should begin we can very soon tell where the measure will end—where the antitypical or great jubilee will begin.

Looking back in the scripture narrative we find that the jubilee begins to count when the children of Israel entered into the land of Canaan. The Lord's word to Israel before they came into the land of Canaan was, "Speak unto the children of Israel and say unto them, When ye come into the land which I give you then shall the land keep a Sabbath (begin the observance of a Sabbath system) unto the Lord," etc. (Lev. xxv:2-28).

When It Begins to Count.

The cycle of 50 times 50 years, reaching to the great jubilee of jubilees, would not begin to count until the typical cycles came to an end, and there is nothing in the scriptures to say how many of the typical jubilees were kept by Israel. One thing we do know, however, and that is that they must be in their own land in order to fulfil this type. We know, therefore, that the typical system must have terminated at the time of the Babylonish captivity, because the land lay desolate seventy years, and thus we are assured that the typical system must have ended with the jubilee year which preceded that captivity.

We can locate that jubilee in this way: Bible chronology indicates the time of the Babylonish captivity to have been 969 years after Israel entered into the land of Canaan. They were six years dividing the land: 450 years under judges; 513 years under kings, and it was in the days of the last of these kings of Judah Zedekiah that Nebuchadnezzar's army overwhelmed and carried away captive the king and the people living in the land desolated for 70 years.

If we divide 969 years by 50 it will show us the number of jubilees which Israel kept up to that time, namely, 19, and the remainder of 19 would indicate that the last of the typical jubilees occurred 19 years before the 70 years' captivity.

We are on the right track now. We know that the great cycle of 50 times 50 years, equaling 2,500, must have begun to count at the very time when the last typical jubilee ended. We know this assuredly, because our Lord declared that not one jot or tittle of the law could in any wise fail until all should be fulfilled. We know that the jubilee system of Sabbaths was much more than a jot or tittle in the Jewish arrangement, and we are sure that its antitype has never been fulfilled either to that nation or to the world whom they typify. We are sure, therefore, that the cycle must have kept on counting even when men were not aware of the fact, so that when the due time would be reached the antitypical jubilee would begin.

Date of Dawning of Earth's Jubilee.

I call your attention to the chart again. Here we have set forth the various periods of time reaching from that last typical jubilee, 19 years before the desolation of the land by Nebuchadnezzar, down to 1874. The periods are, 19 years until the desolation; 70 years of desolation; 536 years from the close of the desolation, and the return of Israel to their own land in the first year of King Cyrus and under his decree down to our year A. D. 1. Add to this 1,875 years of our A. D. and we have a total of 2,500 years—the great jubilee cycle.

We see, then, that whether anything occurred in 1875 or not, the typical jubilee great cycle pointed to that year as the beginning of "the times of restitution"—the dawning of earth's great jubilee. Not that 1875 was the jubilee year, but that with that year began the antitype of the jubilee year, and the antitype must be much larger than the type. We are not looking for a year of restitution, but for 1,000 years, the glorious Millennial time, the antitype of the blessing which God represented in Israel's jubilee year.

Hence we should expect that the dawning of this jubilee period, the Millenial age, began in 1875, and that the dawning would be getting brighter and brighter, and the blowing on the trumpets by the priests and all manner of horns by all manner of people would be increasing the din continually since 1875. And this is just what we see; the whole world is getting awake to the fact that the great jubilee is due, that liberty is to be proclaimed throughout all the earth, that human rights are to return to humanity, etc.

No Sympathy With Anarchists.

We have no sympathy, no wish to give any encouragement to fantastic views of liberty, anarchistical views. Our thoughts are the very reverse of this namely, that the people who introduce such unbalanced views of liberty are the ones who are not prepared to use the liberty, and whose use of it will bring danger and injury and suffering to themselves as well as others. But however we may deplore the fact that evil men and unbalanced minds will misconstrue liberty and misuse it, this cannot alter the fact that the time has come in the Lord's great plan for the full liberation of humanity from bondage to sin and death—the time for Immanuel to take control of earthly affairs.

Happy are the people who have already put their cause into the hands of the Redeemer, and who have Him for their friend and counselor and king. Happy would it be for the whole world if they could recognize the fact that the kingdom time has come, and gladly and willingly submit their hearts and wills to the domination of Him who loved us and bought us with His own precious blood.

But nothing is plainer to our judgments than that the masses of the world do nothing of the kind. The rich, who hold the chief levers of power, see not the facts of the case—see not that the Lord has come to take control. They hear not His voice through His word, although many of them are in some measure His followers. They are not in sufficiently close touch with Him to be made acquainted with present truth.

They will feel and do increasingly feel, but erroneously so, that they are made the custodians of the world's peace and welfare, and that they must hold the lever and resist present tendencies toward liberty on the part of the people, and they will do so until the result shall be what the scriptures have clearly foreshown and what we will more particularly present in a later discourse, namely, they will bring upon themselves and the whole world a "time of trouble such as was not since there was a nation." (Dan. xii:1.) A time of trouble which the Apostle James mentions as being specially severe upon the rich, the wealthy. His words are, "Go to now, ye rich men, weep and howl for the miseries that shall come upon you." (Jas. v:1.)

Situation Is Not Realized.

The poor and middle classes do not realize the true situation either. They do not realize that "restitution times" are at hand for the lifting up and blessing of all the families of the earth with blessings of every kind. On the contrary, they see nothing but a dark cloud and not the silver lining; to them it appears that liberty and manhood are in danger by the growth of capitalism, and in consequence of their fear they are striking out wildly in various directions, making some very absurd claims, and in many respects ignoring the golden rule quite as much as the wealthy.

We cannot blame either of these classes, for both are doing exactly what seems to them to be the only reasonable things under the circumstances. But the Lord's people, if they will draw near to the Lord at heart, will be instructed through His word respecting His glorious plans, and will see that there is no need of fear—that the Lord is at the helm. They will see that the jubilee time having come, all the blessings that the Lord our God has promised and has prepared for through the death of His Son are now ready to be presented to the world of mankind.

Those who thus see will have their minds cooled and their judgments clarified, so that they can look sympathetically on both sides of the coming conflict and yet participate with neither side, realizing that there are rights and wrongs on both sides of the great question and that nothing but Divine power can bring order out of the great confusion. Trusting to the Lord, they can sound forth the clear notes of the silver trumpets, declaring true liberty as the gospel declares it—liberty from Satan, sin and death—the lesser liberties, also, in respect to personal rights, privileges, etc.

Jubilee Taught by Prophets Also.

We have examined our subject only from the standpoint of the law; but the law and the prophets are in accord, and we find another strong line of testimony in full accord with the foregoing. We have it here outlined upon the chart, and many of you have doubtless perceived that the outlines here presented are identical with the outline given in the second volume of "Millennial Dawn Series," entitled "The Time Is at Hand."

It must strike us all as remarkable—evidently intended of the Lord—that the prophetic corroboration which we now proceed to consider lay in its own simplicity until its application in the jubilee type gave it signification. The seventy years usually referred to as the seventy years' desolation of the land. As a matter of fact, some of the people of Israel were taken into captivity eighteen years previous to the desolation of the land, and some of the ten tribes long before that. It was not the captivity that the Lord referred to in giving the number seventy, but the year in which the land would be desolate and all the inhabitants gone from it. The Prophet Jeremiah made prediction on the subject thus:

"And the whole land shall be a desolation * * * shall serve the king of Babylon seventy years." (Jer. xxv., 11.)

"Thus saith the Lord, That after seventy years be accomplished at Babylon, I will visit you, and perform My good word toward you in causing you to return to this land." (Jer. xxix., 10.)

In 2 Chron. xxxvi., 17-21, the fulfillment of this prophecy is recorded, and the reason why it was just seventy years, and why the land of Israel was made completely desolate, is stated thus, "He brought upon them the king of the Chaldees, Nebuchadnezzar, king of Babylon * * * and them that escaped from the sword carried he away to Babylon, where they were servants to him and his sons until the reign of the king of Persia, to fulfill the word of the Lord by the mouth of Jeremiah, until the land had enjoyed her Sabbaths, for so long as she lay desolate she kept Sabbath to fulfill three score years and ten (seventy) years."

Jubilees Not Properly Observed.

From this we perceive that God was not satisfied with the way the typical jubilees had been kept. Very evidently the prosperous and wealthy classes were indisposed to yield up the advantages they had gained over their less fortunate brethren when the jubilee years came around. Hence, finding fault with these improperly kept celebrations, the Lord ended them entirely and gave the land the full number of her Sabbaths at once, while her inhabitants were in a foreign land. The value of this point will be clearly seen. It shows us what the full number of jubilee cycles would be, namely, seventy—nineteen of the seventy improperly kept in the past, and fifty-one given in advance without waiting for the improper observance.

Look at the chart again and note the delineation, and how this agrees absolutely with the statement of the same matter from the law standpoint as already examined. The difference between the two methods of calculation is that the law sets forth the matter as it should have taken place, namely, that cycles of forty-nine years followed by jubilees should have followed right along, while the prophecies show the matter as it did take place, namely, nineteen cycles with their jubilees improperly observed and fifty-one cycles following one another, but without jubilee years. The result is the same—both showing that the year 1875 marked the exact period at which the great jubilee was due to have commenced.

Some may be inclined to say, What great events occurred in 1875 or have been occurring since which would justify the belief that the great jubilee time has come? We answer, those who are expecting the restitution work to be accomplished in a moment of time must necessarily be disappointed, until they learn more respecting the divine methods, which are gradual—first the blade, then the ear, then the full corn in the ear, as the apostle suggests. When we perceive the Lord's gradual methods we find just what we should reasonably expect. We are looking for "times of restitution," and what would properly be the first evidence or indication of such things?

Suppose that the necessary laws had been passed for the erection of a new city hall in Allegheny; suppose that the date fixed for its commencement was January 1. Would any sane man expect that on January 1 he would see the new building rising? No! What would he expect? He would properly expect to find on examination evidences that the demolishing of the old structure was in progress. He might see little or nothing on the outside, but going inside he would find doors and old fixtures being removed and the work of demolishing progressing.

What We Should Expect.

We should expect to see just what we do see, namely, a gradual disintegration of the affairs of this world—political unrest, social unrest, religious unrest—a spirit of revolution, a spirit of discontent, malice, hatred, strife. Not that we commend such things. God forbid! We inculcate the very reverse, but show merely from the prophetic standpoint that the great kingdom of God will be established on the ruins of present empires, which the children of this world will wreck for themselves, by going to mad extremes. We see that the Lord will permit "the wrath of men to praise him," and so thus bring about the humbling of the world's pride, and thus prepare mankind with the plowshare of sorrow and trouble, driven deep by the selfishness of both poor and rich, to prepare them for the blessings of the jubilee time which he is meantime bringing forward. After the old structure falls the new will be erected along the grandest lines of love and justice and righteousness possible to be conceived by the human mind. Immanuel shall lay justice to the line and righteousness to the plummet, and bless all the families of the earth.

The Lord's lesson, the Lord's message through us to His people, is only for "Him that hath an ear to hear,"—let him hear. Such may well rejoice in the glorious prospect, not only for themselves, but for all the world of mankind. Such can have patience to wait for the Lord's work to be accomplished. Such will not fret themselves in any wise to do evil, but will wait patiently for the king of kings and lord of lords to establish His righteousness and to confer His blessings. Such can have their hearts lifted above the cares and turmoils and worries of "this present evil world," and can center them upon the higher things which God has promised to them that love Him—love Him more than father or mother or children or houses or lands or self.

Let us, dear friends, be of this class; and then, more and more as we see the wonderful harmony and beauties of the divine plan, our hearts will rest in the Lord and we will be sanctified by the truth; as it is written, "He that hath this hope in him purifieth himself, even as he is pure."

Our topic for next Lord's day afternoon will be: "The Times of the Gentiles."

ALL NAVIGATION STOPPED.

Steamers Are Ready to Go Out on Short Notice if a Thaw Occurs.

The cold weather has completely stopped navigation. All steamers have their fires banked ready to be moved in case of a thaw. The Monongahela river is frozen over entirely above McKeesport and several places below. No movements can be made in the Allegheny until the ice floats out. Preparations are being made to be ready for the thaw.

On account of the thickness of the ice and the several small gorges it is expected the ice will not go out until a flood. Should this be the case great damage will be done unless all precaution has been taken to guard against it.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.
BEECHAM'S PILLS

In illness and in temporary upsets of the stomach, beef tea made with

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will be relished and digested by the weakest stomach because it is entirely free from fat. It nourishes while it stimulates.

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There are profitable "turns" to be made in all the standard stocks.
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Is Your Stomach on a Strike?

When we consider the cruel abuse the average American gives his stomach, we cease to wonder why that faithful and industrious organ goes on a strike. Performing the hardest labor, taking care of partially chewed and indigestible food, working overtime—no eight hour day by any means—the stomach is taxed to its utmost, and sooner or later there is always trouble. The relation between it and the other vital organs of the human anatomy is extremely intimate, and unless the strike is called off a sympathetic movement on the part of the blood, the heart, the liver, etc., is sure to result.

You get run down, become thin and emaciated, have no appetite, suffer distress after eating, and are in just the condition to contract almost any serious disease.

No need to despair. An ever effective remedy is within your reach. Not one which steals the stomach's job and inflicts permanent injury and suffering. No; Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a worthy substitute. They step right in, in the time of need, perform the stomach's work by the identical agencies it employs and give the digestive organs a holiday for rest and recuperation.

Remember, however, that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, and get into the habit of taking a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet after each meal.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are not a secret nostrum, a panacea for all ailments. They are a mixture of sense, science and the counterparts of the digestive fluids of the stomach. They do not offend Nature, but, on the contrary, follow in her footsteps

If you are incredulous place an egg cut into small pieces in a tumbler, fill with hot water, put in one Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet, maintain a temperature of 98 degrees (blood heat) for three hours, and the egg will be as completely digested as it would have been in a healthy stomach. What it will do in tumbler, it will certainly do in a stomach.

Very few people are free from some form of indigestion, but scarcely two will have the same symptoms. Some will suffer with distress after eating, bloating from gas in the stomach and bowels, others from acid dyspepsia or heartburn, others palpitation or headaches, sleeplessness, pains in chest and under shoulder blades, extreme nervousness, as in nervous dyspepsia, but they all have the same cause, i. e., failure to digest what is eaten.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets give the stomach absolute rest and assistance, and immediately do away with these disagreeable symptoms. At the same time the Tablets are absolutely harmless; a child can take them with benefit. As an instance of the marvelous cures effected by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets observe the following:

Mrs. Sarah A. Skeel, Lynnville, Jasper Co., Mo., says: "After using only one package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets I received such great and unexpected benefit that I wish to express my sincere gratitude. In fact it has been six months since I took the package, and I have not had one particle of distress or difficulty since. And all this in the face of the fact that the best doctors I consulted told me my case was Chronic Dyspepsia and absolutely incurable, as I had suffered twenty-five years. I distributed half a dozen packages among my friends here, who are very anxious to try this remedy."

A Wisconsin man says: "I suffered the pangs of dyspepsia for ten years. I tried every known remedy with indifferent results until I was told of the remarkable cures of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I bought a box, began taking them and forgot I had a stomach. Three boxes cured me completely. I have had no trouble whatever for a year and have an appetite like a harvest hand and can eat anything that is set before me without fear of bad results."

Rev. J. R. Hoag of Wymore, Neb., writes: "For six years I have been troubled with dyspepsia. Last fall I became very much alarmed at some symptoms of heart trouble, and came to believe there was a sympathetic relation between the two diseases, or, rather, that the stomach trouble was the cause of the heart disturbances. I hit upon Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets for a remedy and invested a dollar and a half for three boxes, which lasted me three months, and I can eat any kind of food I want, and have a good, vigorous appetite. Although I am 77 years old, I now feel perfectly well, and without being requested by any one I make this statement as a compliment to the virtue of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50c a box, full size packages.

You or any of your dyspeptic friends will be mailed free book on stomach diseases by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

ECURITY MARKET BREAK DISAPPOINTED OPERATORS

d Looked for Improvement to Start Off Immediately With the First Business of the New Year.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—In the security market the very severe break of Saturday was disconcerting and disappointing to many operators, who looked for improvement to start off immediately with he first business day of the year. The ourse of the stock market, however, does ot of necessity spell war between Russia and Japan, or indicate with absolute recision that reactionary prices would e long continued, even in the event of an outbreak of hostilities. It does indicate very clearly, however, that our financial and security market cannot divorce itself absolutely from others having more direct concern in the outcome of the far eastern dispute.

Some very unfavorable deductions were rawn in Wall street from the pronounced eakness in securities and the wiping t in a space of two hours many gains ained during two weeks of bull maulation. The explanation of this btless is to be found more in the nical position of the security market any widespread apprehension that European powers, or even this couny some rash administrative act, will e directly involved in impending ities. But with a situation of such e delicacy as that in the far east, rendered the more so by the traditional suspicion of Russia by England, clearly defined from the day of the Turko-Russian war, and complicated by the English-Japanese and Franco-Russian treaties, to dismiss the possibility that greater powers may not be drawn into the controversy in a manner highly disturbing, even while avoiding any more serious results, is idle.

None of the European powers want the war, that is certain; and that they will do all in their power to prevent it on the part of Russia and Japan, is equally assured. It is not illogical, however, that the bending of their energies to maintain peace is due, not so much to friendship for Russia and Japan, as to a desire to remove an influence which, through treaty obligations or other considerations, might in some way involve them in the affair.

But to return to the New York security market, its severe declines of Saturday were probably made the more extensive that no process of discounting possible hostilities and their actual influence on the European markets had taken place there. Busied with the operation of marking up inventories to make good showings in the annual reports, the "big interests" and the manipulators had steadily ignored the declines of substantial securities abroad, and met the persistent selling of foreigners in this market by bidding prices higher.

Probably no event of the coming week will have more influence on the local security market than the publication of the annual earnings of the United States Steel Corporation and the declaration of the dividend policy of the company. The earnings for the quarter year ending December 31, last, will be compared with earnings for the same period of 1901 of $29,759,912 and in 1902 of $31,339,613. Estimates for the present year have ranged all the way from $13,900,000 to $20,000,000. Since a new business policy has been introduced into the management of the Steel Corporation, its action upon the dividend question, on both the common and preferred stock, will be watched with fully as much interest as the report of earnings.

The general consensus of opinion appears to favor the passage of the common stock entirely and a retention of the preferred rate of 7 per cent unchanged at this time. Not because it would be wiser to make some reduction in the preferred stock rate, but because of the cumulative provision as to the preferred, which would probably induce the corporation to stretch a point and pay it now, if earned, rather than to have any unpaid portion pile up as a deferred obligation to be met later on.

A general suspension of preferred stock dividends is apparently impending. The corporations which deal with products, which enter into other branches of production, are those which must sustain the severest tests during the coming months of business conservatism. Pre-eminently among these is the Steel Corporation, which, with a diminished business, is compelled to maintain interest charges on $362,985,000 underlying and first mortgage bonds, and on $170,000,000 of second mortgage bonds, amounting in all to $70,000,000 in fixed charges. It is conceivable, with the enormous burden, together with the uncertainties of future business, that the corporation managers might reduce the preferred stock dividend, even if earned during the last year, to provide a margin of safety against future requirements.

No New Oil Field Under Development in Year Just Closed

The year 1903 ended as it began, without a new oil field under development and none in sight. During the entire year there was not a single new field discovered and there is nothing at the dawn of the new year to indicate that better results will be attained during the coming twelve months. The old developments were worked as never before, but the production in all fields showed a continuous decline and the untiring effort made to discover new producing territory ended in the discovery of some extensions to some of the old fields, and nothing more.

Operators in the deep sand territory furnished the greater part of the new production, but the close of the year and a large amount of development work having been completed none showed an increase in production except in Pine Grove extension in Wetzel county. It may also be stated that this district was responsible for the greatest disappointment of the year. Operators who invested in the Morris Run district sustained a heavier loss than in any other part of the lower southwest. The actual money loss was only second to that of the Sand Fork pool in Lewis county of the year before.

In the shallow sand districts, a few small pools and extensions were discovered and developed, but those who came out ahead of the deal were few as compared with the total of those who thought to make a winning. The best of the lot was the rich little streak to the south of the old Whisky Run pool in Ritchie county. This has now been very fully defined and the most that can be expected from the work now under way are small pumpers located inside of the defined limits.

Near Wick, in Tyler county, is a little district that has not been fully developed, and a few more good producers will be found there. The oil is found in the Big Injun sand and the wells have fairly good staying qualities. On the eastern edge of the county a considerable amount of development work and prospecting for new pools was carried on all through the year, but nothing came of it except very small pumpers and a preponderance of dusters.

Neither the Fallen Timber Run nor the Littleton districts in Wetzel county came up to what was expected of them. A large amount of development work was completed in each, but the production was not increased and as a result operations have declined.

Few wells were completed last week. The cold weather and the usual suspension of considerable work during the holidays reduced the number of completions in all fields. On the east side of the Folsom district, in Harrison county, the South Penn company drilled in its second test on the Catherine Barker farm and got a producer in the Gordon good for more than 100 barrels a day as a starter.

The No. 3 on the Wesley Robinson farm, the only gusher in the lower southwest at the beginning of the year, ended the week with a production a little above 400 barrels a day. This well is now more than two weeks old and shows better staying qualities than either the Jesse Talkington No. 1 or the Thomas J. Showalter No. 1 on Morris run. The first was completed early in the year and the latter in the fall. Both started at gusher speed, but neither kept up the pace for any appreciable time and were both responsible for the starting of a lot of unprofitable development work in their respective localities.

In the way of new operations and development work of an experimental nature the territory to the northeast of Salem, in Harrison county, promises to take the lead in the early months of the present year. The South Penn company will endeavor to advance the producing lines to the east and southeast. In the older part of the field a number of wells were completed during the week, but all were light producers or dusters.

Interest in the territory on Mud river, near Milton, Cabell county, has been revived by the drilling in of another producer in that locality. The new well is located on the Berkley farm, a half mile north of the initial producer on the Beckett farm. The new well is reported to have averaged 75 barrels a day for a week while agitated, and to have dropped down to 40 barrels a day when the tools were not run. It is still held by some that the oil in this and the Beckett farm test was developed in the Big Lime, and the history of the Big Lime formation has been that it lacks regularity, and a duster is likely to be encountered within a short distance from a producer. This was the experience of those who operated the Big Lime district in Monroe county and in the lower edge of Belmont county on the Ohio side.

The long intervening distance between the Cabell county development and any producing territory in the lower part of West Virginia makes it of special importance at this time, when producers have almost abandoned all hope of finding a new producing district in advance of the old defined areas.

The nearest production lies to the northeast, near Spencer in Roane county, with Jackson and Putnam counties intervening. The Eureka Pipe Line Company thinks well enough to lay nine miles of two-inch pipe line to connect up the development with its trunk line at Hamlin, in Lincoln county. Cabell county is located on the border of the state, and if a field can be developed it will be the nearest approach to connecting the West Virginia and Kentucky fields.

Operators on the Ohio side had little to claim their attention last week. On Ray run, Washington county, the Ray Run Oil Company's Berea grit producer on the Goodman farm is the most important discovery of recent date. The well is flowing by heads and still producing better than 100 barrels a day. Those holding leases in that locality are losing no time in starting new work or getting ready to drill Big Injun dusters to the lower formation, with the hope of duplicating the Ray Run Oil Company's experience at the Goodman. Berea grit producers possess the merit of good stayers, no other formation in that part of the state being superior in that particular. Over in Monroe county, operators are drilling for no better than 5-barrel pumpers in the Berea grit. In the new Big Injun development near Antioch, in Monroe county, two small producers were completed during the week. This is the development in which the Ann Oil Company has been meeting with so much success. In the lower edge of Monroe county is a Keener sand development near Monroefield that is furnishing some good producers. The Unity Oil Company and the Pure Oil Company are the most fortunate up to date.

Nothing unusual occurred in any of the other fields. West of Empire, Jefferson county, a test well was drilled in that resulted in a gasser. There is still an effort making to connect up this development with the pool south of Knoxville.

The local fields began the year without a single attraction. The most active development is located south of Burgettstown in Washington county. At the time of completion the wells average from 15 to 20 barrels a day, and settle to about 10-barrel pumpers.

North of Undercliff, in Allegheny county, there is a little work starting in the vicinity of the Leight farm. It was the first test on this farm that proved to be the only gusher drilled in local territory during the year.

Shipments and Runs.

Shipments and runs of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana fields:

PENNSYLVANIA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
December 31	81,312	Dec. 30 and 31	213,216
Previously	2,224,389	Previously	2,048,283
Total	2,306,762	Total	2,261,499
Daily average	74,377	Daily average	72,951

LIMA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
December 31	61,889	Dec. 30 and 31	162,079
Previously	2,068,107	Previously	1,532,215
Total	2,129,996	Total	1,694,294
Daily average	68,710	Daily average	54,658

South Side Fighters Were Fined.

Nine foreigners were arrested by Policeman John Stack Saturday night while engaged in a free-for-all fight at South Nineteenth street and Merriman's alley. Magistrate Joseph Vitchestain fined each $10.

REVIEW OF THE WEEK IN LOCAL MARKETS

Eggs Finally Weakened—Flour and Coffee Firm—Demand Was Large.

Last week was characterized by usual general conditions at the closing of the holiday season. Demands were exceptional on poultry, eggs, sauerkraut and various articles in the grocery market. All poultry brought better prices than the week before, and eggs reached the highest mark in many years, selling at 40 cents; prices ranging from 37 to 40 cents prevailed until Saturday. Quotations were then changed, fresh candled eggs being quoted at 37 to 38 cents. Sauerkraut went to $10 per cask at the close of the week, the best price in five years. Flour is one of the firmest articles in the grocery line. Prices advanced 10 cents at the end of the week, and signs are good for further advances. Coffee has been very firm and went up 50 cents a hundred three times last month. Butter is still weak, and the cheese market is steady.

At the close of the week sugar advanced 5 cents a bag, making a difference of 5 cents, instead of 10 a hundred, between bag and barrel sugar. California oranges fell several points at the close of the week. Provision market prices held their own and no changes were made. The live stock market was strong, generally.

Hay, grain and feed were at about a standstill. Hay weakened somewhat, as did corn, but oats were firm. No. 2 yellow corn was offered at 50 cents Saturday, with 47½ bid. No. 2 yellow ear was offered at 52, 51 cents being bid. Dealers are hopeful of better conditions with the opening of the new year. Oats advanced ½ cent during the week.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 12 cars hay, 11 cars oats, 3 cars straw, 7 cars corn, 1 car feed, 1 car rye; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 5 cars hay, 4 cars oats, 3 cars rye, 1 car corn; Baltimore & Ohio, 11 cars hay, 3 cars corn, 1 car oats.

Hay, No. 1 timothy	$13.25@13.50
do No. 2	$12.00@12.50
No. 1 clov	$11.25@11.50
do No. 2	$10.00@11.00
No. 1 mix	$11.50@12.00
Loose from wagon	$15.00@17.00
Straw, oat	$8.50@9.00
do wheat	$8.50@9.00
do rye	$12.50@13.00
Oats, No. 2 white	42@42½c
do No. 3	41@42c
do No. 4	40@40½c
Rye, No. 2 Mich	66@68c
White middlings No. 2, ton	$21.50@22.00
do brown	$20.00@20.50
Bran, ton	$18.00@18.50
Wheat, No. 2 red	78@80c
Corn, No. 2 yellow shelled	52@53c
High mix	51@52c
No. 2 mix	49½@50c
New No. 2 yellow shelled	49½@50c
New No. 2 yellow ear	52@53c

GROCERIES.

Flour.	
Fancy spg. patent	$4.90@4.95
Fancy winter patent	$4.25@4.30
Straight win	$3.85@4.00
Bakers' spg	$3.40@3.90
Rye	$3.65@3.75
Graham	$4.00@4.50
Cornmeal bbl	$3.25@3.40
do 10-lb cotton bags	17@18c
Rolled oats, bbl	$5.10
do kegs	$2.70
Roasted Coffee.	
Rio	9½@12c
Santos	9½@[illegible]
Maracaibo	17@[illegible]
Peaberry	17@18c
Golden Rio	15@15½c
Caracas	18@19½c
Standard pkgs	$11.55@12.05
High gr'de	$17.90@18.90
Molasses, fancy refined	35@37c
do choice	32@35c
do open ket	38@40c
Syrup.	
Fancy sugar	28@30c
Sug. and cane	24@25c
Prime	24@25
2½-lb cans, doz	90c
3-lb cans, doz	$1.10
5-lb cans, doz	$1.85
10-lb cans, doz	$1.60
Maple, gal	75c@$1.00
Oatmeal, bbl	$5.50
do kegs	$2.25
Sugar, sta. gran	4.65c
do bags	4.60c
do 2-lb carton	4.80c
Sugar, 5-lb cotton bags	4.85c
do powdered	4.75c
do pow'd xxxx	4.80c
do cubes	4.80c
do cut loaf	5.15c
do conf. A	4.50@4.65c
do No. 1 yellow	4.30c
do No. 2 yellow	4.25c
do No. 3 yellow	4.20c
Beans.	
Navy, N. P.	$2.00@2.15
Navy, imp	$2.10@2.15
Red kidney	$3.15@3.25
Cal. lima, lb	4½@5c
Peas, dried, bu	$1.30@1.40
do split, lb	4c
do marrow, bu	$2.00@2.10
Oil, carbon 110 deg	13c
do headlight	13½c
do water white	13¾c
do Ohio W. W. 150 deg	13½c
do miners'	25@45c
do Elaine	16½c
do special brands	20@48c
Rice, ex-fancy head, lb	7@7½c
do fancy Japan	5@5½c
do choice Carolina	6@7c
Salt, No. 1, bbl	$1.00
do No. 1 extra	$1.10
do gran. rock	95c
do pocket	$1.55@1.85
do dairy	$1.25
Sauer kraut, cask	$10.00
do bbls	$7.50
do half bbl	$4.00

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std. pie	$1.10
do pie, gal	$2.50@3.00
do California L. C.	$1.90@2.35
do Maryland	$1.30@1.65
do California Y. P.	$1.80@2.00
Corn, fancy	$1.50@1.60
do std	$1.20@1.25
Cherries, Cal. white	$2.50@2.75
Lima beans	$1.25@1.45
do soaked	75@80c
String beans, 2-lb	85c
do 3-lb	95c
Stringless beans	$1.25@1.75
Peas, marrowfat	95c@$1.00
do early June	90c@$1.00
do soaked	55@65c
Apples, N. Y., gal. cans	$2.15@2.25
Pineapples	$1.00@2.25
Plums, damson	$1.50
do Calif	$1.60@1.70
Raspberries	85@95c
Gooseberries	95c@$1.00
Tomatoes, standard	85@90c
do fancy	$1.15@1.20
do gal	$3.00@3.10
Succotash, 1-lb cans	$1.25@1.40
Baked beans, cans, tomato sc	[illegible]
Salmon, doz	95c@$2.00
Chipped beef	$2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans	$2.30@2.35
do 1-lb cans	$1.30@1.35
Mackerel, broiled	$1.90@2.50
Sardines, domestic, ¼s	$3.65@3.70
do mustards, ¾s	$2.75
do French	$3.00@15.75

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl	$32.00
do half bbl	$16.50
do quar. bbl	$8.25
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl	$25.00
do half bbls	$12.90
do quar. bbls	$6.9[illegible]
do 20-lb pails	$2.75
do 10-lb pails	$1.45
Mackerel, No. 2 bbls	$20.00
do half bbls	$11.50
do quarter bbl	$6.00
do 20-lb pails	$2.40
do 10-lb pails	$1.35
Lake herring, 100 lbs	$3.00@3.25
do 50-lb quar	$1.25
do 10-lb	48c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu. small	$7.10@7.20
do mammoth	$7.20@7.30
do crimson	$4.00@4.15
do white Dutch	$14.00@18.00
Alsika	$8.75@9.00
Alfalfa	$8.50@9.00
Millet	$1.25@1.50
Grass, Hungarian	90c@$1.10
do lawn, lb	18@20c
do blue, 14-lb bu	$1.50@1.75
do red top, 14-lb bu	$1.10@2.00
Timothy	$1.55@1.60

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap. bags	9@12c
do 25-lb boxes	8½@11½c
Apples, bulk	6½@8½c
do 1-lb cartons	7½@7¾c
Peaches	7@10½c
Raspberries	24@24½c
Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs	9½@10c
Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown 50-lb boxes	7@8c
do Ondara Val	8½@9c
do Cal. Val	7@7½c
Currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs	7@7½c
Prunes	3½@10c
Figs, Cal	6@8c
do Turk	12½@14c

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, bu. store	80@85c
do track	70@75c
Sweets, Virginia	$2.00@2.25
Kiln dried	$4.00@4.25
do bu. box	$1.25@1.[illegible]
do medium	$1.75@2.00
Turnips, bbl	$1.75@2.00
Onions, bbl	$2.25@2.50
do bulk, bu	75@80c
do new, doz	20@25c
do Spanish, crate	$1.00@1.10
Cucumbers, hothouse, doz	$1.25@1.50
Cabbage, Danish	$45.00@50.00
do lb	2½@3c
Parsley, doz	90c@$1.00
Radishes, doz	30@35c
Kale, bu	25@30c
Celery, Ohio	25@35c
Lettuce, home, doz	70c@$1.00
do Ashtabula, basket	25@35c
do head, bbl	$6.00@8.00
Garlic, lb	7@8c
Carrots, bbl	$1.25@1.50
String beans, bu	$3.50@4.00
Cauliflower, doz	$2.25@2.50
Watercress, doz	25@30c
Brussels sprouts, quart	15@16c
6-basket carriers	3½@4c
Spinach, bu	$1.00@1.25
Squash, Hubbard, bbl	$1.50@1.75
do marrowfat	90c@$1.00
Honey, new	14½@15c
Parsnips, bbl	$1.75@2.00
Rutabagas	$1.00@1.25
Beets, bbl	$2.50@3.00
Popcorn, lb	4@5c
Horseradish, bbl	$5.50@6.00
Egg plant, hamper	$6.00@7.00

PROVISIONS.

Hams.	
18 lbs and up	10½c
Over 14 to 18 lbs	11c
Over 10 to 14 lbs	11¼c
10 lbs and under	11¾c
Skinned	10¾c
Boneless boiled	17c
California	7¾c
Shoulders, N. Y. cut	7¾c
do skinned	8¼c
Breakfast bacon, ribs, 8 to 10 lbs	12c
do 10 to 12 lbs	11¾c
do back strips	11c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs	12½c
do 10 to 12 lbs	12¼c
Breakfast bacon, back strips	11c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears	8c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	8¼c
do 16 to 20 lbs	8½c
do under 16 lbs	8¾c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears	9c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	9¼c
do 16 to 20 lbs	9½c
do under 16 lbs	9¾c
Lard, pure tierces	7½c

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.	
Prints	27@27½c
Tubs	26@27c
Ohio cream	24@24½c
Dairy	16@17c
Country roll	14@15c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream	12½@13c
do Ohio	12@12½c
do ¾ crm	11½@11¾c
Cheese, Ohio Swiss	13@13½c
do Wis. Swiss, tubs	14½@15c
do 5-lb block Swiss, new	14½@15c
do Limburger	12@13½c
do Brickstein	13½@14c
Eggs, fresh candled	37@38c
do select	39@40c
do storage	30@31c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live chickens	12@13c
Roosters	7@8c
Turkeys	18@19c
Live ducks, lb	13@14c
Geese	10@12c
Dressed hens	15@16c
Dressed springs	17@18c
Roosters	10@11c
Roosters	9@10c
Turkeys, fresh, dressed	27@28c
Ducks	18@20c
Rabbits, pair	22@25c
Capon, lb	25c
No. 1 goose feather	55c
do ex. live	65c
Impt. ptarmigan, pair	$2.50
do grouse	$2.50
do partridges	$2.25
do black cocks	$2.50
do plover, doz	$4.50
Squirrels, pair	40@50c
Squab, doz	$4.50
Mallard ducks, pair	$1.75@2.00
do teal	$1.00
do blue bill	$1.50
do rudy	$1.50
do red head	$1.75@2.00
do canvas back	$3.00

NUTS.

Chestnuts, lb	10@11c
Filberts	11c
Eng. walnuts	11@14c
S. S. almonds	16c
Tarr. almonds	15c
Mixed	12c
Brazil	11c
Italian chestnuts	9@9½c
Pecans	12c
Shellbarks, bu	$1.75@2.00
Walnuts	$1.00
Butternuts	$1.00

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Lemons, Messina	$3.75@4.00
do Verdelli	$4.00@4.25
do California	$3.00@3.50
Limes, per 100	$1.00
Oranges, California, navel	$2.75@3.00
do Florida	$3.00@3.50
do Jamaica, box	$2.75@3.00
do bbl	$6.00@6.50
Cocoanuts, bags	$2.50
Bananas, 1sts	$1.75@2.25
do 2ds	$1.25@1.50
Pineapples, crate	$2.50@3.00
Pears, California, W. Nelis	$2.50
do Clairgeau	$2.75
Grapes, Almeria	$5.50@6.00
Grape fruit	$5.00@5.50
Red Emperor	$1.75@2.00
Figs, Cal., 10-lb cartons	$1.00@1.25

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, fancy, bbl	$3.50@4.00
do choice	$2.90@3.50
Grapes, Catawba	20c
Cranberries, box	$2.25@2.50
do bbl	$9.00@10.00

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer, heavy	8c
do light, under 60 lbs and cows, all weights	7c
No. 1 green bulls	6c
Calfskin, No. 1	9c
do No. 2	7c
Green salt or cured No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs	9c
do No. 2	7½c
Cows and light No. 1 steers	8c
do No. 2	6c
Calfskin, No. 1	10½c

The Three Rivers

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, Jan. 3.—River 11.1 feet and falling, making a fall of 3 feet during the past 24 hours. The ice which was passing here was heavier than on Saturday. During the night shore ice was formed which will add to the menace of navigation. All of the harbor boats were busy taking care of the coal landings and seeing that things were safe. Ice has formed in front of many of the harbors at least 25 feet high. The rivermen declare that this barrier will be an excellent protection in case of a general washout of the ice. Clear and cold.

WHEELING—River 4 feet 11 inches and falling. Clear and cold. Gorges below holding.

LOUISVILLE—River falling; canal, 5 feet; on falls, 3.8; below locks, 11.5. Clear and cold.

OIL CITY—River 2 feet and stationary. Weather clear and cold.

WARREN—River 1 foot 2 inches. Fair and cold.

MORGANTOWN—River 7 feet 6 inches and closed. Cloudy.

GREENSBORO—River 8 feet 2-10 inches and rising and closed. Fair and cold.

STEUBENVILLE—River 5 feet 8 inches and stationary. Ice running. Clear and cold.

GALLIPOLIS—River 7 feet 6 inches and falling. Heavy ice running. Clear and cold.

POINT PLEASANT—River 4 feet 11 inches and falling. Cloudy and cold.

PARKERSBURG—River almost closed. Ice heavy and will gorge before morning. Zero weather.

PLEDGING YORK CITIZENS TO REFRAIN FROM TREATING

YORK, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—To break up the treating habit in this city the Good Citizenship league, which was but lately formed here, is distributing printed pledges against treating or accepting a treat. Over 15,000 of the pledges are being circulated. The distributers visit the bar rooms, cafes, offices, cigar stores and all public places where they are likely to meet men who drink.

MURDERED SISTER-IN-LAW AND COMMITTED SUICIDE

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Angry because he had been reprimanded by his sister-in-law and ordered from her home, John Pollak, a Bohemian, this afternoon shot the woman twice, killing her instantly. After committing the murder Pollak shot himself through the mouth. He died in a few minutes.

Braddock Business Men Elect.

The Braddock Business Men's association of Braddock on Saturday evening elected permanent officers as follows: President, J. K. Fisher; vice president, R. C. Reid; secretary, Thomas W. Nugent; treasurer, A. Lewis; collector, William Flick. A banquet will be held January 15.

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Statement of the associated banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house, as required under section 16 of the constitution, for week ended January 2:

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	*Deposits.	Circulation.
Bank of New York, N. B. A.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bank of the Manhattan Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Merchants National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Mechanics National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Bank of America	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Phoenix National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
National City Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chemical National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Merchants Exchange Nat. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gallatin National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nat. Butchers & Drovers Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mechanics & Traders Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Greenwich Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Leather Manf. Nat. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
American Exchange Nat. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
National Bank of Commerce	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mercantile National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Chatham National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peoples Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Nat. Bank of North America	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hanover National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Irving National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
National Citizens Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nassau Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Market & Fulton National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nat. Shoe & Leather Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn Exchange Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Oriental Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Imp. & Traders National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
National Park Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
East River National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fourth National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Second National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
First National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York National Exch. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bowery Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
New York County Nat. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
German-American Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Chase National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fifth Avenue Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
German Exchange Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Germania Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Lincoln National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Garfield National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fifth National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bank of the Metropolis	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
West Side Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
Seaboard National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
First National Bank, Brooklyn	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Liberty National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Produce Exch. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	......
New Amsterdam National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Astor National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Totals	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Increase.	Decrease.
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Reserve on total deposits, decrease $3,[illegible]. Reserve on deposits other than United States, decrease $3,[illegible].

*United States deposits included, $38,[illegible].

Clearings for week (6 days), $1,[illegible]. Balances for week (5 days), $[illegible].

MRS. ROOSEVELT TO BEGIN A SERIES OF MUSICALES

Socially Prominent Among New Congressmen's Wives Is Mrs. H. Kirke Porter.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Roosevelt will begin her series of Friday evening musicales this week. These entertainments, which are among the pleasantest of White House functions, are by card and begin at 11. The east room is used for the seating of the company and ices and punch are served after the program in the corridor. Before the musicale there will be a dinner to young people, including the house party of relatives of the president's family. All the ladies of the cabinet circle will give their informal Wednesday afternoons at home Wednesday of this week, with the exception of Mrs. Hay and Mrs. Shaw.

Mrs. Dewey, wife of the admiral, will begin her Monday afternoon receptions tomorrow. The admiral is always present and the informal receptions are always attractive.

Society will have ample opportunity on Tuesday, "representatives' day," to pay respects to many of the new and interesting wives of the new members, prominent among whom are Mrs. Francis Burton Harrison of New York and Mrs. H. Kirke Porter of Pittsburgh. Mrs. Chaffee will also begin her afternoon at home on this day and will begin by entertaining at luncheon complimentary to Mrs. Whitelaw Reid.

On Thursday, which is "senators' day," Mrs. T. C. Platt of New York will give her first at home in the Arlington. Many of the other senators' wives are having social days this season. Mrs. Depew will not begin her at home until January 14. Mrs. Hanna will wait until February and Mrs. Fairbanks will probably be out of town. Mrs. Arthur Pue Gorman's at home in their former residence in K street has been in the past among the pleasantest that society has known. There will be hundreds of her old friends to renew their acquaintance with the popular hostess next Thursday afternoon.

WANTED A SIDE OF BEEF.

Several Men Arrested for Appropriating Other Person's Property.

John Lohl of Soho street, while intoxicated Saturday, went into a butcher shop on Brady street and tried to carry off a side of beef. He paid $2 and costs yesterday morning.

Frank Johnson was fined $15 and costs for stealing two boxes of goods from a drug store on Seventh avenue. William Smith was fined the same sum for stealing a coat and pair of shoes. Charles West and David Kelly paid $15 and costs each for stealing a pair of seal gloves, and Peter Calvitis $50 and costs for stealing a purse at a store on Fifth avenue. Annie Ackerman, the young woman he stole it from, caught and held him for Detective John Lally.

MAY ESTABLISH CATHOLIC THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

BALTIMORE, Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The Very Rev. E. R. Dyer, president of St. Mary's seminary here, and recently appointed by Pope Pius vicar general of the Sulpician order in America, will leave for San Francisco January 6 to confer with Archbishop Riordan and Bishop Montgomery of San Francisco, concerning the establishment of a theological department in connection with St. Patrick's seminary, Menlo Park, Cal. Father Dyer will remain in California about two weeks.

BANKS AND BANKERS. BANKERS AND BROKERS.

The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh
335, 337, 339 FOURTH AVENUE
CAPITAL, - $1,500,000
SURPLUS, - $16,000,000
ACTS IN ALL FIDUCIARY CAPACITIES
It has a Capital of $1,500,000 and a Surplus of $16,000,000. Its directors are leading business men. It is qualified in every way to take charge of estates, both before and after the death of the owner.
CONFIDENTIAL INTERVIEWS ON ALL TRUST AND ESTATE MATTERS ARE INVITED.
Receives Deposits and Allows Interest at the Rate of Two Per Cent Per Annum on Daily Balances Subject to Check.

ORGANIZED 1832.
FARMERS DEPOSIT
NATIONAL BANK
PITTSBURGH, PA.
apital - - - - $ 800,000
Surplus - - - - 4,100,000
Other Profits - - 2,100,000
$7,000,000
HAVING EVERY FACILITY FOR THE
SAFE AND PROMPT
TRANSACTION OF A BANKING BUSINESS.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS.

Resolve this year to get out of the rut and do something.
There is Money in Speculation by taking advantage of our system of low margins, very little capital is required.
PENN STOCK EXCHANGE
303 Wood Street

BANKS AND BANKERS. BANKS AND BANKERS.

MELLON
NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH
Solicits the accounts of those who appreciate a prompt, efficient service in every department of banking—
Direct correspondence in all the principal money centers of the world.
514 Smithfield Street and 409 Fifth Avenue

QUICK and accurate service is what counts in the buying and selling of stocks.
The broker who executes your orders at once is the one who makes money for you—
Slow service has brought serious loss to many an investor—
We guarantee quick service—Cash settlements after each trade if you desire.
Bank references.
MULLEN & JORDEN COMPANY,
301-302 Keystone Building.

CHARLES I. HUDSON, Member New York and Chicago Stock Exchange.
PERCY K. HUDSON, Member New York Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.
W. B. SANCTON, Member New York Stock Exchange.
C. I. HUDSON & COMPANY,
FOUNDED 1869.
BROKERS,
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701-2-3 Frick Building.
BONDS, STOCKS, GRAIN COTTON AND COFFEE.
CHARLES H. McSWIGAN, Resident Manager.
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Telephones: Bell, Court 3326. P. & A. Main 1918.
Wires East and West.

BANKS AND BANKERS.
DUQUESNE
NATIONAL BANK
No. 409 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Capital - - - - - $500,000
Surplus - - - - - 650,000
SOLICITS BUSINESS.

Capital and Surplus $1,000,000.
You will find this a convenient and satisfactory bank with which to do business.
THE INDUSTRIAL NATIONAL BANK
Temporary quarters, 241 Fourth ave.

BANKS AND BANKERS.
ESTABLISHED 1822.
N. HOLMES & SONS
BANKERS
Wood St. and Fourth Ave.
Transact a general Banking Business. Draw Bills of Exchange on Europe. Issue Letters of Credit for Travelers.

Home Trust Company
OF PITTSBURGH
2% on checking accounts. 4% on savings accounts.
"INDEPENDENT" FACILITIES
AT WOOD AND SIXTH AVENUE

FARMERS DEPOSIT SAVINGS BANK
CORNER 5th AVE. and WOOD ST.,
PITTSBURGH,
Will Pay 4% Interest to You
and compound it semi-annually.
Start an account with them.
The first of the year is a good time

4% 4% 4% 4% 4% 4% 4% 4% 4% 4%
Every time you see
4%
think of the Iron City Trust Company, Penn and Ninth.
Capital and surplus $2,500,000.

For 47 years the Union National Bank has helped its customers to grow and prosper. New accounts solicited.
Fourth and Market.

FINANCIAL. FINANCIAL.
Investment Offerings.
Cleve., Cin., Chic. & St. L. Railway Company
GENERAL MORTGAGE 4% GOLD BOND.
Due June 1, 1993. Interest payable June and December 1st.
Southern Railway Company
EAST TENNESSEE REORGANIZATION LIEN 5% GOLD BOND.
Due September 1, 1938. Interest payable March and September 1st.
St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Ry. Co.
GENERAL CONSOLIDATED RAILWAY AND LAND GRANT MORTGAGE 5% GOLD BOND.
Due April 1, 1931. Interest payable April and October 1st.
Rio Grande Western Railway Company
FIRST TRUST MORTGAGE 4% GOLD BOND.
Due July 1, 1939. Interest payable January and July.
Metropolitan Street Railway Company
GENERAL MORTGAGE AND COLLATERAL TRUST 5% GOLD BOND.
Due February 1, 1997. Interest payable February and August 1st.
Georgia Railway and Electric Company
FIRST CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BOND.
Due January 1, 1932. Interest payable January and July 1st.
Kanawha and Hocking Coal and Coke Company
FIRST MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BOND.
Due July 1, 1951. Interest payable January and July 1st. Guaranteed Principal and Interest by the Toledo & Ohio Central Railway Company and the Hocking Valley Railway Company, by indorsement on each Bond.
Western Union Telegraph Company
FIRST YEAR FUNDING AND REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE 4½% GOLD BOND.
Due May 1, 1950. Interest payable May and November 1st.
Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light Company
SIX PER CENT PREFERRED STOCK.
Dividends payable quarterly, February, May, August and November.
TAX EXEMPT IN NEW YORK.
These and other high-grade investment securities at prices to yield the investor from 4% to 5%.
Spencer Trask & Co.
State and James Streets, Albany. William and Pine Streets, New York.

FOUNDED [illegible].
PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS,
of Pittsburgh, Pa.
January 1, 1904.
82d SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
At the rate of FOUR (4) PER CENT per annum, due this date and payable forthwith.
WILLIAM J. JONES, Treasurer.

HENRY SPROUL & CO.
Members of New York Stock Exchange, Philadelphia Stock Exchange, Chicago Stock Exchange, Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
NEW YORK OFFICE, Johnston Building, 30 BROAD STREET.
Special attention given to Investment Stocks and Bonds.

STOCK RAISING IS INCREASING

Cattle Receipts at Leading Market Centers Larger Than Previous Year.

PRICES SLOW IN RECEDING

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.

Reports relating to the internal commerce of the United States for 11 months ending with November, as presented by the department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics, show in general that staple commodities at primary markets have thus far this year held their own compared with the movements of 1902. Grain and live stock receipts at leading centers have, as a rule, reached, if not exceeded, last year's level. To the end of November, 7,682,362 head of cattle were received at five leading markets, compared with 6,904,719 head for the corresponding period of 1902. Receipts of all kinds in the 11 months were 29,995,374 head in 1903 and 29,478,442 head in 1902. Receipts of live stock by markets were as follows for 11 months: Chicago, 14,140,820 head; Kansas City, 4,886,891 head; Omaha, 4,779,962 head; St. Louis, 3,459,649 head; St. Joseph, 2,712,602 head; St. Paul, 1,759,343 head; Sioux City, 1,287,974 head. The feeder movement for 11 months this year from St. Joseph and Kansas City reached 1,118,930 head, compared with which 1,171,152 head in 1902 and 783,463 head in 1901.

The western trade in live stock is generally undergoing one of those readjustments which inevitably forms the sequel to a period of high prices. The supply side of the situation has for some time been working off its finished product, which was put into the process of preparation for market on the high-priced level for unfinished stock which prevailed during 1901-02. Comparisons of quotations and of quantities marketed would seem to indicate that the cattle trade from the producers' side of the market has not yet succeeded in finding that new basis in cost of production which corresponds to the level of the consuming demand for meat products. Nevertheless, retail meat prices are apparently slow in receding. Stocks of cut meats at the five markets are, however, diminishing. Only five months ago (July) they were 25 per cent larger than in 1902, whereas on November 30 this year they were barely 8 per cent larger than in 1902.

Wheat movements continue to be influenced by milling demands. Up to the close of November Minneapolis was reported as still drawing wheat from winter-wheat territory as far south as Oklahoma. Large quantities of flour have been going out from Minneapolis to China and Australia. Total shipments, domestic and foreign, from Minneapolis in November, 1903, were 2,073,106 barrels, compared with 2,102,699 in 1902. This increase is not confined to the northwest, but on the North Pacific coast as well milling demands have kept up the price of wheat to the level which has materially restricted exports, in spite of the lowest ocean grain rate on record between the Pacific coast and Europe. Meanwhile shipments from the southern hemisphere have come to the front and will be materially influencing the world's market of wheat for the rest of the crop year.

90 DEATHS IN BUTLER.

Total of Typhoid Victims—Three New Cases—Falling Off in Contributions.

BUTLER, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The ninetieth death from typhoid fever occurred this afternoon. Charles W. Klingler, third son of H. Julius Klingler and foreman for D. W. Klingler, died at his residence in West Jefferson street. Deceased was a brother of Harry S. Klingler of Boston, Mass. He was 42 years old and leaves a widow and six children. Death was caused by a distinct recurrence of the disease which set in after the first attack had passed.

Three new cases were found by the ward workers today. Two of them were removed to the Wagner hospital. Charcoal heaters have been placed in the ambulances.

Through the efforts of Burgess P. P. Smith the citizens of Sunbury, Northumberland county, have contributed $256 25 to the relief fund. During the past week there was a considerable falling off in the number and amount of subscriptions, although they are still coming in liberally. A letter has been received from a little girl, saying she had saved $2 to purchase Christmas presents, but sent the money as a Christmas present to the fever sufferers. A washerwoman in a New Jersey town contributed a dollar, her day's wages.

ATTORNEY IS ACCUSED.

Suit Brought Against J. C. Marain of Beaver to Recover $15,000.

BEAVER, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—A sensation was caused in political circles here yesterday when a suit to recover $15,000, alleged to have been obtained fraudulently, was entered in equity court against Attorney J. C. Martin, a brother of Attorney J. Rankin Martin, who is a candidate for president judge of the county, to succeed Judge J. Sharp Wilson. Mr. Martin is secretary of a limited partnership which owned a distillery at Grays Landing, in Greene county. This was sold March 24.

It is alleged that the defendant sold the distillery to the William Gray Distilling Company for $55,000, and represented that the price was but $40,000. The bill avers that Attorney Martin has not accounted for the $15,000 and also that he refused to account for various other amounts believed to aggregate $9,000.

GREETS THE CARDINAL.

Large Crowd Hears Gibbons' Sermon and Shakes His Hand.

BALTIMORE, MD., Jan. 3.—Cardinal Gibbons preached the sermon at high mass in the cathedral today, and at the conclusion of the service held his second New Year's reception at the archiepiscopal residence.

Fifteen hundred persons attended the mass and remained to join the long line of callers who shook hands with the cardinal. The reception began a little after 1 o'clock in the afternoon and continued for more than an hour. The guests were those who were unable to attend the reception on New Year's day.

"The Blessings of Faith" was the subject of the cardinal's sermon.

BEAR BLOCKS TRAIN.

Cars Became Snowbound and Had to Be Dug Out, Before Proceeding.

ALTOONA, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—A big bear on the track, which the engineer supposed to be a man, caused a long, heavily laden coal train to come to standstill on the Pennsylvania railroad during the blizzard at the Dudleon top, west of here, before dawn this morning. The train crew nearly froze during the stop.

The bear got in front of the headlight and remained there half an hour, evidently trying to get warm, and then retreated. It was necessary for shovelers to get the train out of the drifts before the run could be continued into this city.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher

MURDEROUS HUSBAND CAPTURED BY CHILDREN

They Had Become Tired of Deeds of Violence Committed in Their Neighborhood and Organized a Volunteer Constabulary.

Prompt work by a volunteer youthful constabulary force of four boys, none of them more than 15 years old, resulted in the prompt arrest yesterday of Joseph Karczak, who is charged with stabbing his wife. The boys, learning that the man had wounded his wife, went to the house and found him standing in the doorway, brandishing a poker, while eight adult boarders were huddled upstairs, afraid of Karczak and the poker. The boys "rushed" the man, captured him and brought him on a traction car into the detective headquarters at the public safety building, all the way from mine No. 3 of the Pittsburgh Terminal Company, a mile and a half beyond Castle Shannon. The boys are John Swansea, Stephen Saretta, Benjamin Kreiselman and John Schatz.

Detectives Louis Leff and John Lally went out to Bethel township and found Karczak's wife lying at her home, with a deep stab wound in the left breast, between the shoulder and the heart. She had been injured three hours before and had had no medical attention, so the detectives sent word to Dr. R. E. Poole of Castle Shannon, who came and dressed the wound. The woman was partly delirious and the detectives think she was bleeding internally. The wound may be serious.

The boarders said they were all on the second floor when they heard the woman scream. Then they went downstairs, but hurried back when they saw Karczak standing there with an upraised poker. The woman ran out of the house and attracted the attention of the four boys, who say they have grown tired of the many deeds of violence in the neighborhood and there and then made up their minds to capture Karczak. The woman told the detectives that she and her husband were eating dinner, when she asked him if he had paid the grocery bill, and Karczak drew his pocket knife, opened a blade and stabbed her, leaving the knife in the wound. She pulled out the knife and ran out to alarm the neighbors.

Karczak says his wife gave him a "black look" and said the money was going too fast when he told her that he had paid a back grocery bill of $304. He says he threw a pocketknife at her and the knife stuck in her breast.

The cutting occurred within 100 yards of the spot where Emma Smith, 19 years old, was assaulted by ruffians last June. The girl was dragged from her room at night in the home of her sister, Mrs. William Kennedy, taken out on the road and beaten and assaulted. Her assailants were never apprehended.

EVENTFUL DAY'S STORY TOLD IN SUNDAY GAZETTE

Recurring disasters, the war cloud that overshadows the far east and increased political activity made unprecedented demand for The Sunday Gazette yesterday. People remarked that few papers contained so much interesting news. Much that was printed, of course, was a grim story of suffering and desolation, but the human interest in these features of the news of the day made a bright newspaper like The Sunday Gazette all the more desirable.

Many a sad line came from sorrow-stricken Chicago, where Mayor Harrison closed all the theaters, save the Auditorium, until he is assured that every precaution is taken to prevent fire and fatal panics. There are few bodies left in the morgues and it is feared that some of these cannot be identified. At noon on Saturday all the church bells tolled while hundreds of mournful processions wound through the snowclad streets to the cemeteries. In Pittsburgh a thorough investigation will be made of the safety arrangements of local playhouses.

The situation on the Yellow sea is critical, and yesterday the crisis between Japan and Russia was momentarily looked for. The departure of the Japanese squadron is regarded as of ominous significance.

Gen. James Longstreet, the famous Confederate leader and veteran of the Mexican war, died at his home in Gainesville, Ga., aged 83 years.

George Williams, colored, confessed to the plot to rob Grocer James Donnelly in Bedford avenue. Three other negroes implicated in the murder are under arrest. The suspects were captured through a telltale hat found on the scene of the shooting.

The Wabash railroad ordinance was approved by the joint corporations committee of councils. President Wightman stated that rump committees of select council would stand until April.

Exciting Republican suggestion meetings were held in many of the wards of the city. March 19 was selected as the date for the primaries.

Fifteen persons were injured in the runaway of a traction car on the Suburban line down the South Eighteenth street hill.

The entire country suffered from a cold wave. In this city the streets were practically deserted of Saturday night crowds. It was the coldest day thus far this winter. The trolley lines suffered and railroads were blockaded.

Men employed in Homestead mills formally refused to accept a further reduction in wages and tender the officials of the Carnegie Steel Company with a new scale.

Princess Mathilde, the only daughter of Princess Jerome Bonaparte died in Paris.

Brilliant social season opens in the national capital. Society leaders migrate toward the sunny south.

New York stock market shied at war scares and closed weak at lowest prices. Chicago grain took a boom.

President Dreyfuss of the Pittsburgh baseball club will attend the national commission in Cincinnati today. The South Side five defeated the Lyceum team at basketball.

SUBMARINE BOAT SAFE.

Oyster Schooner Ashore Off Atlantic City, but the Crew Is Not in Danger.

CAPE HENRY, VA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—The submarine boat Moccasin, previously reported ashore at Currituck Beach, N. C., now afloat two lengths out and secured in this position, will probably be floated safely after the storm moderates. There is a heavy sea and the wind is blowing 42 miles an hour.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 3.—The schooner J. H. Elliott, Capt. Pratt, from James River, Va., bound to Tuckerton Bay, N. J., went ashore inside the bay off Little Egg harbor today. The vessel has a cargo of oysters. She lies in a bad position, with the temperature at zero. The Egg harbor life-saving crew hauled their boat for a mile over ice and snow to respond to the signal of distress and gave all assistance possible. The schooner crew is safe. She will probably lay in a better position at high tide and will sustain little damage unless the ice packs and cuts her.

Will Have a Wolf Chase.

WAYNESBURG, PA., Jan. 3.—(Special.)—A wolf chase will take place at West Union, this county, this week. The wolf is full grown and vicious and is being primed for the occasion. There will be over 200 hounds in the chase and there will be over 500 persons in attendance. A number from Waynesburg, Washington, Claysville and surrounding towns will be in attendance.

DIETRICH GOES ON TRIAL TODAY

Lawyers Will Fight First Over Which Indictment Takes Precedent.

CASE BEFORE CIRCUIT JUDGE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

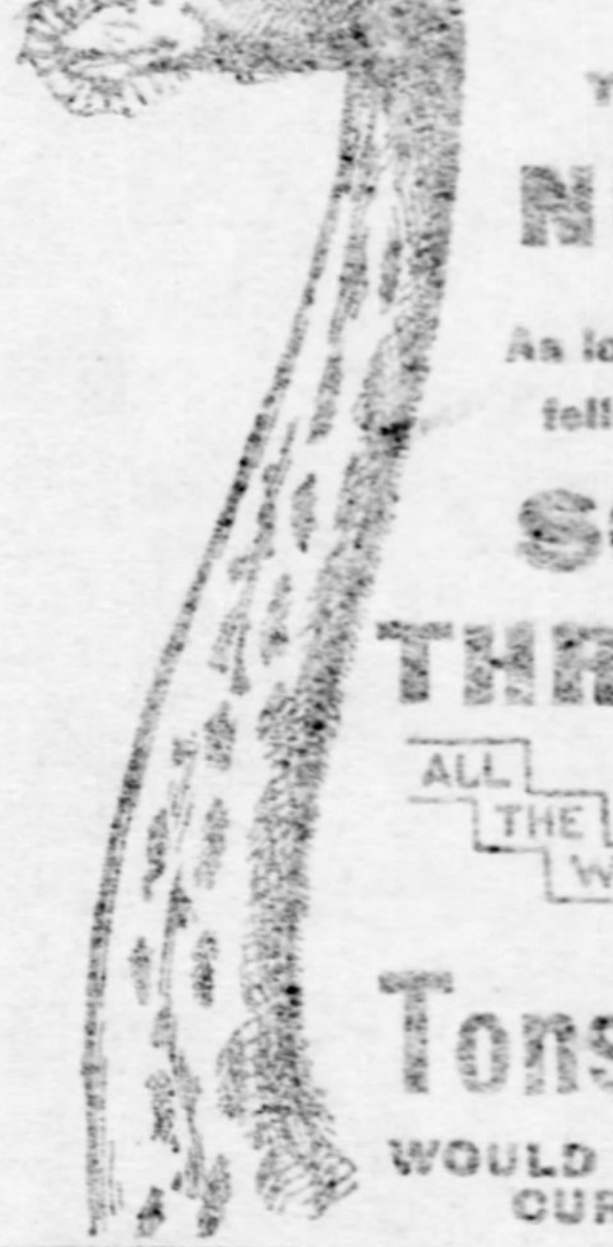
OMAHA, NEB, Jan. 3.—Monday morning the trial of United States Senator Charles H. Dietrich will begin in the federal court. Senator Dietrich has been indicted on three different counts for the alleged violation of section 1781 of the revised statutes: alleged conspiracy with Postmaster Fisher of Hastings to violate section 1781, and for the alleged illegal leasing of buildings and receiving benefits therefrom while a member of the United States congress. The two former indictments are named as the ones to come to trial first and indications point to a legal battle as to which of the two will be tried first. Senator Dietrich's counsel has stated to the court that he will attack the validity and sufficiency of the conspiracy of the count.

District Attorney Summers has announced his wish to try Senator Dietrich first on the conspiracy charge, while the senator's counsel has stated that the court will be asked to try first the case on the indictment charging direct violation of the statute.

While all of the indictments against Dietrich, and those against others indicted in connection with the postoffice and land fencing cases, have been found by a grand jury under the jurisdiction of the district federal court for the district of Nebraska over which Judge Munger presides, that jurist, considering the importance of the case, has felt that it was advisable to transfer the Dietrich case to the circuit court, and thus call in a circuit judge to sit with him. Judge Willis Vandeventer of Cheyenne has been named by the members of the circuit bench to preside, and he will make the ruling on evidence and other matters of similar importance.

The case is thus brought before a court equal in significance to a court of appeals.

For Senator Dietrich will apepar as counsel Gen. John C. Cowin of Omaha and J. R. Batty of Hastings. For the government District Attorney William S. Summers, assisted by Assistant District Attorney John R. Rush, will conduct the prosecution. About 125 witnesses have been called to testify.



EVEN IF You had a NECK As long as this fellow and had SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN Tonsiline WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT.

TONSILINE is the greatest throat remedy on earth. Tonsiline cures Sore Throats of all kinds very quickly, and is a positive, never-failing and speedy cure for Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy. A small bottle of Tonsiline lasts longer than most any case of SORE THROAT. 25 and 50 cents at all druggists.
THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, OHIO.

This Shield WELSBACH QUALITY on the Box

This is the Yusea—the best mantle made. The price is 35 cents. With ordinary care it will last a year—perhaps longer.

All Dealers.

The Welsbach Store 722 Penn Ave. 27

If you want the right crackers to serve with soups and salads ask your grocer for *Brownsville* Water Crackers.

DOCTOR GARDINER,
OSCILLATION
Diseases of the
EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT AND LUNGS
411 5th Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.
HOURS—DAILY, 9 to 1, 2 to 5 and 6 to 8. SUNDAY, 10 to 2.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Office of County Commissioners:

Appeals from the triennial assessment of 1904, for the following districts: Hays borough, Spring Garden borough, Pine township, Second ward, Millvale, First ward, Carnegie, January 4, 1904. Sterrett township, South Versailles township, Richland township, Marshall township, Kilbuck township, January 5, 1904, will be held at this office until January 4, 1904.

EAST END SANITARIUM
Using Dr. S. G. White's three weeks' specific. A safe treatment that positively removes all desire for drink or drugs.
344 Shetland Ave., near Lincoln Ave., E. E.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

There's Merit in
THE PITTSBURGH BREWING CO.'S
BEER—ALE—PORTER.

STIEFF PIANOS
EASY TERMS. LOW PRICES.
Direct branch of factory
618 Penn Ave.

THE KEELEY CURE has been used successfully for 21 years.
Cures Drink Habit and Drug Users.
The Keeley Institute, 4246 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

CAMPBELL'S

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

A Better Sort of White Sale Starts Today

Women's Corset Covers

Women's Corset Covers—muslin—high neck—all sizes up to 42	7c
Women's Corset Covers—low square neck—good muslin—plain and full	15c
Women's Corset Covers—V and square shaped neck—lace embroidered and tucked effects	25c
Women's Corset Covers—square low neck with embroidered yoke and edgings—also V and round-shaped necks with lace insertions—10 different patterns	50c
Women's Corset Covers—nainsook and cambric—Val. and Torchon insertions and edgings—ribbon beadings—various patterns	98c

Finer Ones Up to $3.50.

Womens' Drawers

Women's Drawers—muslin tucked—deep hem	18c
Women's Drawers—hemstitched ruffles—also ruffle with 3 in. Torchon lace edging	25c
Women's Drawers—Cambric—with 4 in. tucked ruffle—trimmed with lace and embroidery—different patterns	50c
Women's Drawers—fine cambric and nainsook—tucked ruffles with wide embroidery and Torchon lace edging	75c

Finer Ones Up to $6.50.

Women's Chemises

Women's Chemises—muslin—with heavy corded edge—low neck	39c
Women's Chemises—muslin and cambric—yoke lace and embroidery trimmed—3 patterns	50c
Women's Chemises—cambric—lace and embroidery insertions and edgings—ribbon beading, low neck	69c

Finer Ones Up to $4.50.

Muslin Underwear and French Lingerie

A SALE—The result of many months of active planning during which many unusual trade chances have occurred to give us values of a hitherto unknown nature—Orders placed last spring before the 60 per cent advance in the price of raw cotton makes this sale the most important we have ever held—Our muslin undergarments have ever been noted for their remarkable finish—careful making with full and unskimped cutting, marks every garment.

Prices Powerfully Low

Examine the texture, the making and finishing of our low and medium-priced undermuslins—compare them with those offered elsewhere—you will quickly note the difference.

Women's Night Gowns

Women's Night Gowns—muslin—high neck—hubbard yoke with tucks and embroidery insertions	35c
Women's Night Gowns—high square neck—yoke with cluster of tucks—heavy muslin	50c
Women's Night Gowns—high neck—hemstitched tucked ruffled edging	69c
Women's Night Gowns—muslin and cambric—plain hemstitched ruffle and tucked—high and low neck—lace and embroidery trimmed—5 patterns	75c
Women's Night Gowns—nainsook and cambric—7 patterns—lace and embroidery trimmed—hemstitched tucks	98c

Finer Ones Up to $9.25.

Women's Petticoats

Women's Petticoats—muslin—with tucked ruffle—deep hem—knee length	25c
Women's Petticoats—good quality muslin—full length—tucked ruffle	50c
Women's Petticoats—fine cambric—deep tucked flounce with lawn ruffle	75c
Women's Petticoats—soft cambric—tucked flounce—lace trimmed	98c

Finer Ones Up to $7.50.

Misses' and Children's

Petticoats—sizes up to 14 years—muslin, cambric and nainsook—daintily trimmed—
25c to $1.50

Drawers—sizes up to 14 years—muslin, cambric and nainsook—large variety of patterns—
10c to $1.00

Gowns—sizes up to 14 years—muslin, cambric and nainsook—made full—in a variety of styles—
25c to $1.50

Extra sizes for women at proportionately low prices.

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT
All Surplus Stocks, Odds and Ends, Broken Lots, Etc.—Marked at Prices to Clear
CARPETS MADE, LAID AND LINED FREE OF CHARGE

FIFTH AVENUE—BETWEEN WOOD AND SMITHFIELD STREETS

It's only the resolutions you *keep* that count—if you resolved to get a Bell Residence Phone—
GET IT NOW.
THE C. D. & P. TEL. CO.,
Tel. Grant 1798 or 1794.
Tel. Bldg., Seventh Ave.

MICA AXLE GREASE
It's easy to haul a big load up a big hill if you grease the wagon wheels with
MICA Axle Grease
Get a box and learn why it's the best grease ever put on an axle. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

J. & I. R. KORNBLUM,
OPTICIANS.
Perfect adjustment of glasses and frames. Every patent eyeglass mounting, also Borsch's Invisible Bifocals, at
KORNBLUM'S, ABBOTT BUILDING.
SECOND FLOOR.
Corner Wood St. and Fourth Ave.

Preserves
—fruits, jellies, pickles or catsup are more easily, more quickly, more healthfully sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Dozens of other uses will be found for
Refined Paraffine Wax
in every household. It is clean, tasteless and odorless—air, water and acid proof. Get a pound cake of it with a list of its many uses from your druggist or grocer.
Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

BLOOD DISEASES
quickly and forever cured, without the use of Mercury or Iodide of Potash, by FLEMING'S SPECIFIC. A few weeks' use of this wonderful preparation will cure the most obstinate case. No matter what you may have used or what disappointments you may have met, Fleming's Specific will cure you however chronic your trouble. Call or write for circulars. JOS. FLEMING & SON, 410-412 Market St., Pittsburgh.

TYPEWRITERS.
Special Sale.
For the next 60 days we will sell No. A and B Manhattan Typewriters at $42.50, and No. 9 Manhattan Typewriters at $50.00. A rare opportunity. All other makes of machines sold and repaired. F. S. Webster Co.'s Carbons and Ribbons.
F. S. WEBSTER CO.
432 Diamond St.

THE FAST TRAINS to California are over UNION PACIFIC and SOUTHERN PACIFIC
Two Through Trains Daily
Accommodations provided for all classes of passengers
Tourist Cars a Specialty
No detours. No change of Cars. "THE OVERLAND ROUTE" all the way.
514-16 PARK BLDG., PITTSBURG, PA.
G. G. HERRING, General Agent.

FOR GOODNESS SAKE EAT Mother's Bread

MANUFACTURERS.
OLIVER
Iron & Steel Company,
ESTABLISHED 1863.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Soft Welding Steel and Iron.
Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.
Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies
General Offices at
SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS,
PITTSBURGH.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago, Cleveland and Toledo	[illegible]	[illegible]
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Columbus and Cincinnati	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleveland and Bellaire	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wellsville and Bellaire	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alliance and Cleveland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alliance and Cleveland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alliance	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jamestown and Youngstown	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jamestown and New Castle	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ohio Valley Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Wayne and Chicago	[illegible]	[illegible]
Toledo and Toledo	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wellsville and Bellaire	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Forest City Special	[illegible]	[illegible]
Columbus and Cincinnati	[illegible]	[illegible]
Columbus and Indianapolis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mercer and Oil City	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Castle and Erie	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Toledo Special	[illegible]	[illegible]
Columbus and Chicago	[illegible]	[illegible]
Youngstown and Jamestown	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Castle and Ashtabula	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleveland and Bellaire	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alliance and Mansfield	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Castle and Erie	[illegible]	[illegible]
Youngstown and Niles	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mercer and Oil City	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wellsville and Bellaire	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Cleveland Special	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wellsville and Bellaire	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Castle and Jamestown	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Chicago Special	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Columbus and Cincinnati	[illegible]	[illegible]
The St. Louis Limited	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	[illegible]	[illegible]
The Pennsylvania Limited	[illegible]	[illegible]
Toledo and Detroit	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver Falls and New Castle	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alliance and Cleveland	[illegible]	[illegible]

Leave for Washington, Pa., [illegible]

Leave for Wheeling, [illegible]

Leave for Steubenville, [illegible]

Leave for Dennison, [illegible]

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, [illegible]

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sunday only.

Time tables, tickets and sleeping car space may be obtained at 360 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street; at Union station, Pittsburgh, and at Fort Wayne station, Allegheny.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Pass'r Agt.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time
From Union station, Pittsburgh.
FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily	3:00 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily, for Philadelphia and New York	3:35 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily	7:15 a. m.
New York Limited, daily	[illegible] a. m.
Day Express, daily	7:30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily	8:00 a. m.
Philadelphia and New York Express, daily	12:01 p. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily	12:45 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily	4:50 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	4:55 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily	7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily	9:00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York only	10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily. Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches	10:30 p. m.

For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, [illegible] and 11:00 p. m. daily.

For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., [illegible] and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays 9:00 a. m., [illegible] and 11:00 p. m.

For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. For Titusville only, 4:20 p. m. week-days.

For Du Bois, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and [illegible] p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and [illegible] p. m.

For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily. "Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," 7:15 a. m. week-days.

For Connellsville and Uniontown, [illegible] a. m., 12:30 and 6:05 p. m. week-days, and 6:25 p. m. Sundays.

For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:35 a. m. and 4:20 p. m. week-days. For Brownsville only, [illegible] [illegible]

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY.

For Butler, [illegible] week-days. Sundays, [illegible]

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices—No. 360 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street and Union station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traf. Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

Leaves Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.

LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wash., Balt. & New York	[illegible]	[illegible]
Conn'v., Un'to & Fairm't	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cumb., Wash. & Balt.	[illegible]	[illegible]
West Newton Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Conl'v., Un'to, Morgant.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas't.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Connellsville Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Morgantown, Clarksburg and Weston	[illegible]	[illegible]
Philadelphia and New York (Duquesne Lim.)	[illegible]	[illegible]
West Newton Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wash., Balt. & Phila.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.		
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Whe., Zanesv. & Col. Ac.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wash. (Pa.) & Whg. Ac.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LINES WEST VIA AKRON.		
Chica., Akron & Youngst.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago & Cleveland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago Limited	[illegible]	[illegible]
Leave P. & W. Station, Al[illegible]		
Butler	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler, Foxburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler, Greenville, Erie	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler, Greenville, Erie	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ellwood City	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler, Clarion, Greenville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler, Ellwood, N. Castle	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler	[illegible]	[illegible]
Allegheny and New Castle	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butler	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday [illegible]

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.

CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.

Schedule in effect Nov. 22, 1903.

CENTRAL TIME.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Clevel. "Flyer"	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleveland "Flyer"	[illegible]	[illegible]
Youngst'n and Clev. Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Buffalo and Erie Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lake Chautauqua Fast Line	[illegible]	[illegible]
Buffalo and Erie Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleveland and Chicago Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Boston Special	[illegible]	[illegible]
Clev. and Detroit "Flyer"	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago Limited	[illegible]	[illegible]
Buffalo and Cleveland Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Youngstown Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver Falls Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver Falls Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
West Pittsburgh Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver Falls Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Castle Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beaver Valley Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brownsville Accom.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brownsville & N. Hav. Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McKeesp't & Brownsville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brownsville & N. Haven	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brownsville & N. Haven	[illegible]	[illegible]

P. C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Mansfield and Beechmont, [illegible]

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

‡Note—Daily train (Sunday, Youngstown only).

City ticket office, 287 Fifth ave., Park bldg.

J. B. YOHE, Gen. Supt. A. DICKSON, Gen. Pass. Agent.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Schedule in effect September 13, 1903. Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard time) for Conneaut, O., Erie, Greenville and Conneaut Lake at 7:15 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.; for Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Keisters at 8:15 a. m., 1:15 and 3:00 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday. E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

THE FIRST AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York,
RICHARD A. McCURDY, President,

Announces to its hundreds of thousands of policy-holders throughout the world that its funds held for their protection have now reached the enormous sum of over

400 MILLION DOLLARS

Many millions more than the assets of any other life insurance company in existence. This Company has returned to policy-holders the stupendous sum of

626 MILLION DOLLARS

Over 190 million more than any other life insurance company in the world has disbursed. This excess over any other company is greater than the combined capital of the Bank of England, Bank of France, and the Imperial Banks of Germany and Russia.

These unequalled results are the best guarantee of future returns to policy-holders.

WILLIAM H. LAMBERT, Manager, Philadelphia, Pa.
JAMES M. DALBEY, District Manager,
JOSEPH P. PATTERSON, District Supt.
First National Bank Building, - PITTSBURGH, PA.